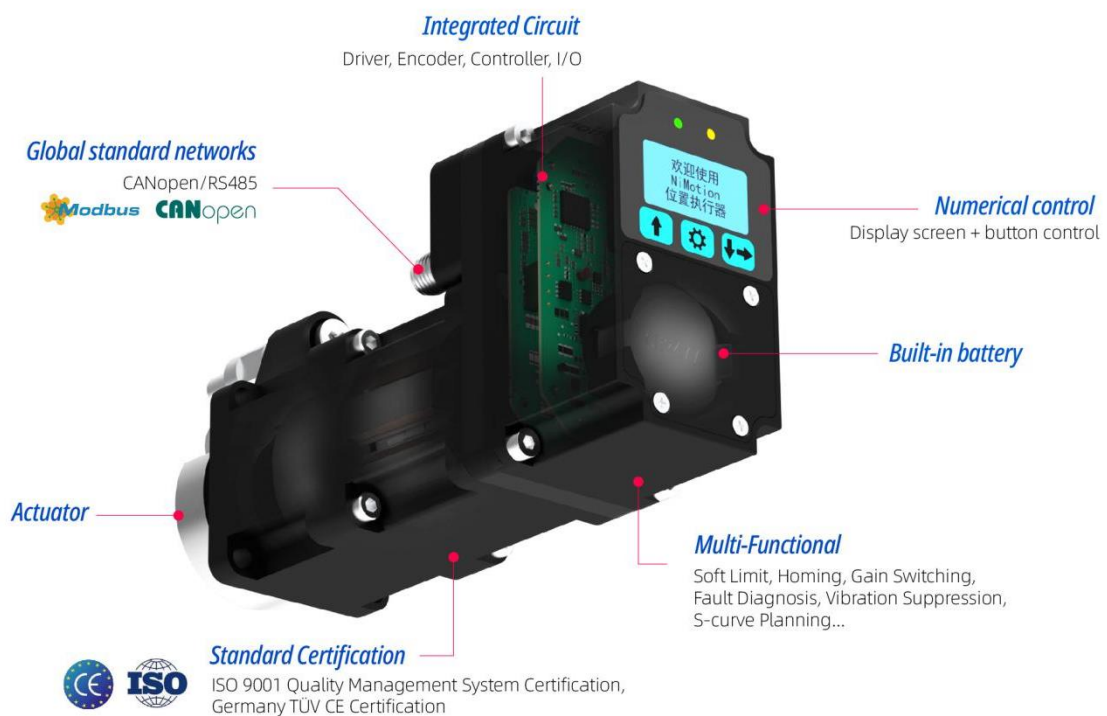




FAMP40 Series Position Actuator CANopen Communication User Manual

Version No.A



Beijing NiMotion Control Technology Co., Ltd.

Catalog

1 About this Manual	1
1.1 Brief Introduction	1
1.2 The implication of the numerical values	1
1.3 Bit	1
2 Terms and Abbreviations.....	1
3 Communication Network	2
3.1 Overview of CANopen Protocol.....	2
3.2 SDO Access	2
3.3 PDO Message.....	5
3.4 EMCY message	10
3.5 Network Management (NMT service)	10
3.6 System setting.....	13
4 Control of Equipment	14
4.1 The CiA402 State Machine	14
5 Unit conversion.....	20
5.1 608F _h :Encoder resolution	20
5.2 6091 _h :Transmission Ratio	21
5.3 607E _h : Polarity.....	22
5.4 2002 _h :03 _h Rotation Direction Selection	22
5.5 Example.....	23
6 Operation Mode.....	24
6.1 Overview of Operation Mode	24
6.2 Position Control Function	25
6.3 Profile Position Mode (PP)	28
6.4 Velocity Mode(VM).....	36
6.5 Profile Velocity Mode (PV).....	39
6.6 Profile Torque Mode(PT).....	42
6.7 Homing Mode(HM).....	45
6.8 Interpolated Position Mode(IP).....	50
6.9 Cyclic Sync Position Mode (CSP).....	53
6.10 Cyclic Sync Velocity Mode(CSV).....	56
6.11 Cyclic Sync Torque Mode (CST).....	58
6.12 NiMotion Mode	59
6.13 NiMotion Position Mode.....	60
6.14 NiMotion Velocity Mode	61
6.15 NiMotion Torque Mode	63
6.16 Multi-Segment Position Mode.....	65
6.17 Multi-velocity mode	68
7 Special Functions	72
7.1 Digital Inputs	72

7.2 I ² t Overload Protection of Motor	73
7.3 Position recovery	74
7.4 Parameter Saving and Restore	75
7.5 Absolute Value Encoder.....	75
8 Adjust.....	76
8.1 Summary	76
8.2 Manual Gain Adjustment.....	76
8.3 Resonance Suppression	82
9 Error Management.....	85
9.1 Alarm Codes.....	85
9.2 Fault action settings.....	87
9.3 Fault Reset	88
9.4 Fault detection instructions	88
10 Object Dictionary.....	91
10.1 Communication Parameter Group 1000h Description	93
10.2 Manufacturer Defined Parameter Group 2000 _h Description	98
10.3 Sub-protocol Definition Parameter Group 6000 _h Description	128
11 Version Information.....	136

1 About this Manual

1.1 Brief Introduction

This manual explains how to program and operate the position actuator manufactured by Beijing NiMotion Control Technology Co., Ltd.

1.2 The implication of the numerical values

In this manual, numerical values are usually in decimal notation. If they have to be in hexadecimal notation, the subscript "h" at the end of the number is used, for example: 1003_h.

Directory index and sub-index of object are represented as follows:

<index>:<sub-index>

For example, sub-index 02 of object 1003_h is represented as 1003_h:02_h.

1.3 Bit

Bits of an object always start from 0 at LSB.

	MSB					LSB			
Bit Number	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
Bits	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	≡55 _{hex} ≡85 _{dec}

2 Terms and Abbreviations

CAN	Controller Area Network
CAN-ID	Controller Area Network Identifier
COB	Communication Object
COB-ID	Communication Object Identifier
FSA	Finite State Automaton
LSB	Least Significant Bit
MSB	Most Significant Bit
PDS	Power Drive System
NMT	Network Management
PDO	Process Data Object
SDO	Service Data Object
RPDO	Receive Process Data Object
TPDO	Transmit Process Data Object

3 Communication Network

3.1 Overview of CANopen Protocol

CANopen-bus position actuator series of Beijing NiMotion Control Technology Co., Ltd. adopts CANopen communication control, which is an application-layer protocol of network transmission system based on CAN serial bus, following ISO/OSI standard model. Different devices in the network exchange data by object dictionaries or objects. By process data objects (PDO) or service data objects (SDO), the master node can obtain or modify the data in object dictionaries of other node. The integrated low voltage servo motor driver is designed according to CiA402 protocol. The CANopen device model is shown in the figure.

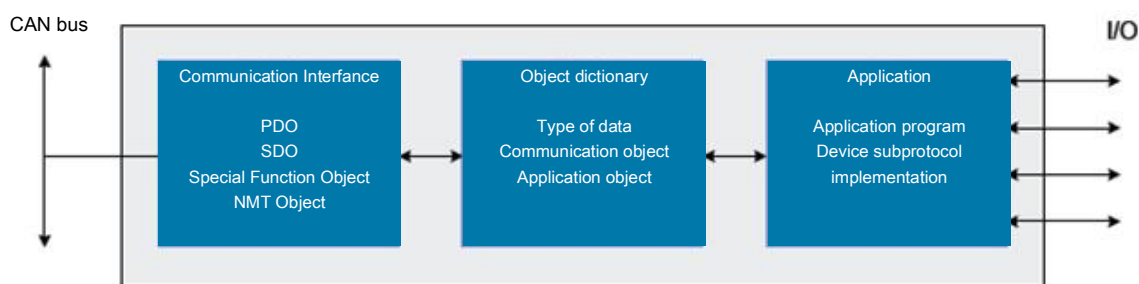


Figure 3-1

The communication objects are as follows:

Table 3-1

SDO	Service Data Object	Set the general parameters of the controller
PDO	Process Data Object	Rapid exchange process data(e.g. actual location)
EMCY	Emergency Message	Transfer drive fault information
NMT	Network Management	CANopen network manage
HEARTBEAT	Error Control	monitor the node's life status

3.2 SDO Access

The service data object (SDO) establishes contact with the object dictionary by the object index and sub-index. By SDO, the object contents in the object dictionary can be read, or be modified if allowed.

SDO Transport Framework

SDO transmission mode follows the client-server mode, that is, one response one answer. Initiated by SDO client in CAN-bus network, respond by SDO server. Therefore, the data exchange between SDOs requires two CAN messages at least, and the identifiers of the two CAN messages are different. The SDO transmission model is shown in the figure below:

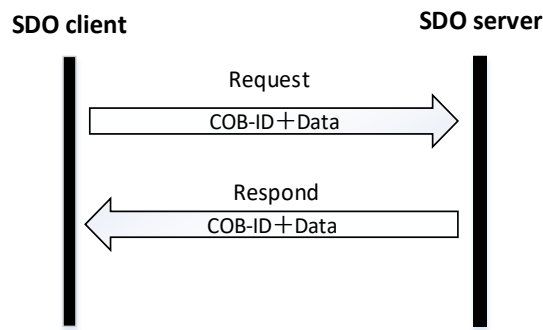


Figure 3-2 The SDO transmission model

3.2.1 SDO Transmission Message

SDO transmission message is composed of COB-ID and data segments. The data segment adopts little endian mode, i.e. the lower bit in the front, and the high bit in the back. All SDO message data segments must be 8-bytes long.

The format of data message written by SDO is as follows:

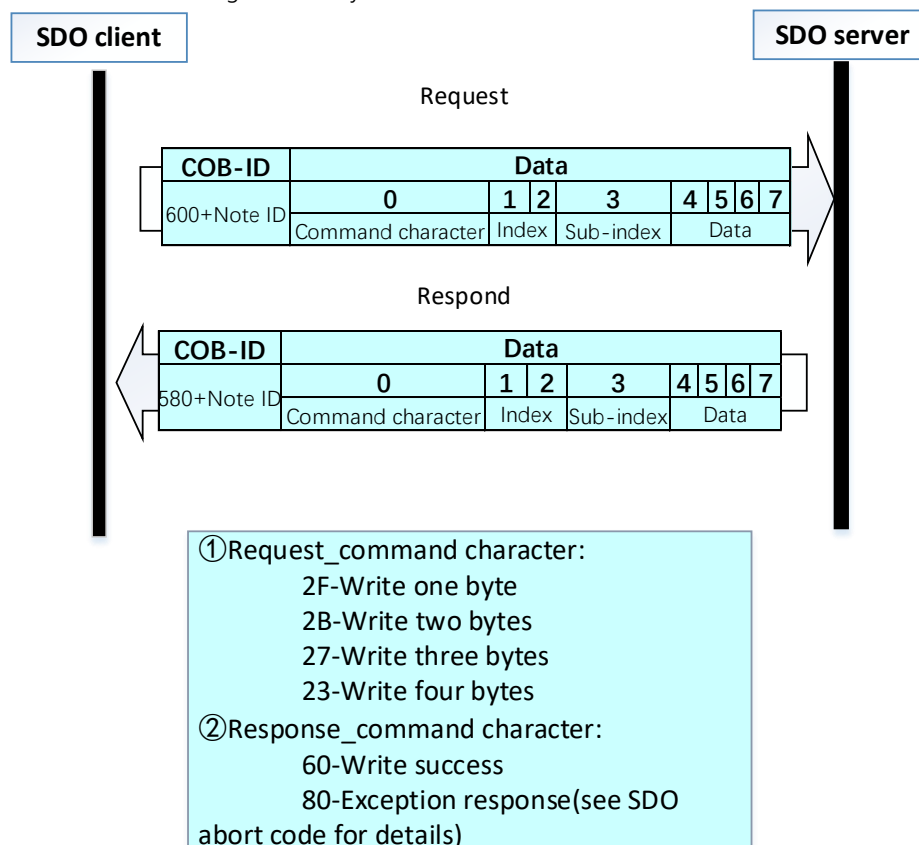


Figure 3-3

The format of data message read by SDO is as follows:

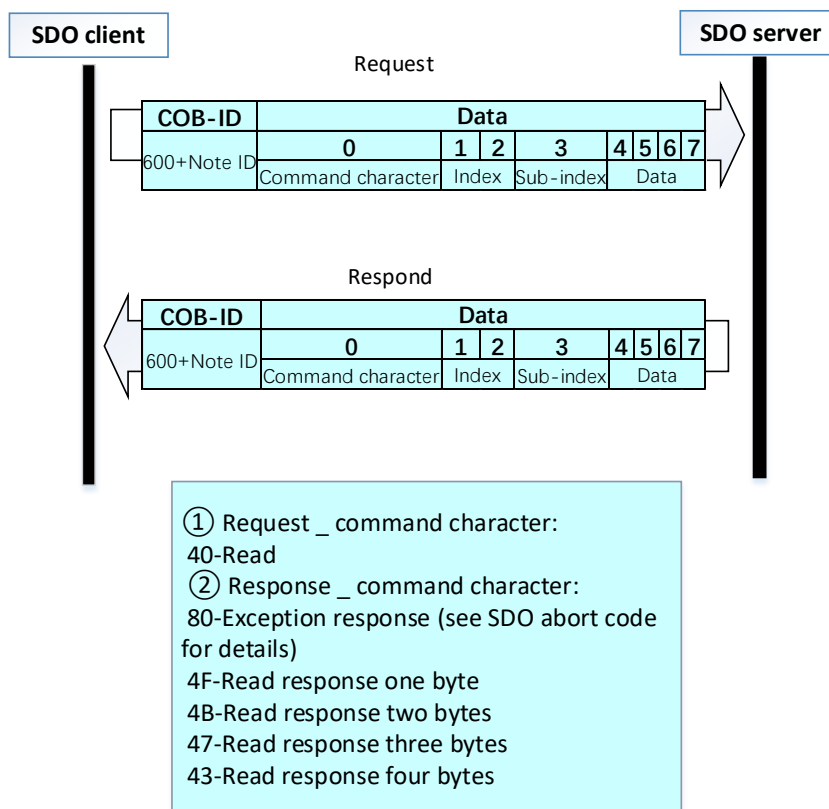


Figure 3-4

3.2.2 SDO Error Message

When an error occurs during reading or writing (for example, due to the object dictionary does not exist), the controller will not confirm it, but send a error report . As shown in the figure below, the object in 6041_h is read-only, when the object is write, it returns an error code of 0x06010002 (the lower bits first, the higher bits second).

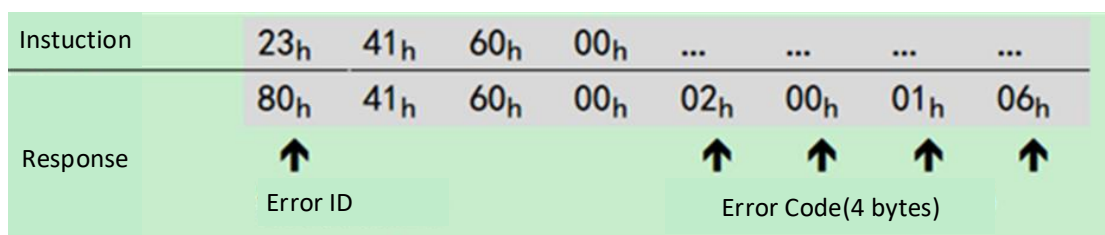


Figure 3-5 Examples of SDO error reports

SDO abnormal response aborted code (Hex):

Table 3-2

Interrupt Code	Description
05 03 00 00	Trigger bit does not change alternately
05 04 00 00	SDO protocol timeout
05 04 00 01	Illegal or unknown Client / Server, command word
05 04 00 02	Invalid block size (Block transfer mode only)
05 04 00 03	Invalid sequence number (Block transfer mode only)
05 04 00 04	CRC error (Block transfer mode only)
05 04 00 05	Out of memory

Interrupt Code	Description
06 01 00 00	Object does not addressable
06 01 00 01	Attempt to read write-only objects
06 01 00 02	Attempt to write read-only object
06 02 00 00	Object does not exist in object dictionary
06 04 00 41	Object cannot be mapped to PDO
06 04 00 42	Number or length of objects exceeds PDO length
06 04 00 43	General parameters incompatible
06 04 00 47	General equipment internal incompatibility
06 06 00 00	Object access failed due to hardware error
06 07 00 10	Data type mismatch, service parameter length mismatch
06 07 00 12	Data type mismatch, service parameter length is too large
06 07 00 13	Data type mismatch, service parameter length is too short
06 09 00 11	Sub-index does not exist
06 09 00 30	Out of parameter value range
06 09 00 31	Write parameter value is too large (during writing)
06 09 00 32	Write parameter value is too small (during writing)
06 09 00 36	Max value less than min value
08 00 00 00	General error (e.g. bytes number wrong)
08 00 00 20	Data cannot be transferred or saved to the application program
08 00 00 21	Data cannot be transferred or saved to the application due to local control
08 00 00 22	Data cannot be transferred or saved to the application due to the current status of the device
08 00 00 23	The object dictionary dynamically generates an error or does not exist

3.3 PDO Message

Process data object (PDO) is used to transmit real-time data, which is the most important data transmission mode in CANopen. Through PDO, data can be transferred in the way of event- control or periodic. Because PDO transmission does not need response, and PDO length can be less than 8-bytes, so the transmission is fast.

3.3.1 PDO Transmission Framework

PDO transmission follows the producer-consumer model, that is, TPDOs generated by producers in CAN-bus network can be received by one or more consumer RPDOs in the network according to COB-ID, the transmission model is shown in the following figure:

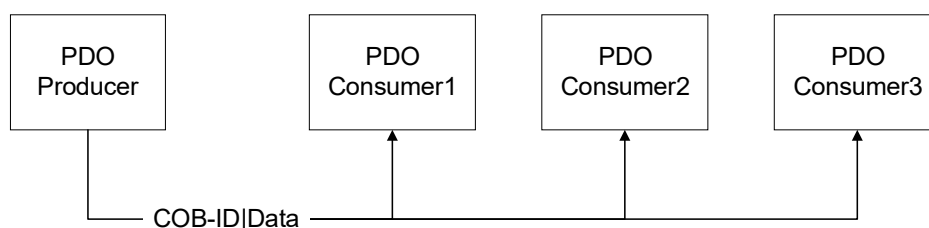


Figure 3-6 PDO Transmission model

3.3.2 PDO Object

According to the difference between receiving and sending, PDO can be divided into RPDO and TPDO. Each PDO is determined by the communication parameters and mapping parameters. The controller uses 4 RPDOs and 4 TPDOs to realize PDO transmission. The related objects are listed as follows:

Table 3-3

PDO		Identifier(COB-ID)	Communication object	Mapping object
RPDO	1	0x200+Node ID	1400 _h	1600 _h
	2	0x300+NodeID	1401 _h	1601 _h
	3	0x400+NodeID	1402 _h	1602 _h
	4	0x500+NodeID	1403 _h	1603 _h
TPDO	1	0x180+NodeID	1800 _h	1A00 _h
	2	0x280+NodeID	1801 _h	1A01 _h
	3	0x380+NodeID	1802 _h	1A02 _h
	4	0x480+NodeID	1803 _h	1A03 _h

3.3.3 PDO Communication Parameters

1 PDO Identifier COB-ID

PDO Identifier contains control bits and identification data to determine the bus priority of the PDO. COB-ID is in sub-index 01 of the communication parameters (RPDO: 1400_h~1403_h, TPDO: 1800_h~1803_h), and the highest bit determines whether the PDO is valid.

For example: for the motor with node address 1, the COB-ID in TPDO1 is 80000181_h, indicating that the PDO is disabled and in an invalid state. When its COB-ID is 181_h, indicating that the PDO is activated.

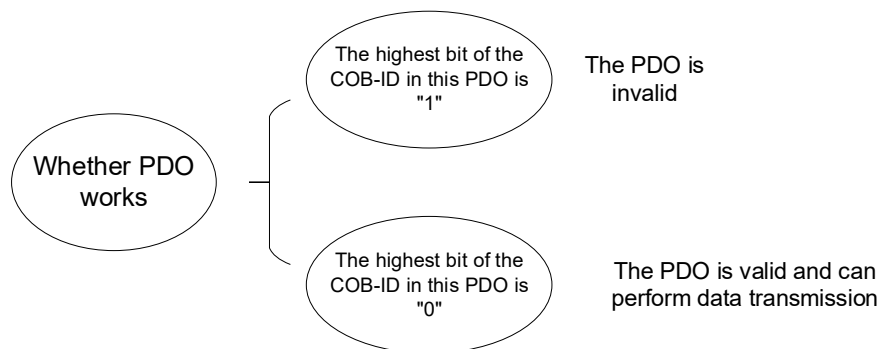


Figure 3-7

2 Transmission type of PDO

The transmission type of PDO is in sub-index 02 of the communication parameters (RPDO: 1400_h~1403_h, TPDO: 1800_h~1803_h), which determines the PDO transmission mode.

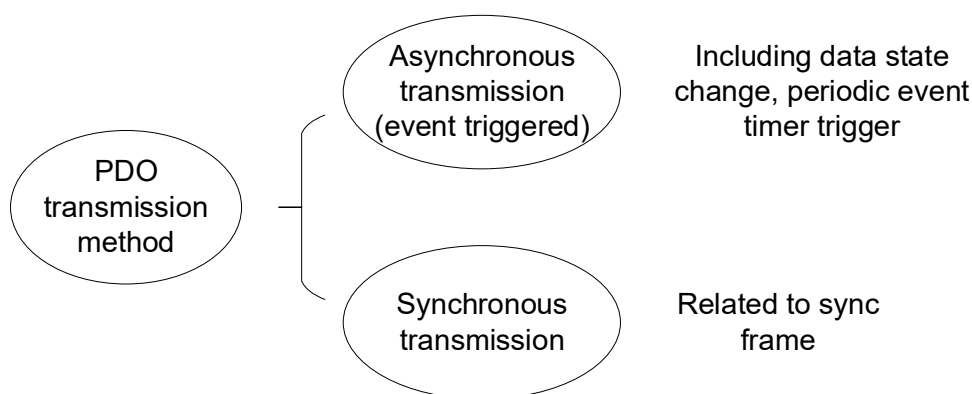


Figure 3-8 PDO transmission method

The transmission trigger type is as follows:

Table 3-4

Transfer type value	synchronization		Synchronization (event triggered)
	Cycle circulation	Acyclic non circulation	
0		√	
1-240	√		
241-253	Retain		
254、255			√

- When the transmission type of TPDO is 0, if the mapping data changes and a synchronous frame is received, the TPDO is sent;

When the transmission type of TPDO is from 1 to 240 and the corresponding number of synchronous frames are received, the TPDO is sent;

When the transport type of TPDO is 254 or 255, the TPDO is sent when the mapping data changes or the event timer arrives.

- When the transmission type of RPDO is 0-240, as long as a synchronous frame is received, the latest data of the RPDO will be updated to the application; when the transmission type of RPDO is 254 or 255, the received data will be directly updated to the application.

3 Prohibition Time

The prohibition time is for TPDO, which is stored in the sub index 03 of the communication parameter (1800_h ~ 1803_h), so as to avoid the problem that data with lower priority cannot compete for the bus due to the large amount of PDO data with higher priority and the continuous occupation of the bus. The parameter is defined as a 16-bits unsigned integer in 100us. After setting the value, the transmission interval of the same TPDO must not be less than the corresponding time of the parameter.

For example, if the prohibition time of TPDO1 is set to 100, the transmission interval of TPDO1 will not be less than 10ms.

4 Event Timer

For asynchronous transmission (transmission type is 254 or 255) TPDO, define event timer, which is in sub index 05 of communication parameter (1800_h ~ 1803_h). The event timer can also be regarded as a trigger event, which will trigger the corresponding TPDO transmission. If other events such as data changes occur during the timer cycle, TPDO will also be triggered and the event counter will be reset immediately. The event timer parameter is defined by a 16-bit unsigned integer, unit: 1ms.

3.3.4 PDO Mapping

PDO mapping parameters contain pointers to process data corresponding to PDO to be sent or received by PDO, including index, sub index and mapping object length. Each PDO data length can be up to 8-bytes, and one or more objects can be mapped at the same time. Sub index 0 records the number of objects mapped by this PDO, and sub indexes 1-8 are the mapping contents. The mapping parameters are defined as follows:

Table 3-5

Bit	31-16 (2 bits)	15-8 (1 bit)	7-0 (1 bit)
Implication	Index	Sub index	Object length

The index and sub index jointly determine the position of the object in the object dictionary. The object length indicates the specific length of the object, which is expressed in hexadecimal, that is:

Table 3-6

Object length	Length of bits
0x08	8 bit
0x10	16 bits
0x20	32 bits

For example: RPDO1 maps two parameters, 6040_h and 6060_h; then the total mapping length is 3 bytes (2 + 1), that is, the data segment of RPDO1 has 3 bytes during the transmission, the mapping relationship is shown in the following figure:

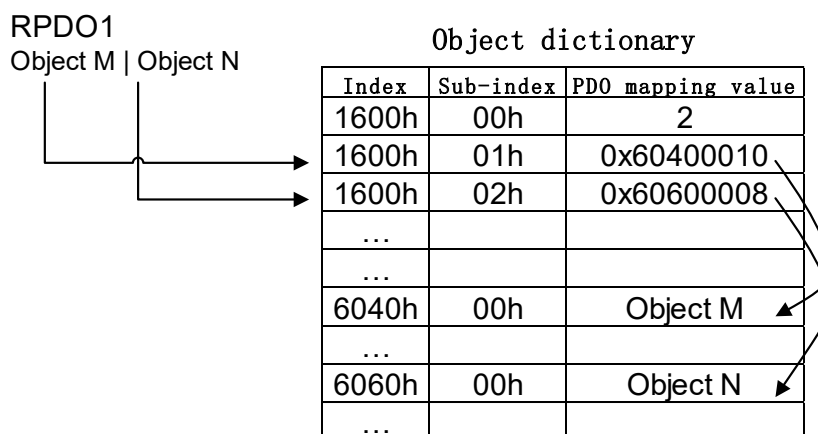


Figure 3-9 RPDO1 mapping relationship

TPDO is mapped in the same way as RPDO, in the opposite direction. RPDO decodes the input according to the mapping relationship, and TPDO encodes the output according to the mapping relationship.

For example: TPDO1 maps two parameters, 6041_h and 6061_h, then the total mapping length is 3 bytes (2 + 1), that is, the data segment of TPDO1 has 3 bytes during the transmission, the mapping relationship is shown in the following figure :

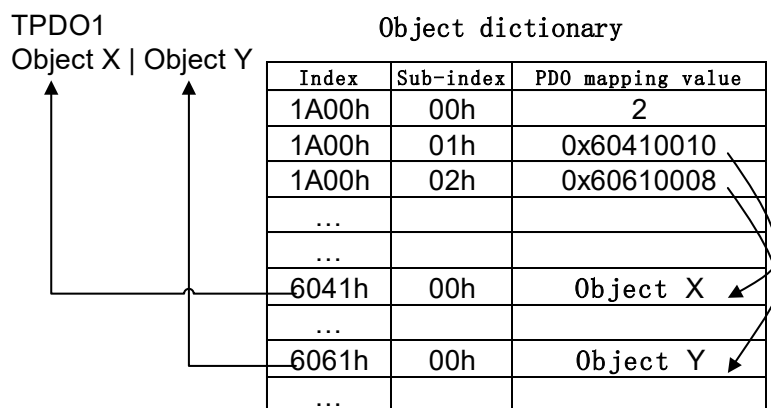


Figure 3-10

If the device supports dynamic modification of PDO mapping parameters, SDO messages can be used to configure PDO mapping parameters. This device supports dynamic modification of PDO mapping parameters. The following process must be followed to modify PDO mapping:

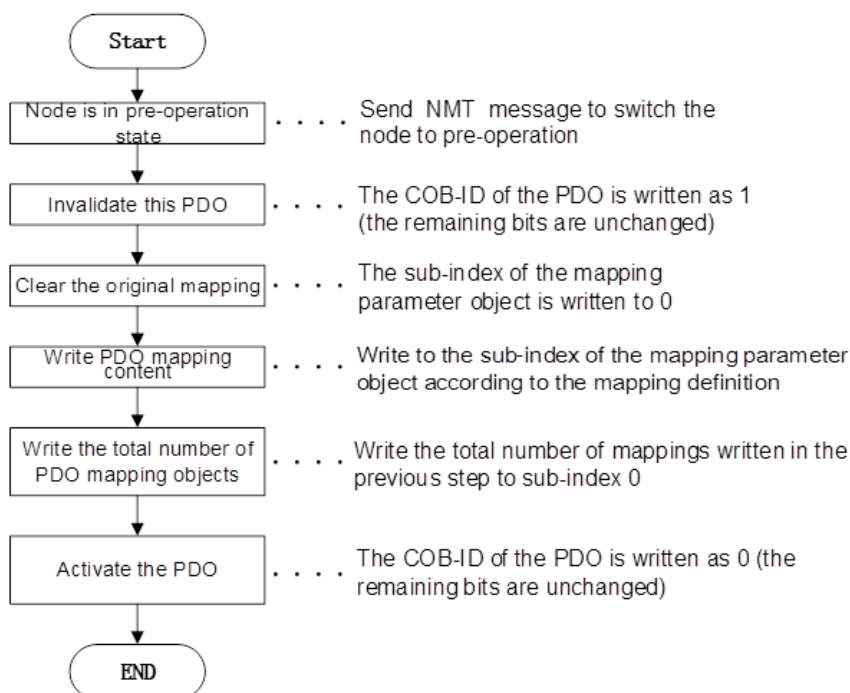


Figure 3-11

3.4 EMCY message

When the node has errors, according to the standardization mechanism, the node will send a frame of emergency message, which follows the producer-consumer model. After the node error is sent, other nodes in the CAN network can choose to handle the error. This device is only an emergency message producer and does not handle emergency messages from other nodes.

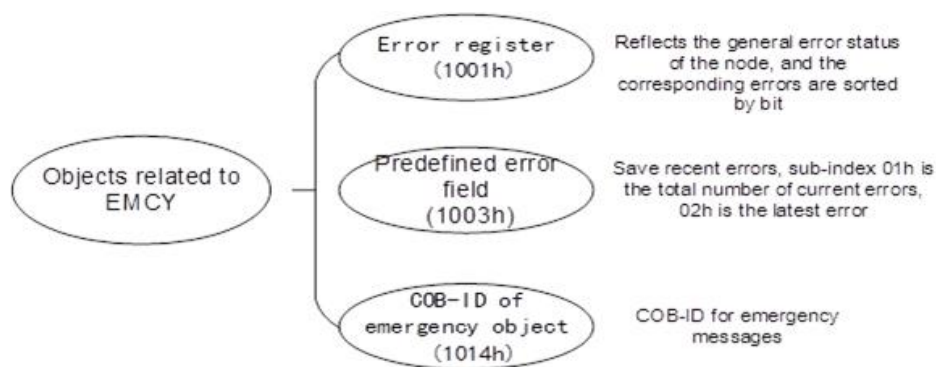


Figure 3-12

When a node is faulty, the error register and predefined error field need to be updated. The contents of emergency message shall be in accordance with the following specifications:

Table 3-7

COB-ID	Message (byte)							
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
0x80+Node ID	Error code		Error register	Retain	Auxiliary byte			

Auxiliary byte displays the user specified error code. Please refer to "5.2 Fault management" for details of error code and auxiliary byte definition.

3.5 Network Management (NMT service)

The network management system (NMT) is responsible for initializing, starting and stopping the network and devices in the network, belonging to the master / slave system. There is only one NMT host in CANopen network, which can configure the whole CANopen network including itself.

3.5.1 NMT Services

CANopen performs the corresponding work according to the state machine specified in the protocol. Some of them are internal automatic conversion, and some of them must be converted by NMT host sending NMT message, as shown in the figure below:

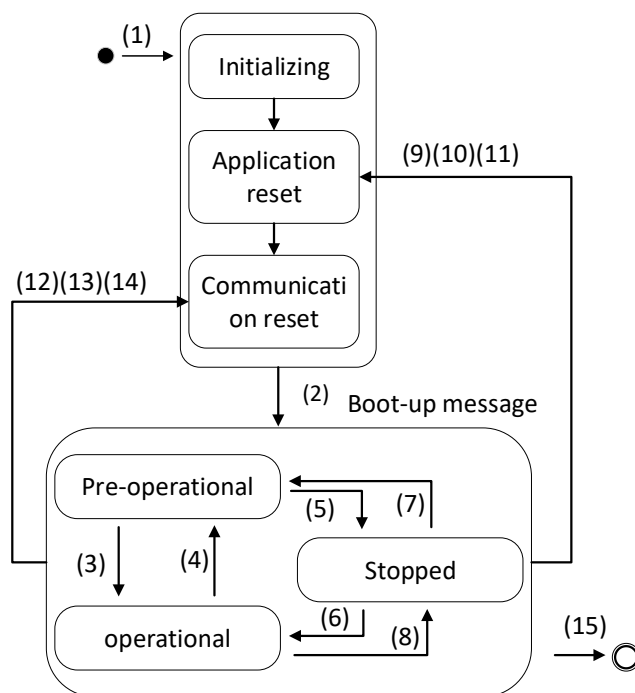


Figure 3-13

- (1) power on; (2) automatically switch to Pre-operational state; (3) switch to Operational state; (4) switch to Pre-operational state; (5) , (8) switch to the stopped state; (9), (10), (11) switch to the Application reset state; (12), (13), (14) switch to Communication reset state; (15) power failure or hardware reset.

The conversion in the figure above is realized by NMT message, and only NMT host can send NMT control message. The format of message message is shown in the table below:

Table 3-8

COB-ID	Data/Byte	
	0	1
0x000	Command word	Node ID

The COB-ID of NMT message is fixed to "0x000". The data area is composed of two bytes: the first byte is the command word, indicating the control function of the frame as shown in the following table; the second byte is the address of CANopen node, when it is "0", it is a broadcast message, and all the slave devices in the network are valid.

Table 3-9

Command word	Description
0x01	Switch to Operational state
0x02	Switch to Stopped state
0x80	Switch to Pro-operational state
0x81	Reset node command
0x82	Reset communication command

After the device is powered on, it will automatically switches the Initializing state, including initializing, resetting nodes and resetting communication. After that, the device sends boot-up and automatically enters the Pre-operational state, which is the main configuration node state. After the configuration is completed, the node needs the

NMT host to send the NMT message to enter the Operational state. The Operational state is the normal working state of CANopen, and all modules should work normally.

The CANopen services supported in various NMT states are shown in the following table:

Table 3-10

Service type	(Pre-op)	(op)	(Stopped)
Process data object (PDO)	No	Yes	No
Service data object(SDO)	Yes	Yes	No
Synchronous message	Yes	Yes	No
Emergency message(EMCY)	Yes	Yes	No
Network Management System	Yes	Yes	Yes
Error control	Yes	Yes	Yes

3.5.2 Error Control

NMT error control is mainly used to detect whether the equipment in the network is online and the status of the equipment, including node protection, life protection and heartbeat. This device only supports heartbeat.

The heartbeat mode adopts the producer-consumer model. CANopen device can send heartbeat message according to the period set by the producer heartbeat interval object 1017_h, unit: ms. The format of heartbeat message is as follows:

Table 3-11

COB-ID	Data (1bit)
0x700+Node ID	Node state

Node status: 0x04: Stopped state

0x05: Operational operation state

0x7F: Pre-operational state

3.5.3 Start-up Agreement

After starting the power supply or resetting, the motor will report the initialization phase through a start message, and then automatically enter the Pre-operational state.

The start message is almost the same as the heartbeat message, except that NMT status is not sent, but 0 is sent. Message composition of start message:

Table 3-12

COB-ID	Data(1 Bit)
0x700+Node ID	0

3.6 System setting

In order to make the integrated motor connect to CANopen field bus network accurately, it is necessary to set the related objects of the integrated motor driver.

3.6.1 Baud-Rate Setting

The CAN communication baud-rate is changed by setting object 200C_h: 03_h, and the transmission includes the value of CAN communication baud-rate to be set.

Table of setting value and baud-rate:

Table 3-13

value	Baud rate
0x00	10 kBit/sec
0x01	20 kBit/sec
0x02	50 kBit/sec
0x03	100 kBit/sec
0x04	125 kBit/sec
0x05	250 kBit/sec
0x06	500 kBit/sec
0x07	800 kBit/sec
0x08	1 MBit/sec

3.6.2 Node ID

Change the node ID through the setting of object 200C_h: 02_h. The setting range is 1-127

3.6.3 Connection of Communication Line

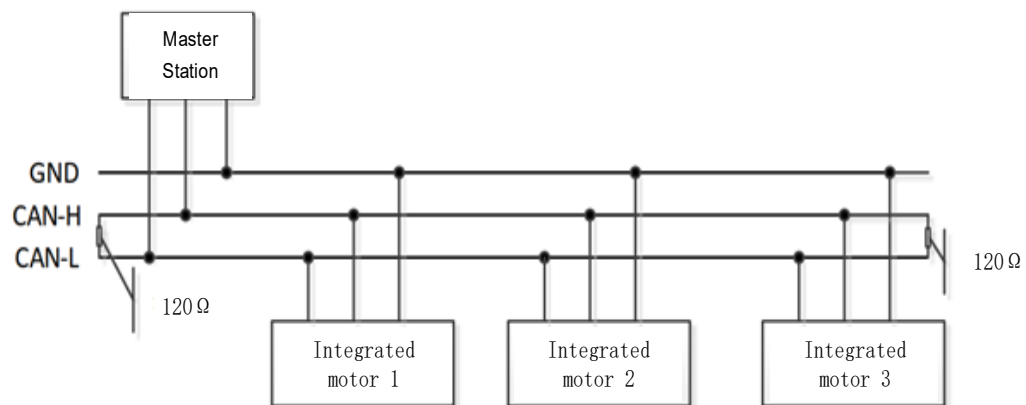


Figure 3-14

4 Control of Equipment

4.1 The CiA402 State Machine

The operating state of integrated low-voltage servo motor is switched by a state machine, which is defined in the CiA402 standard. The motor drive is controlled by the control word 6040_h , and the actual state of the device can be read back from the status word object 6041_h .

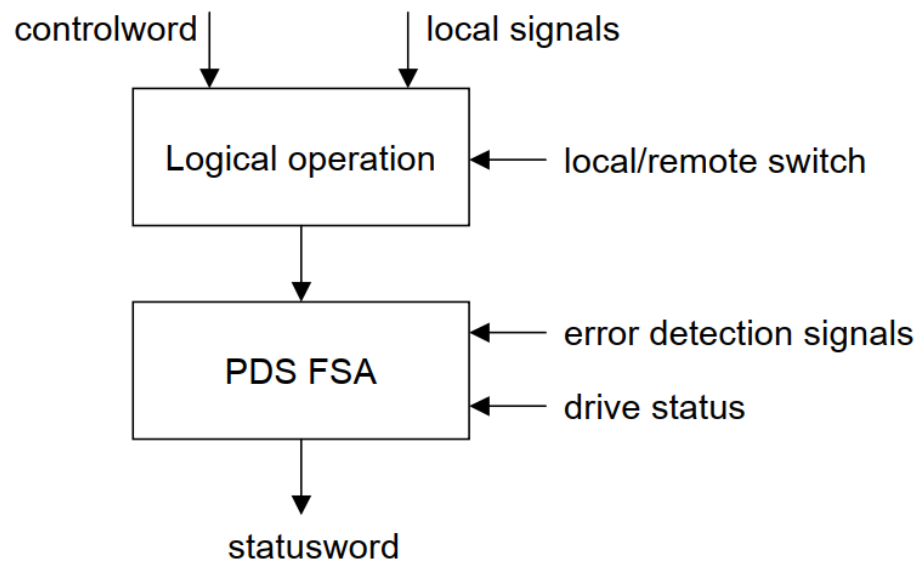


Figure 4-1

4.1.1 The State Transition Diagram

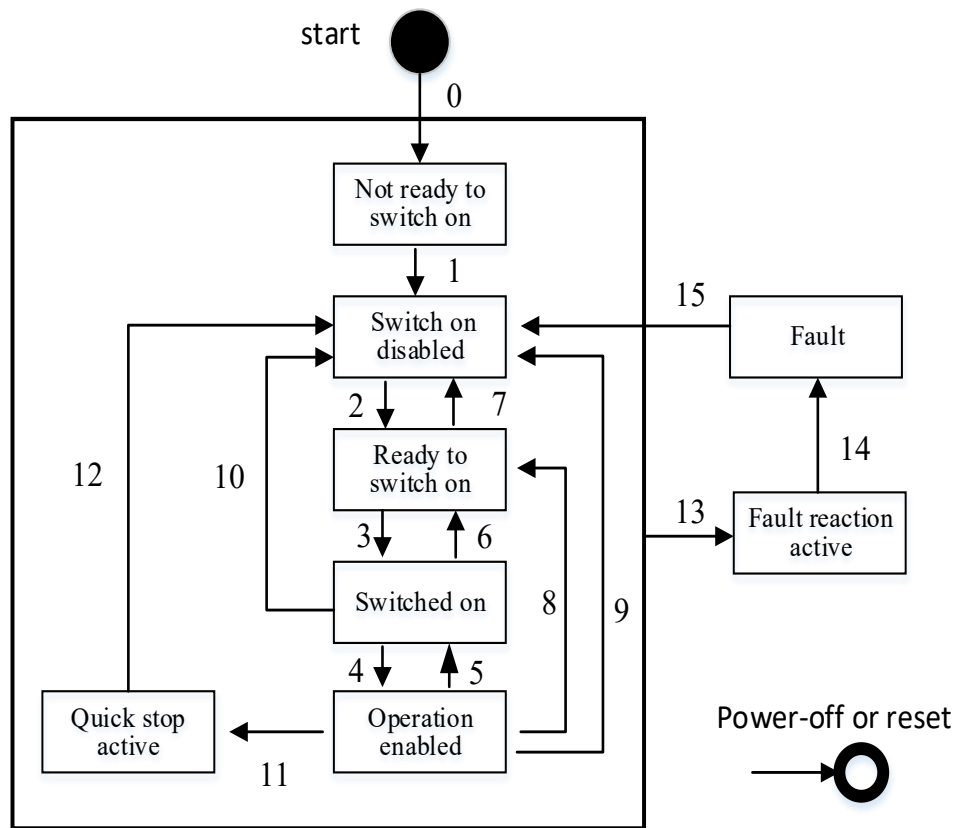


Figure 4-2

The motor states corresponding to each state are in this table below:

Table 4-1

Function	FSA states							
	Not ready to switch on	Switch on disabled	Ready to switch on	Switched on	Operation enabled	Quick stop active	Fault reaction active	Fault
Brake applied, if present	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes
Low-level power applied	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
High-level power applied	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes/No
Drive function enabled	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Configuration allowed	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes

The control word and switching of state machine are in this table below:

Table 4-2

Command	Bits of the control word					Transitions
	Bit7	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0	
Shutdown	0	×	1	1	0	2,6,8
Switch on	0	0	1	1	1	3
Switch on + enable operation	0	1	1	1	1	3+4 (NOTE)
Disable voltage	0	×	×	0	×	7, 9, 10, 12
Quick stop	0	×	0	1	×	7, 10, 11
Disable operation	0	0	1	1	1	5
Enable operation	0	1	1	1	1	4, 16
Fault reset		×	×	×	×	15

NOTE: Automatic transition to Enable operation state after executing Switch on state functionality.

The status word in each state are as follows:

Table 4-3

Status word	PDS FSA state
xxxx xxxx x0xx 0000b	Not ready to switch on
xxxx xxxx x1xx 0000b	Switch on disabled
xxxx xxxx x01x 0001b	Ready to switch on
xxxx xxxx x01x 0011b	Switched on
xxxx xxxx x01x 0111b	Operation enabled
xxxx xxxx x00x 0111b	Quick stop active
xxxx xxxx x0xx 1111b	Fault reaction active
xxxx xxxx x0xx 1000b	Fault

Notes: x means that this bit does not been care,bit 8 ~ bit15 has different meaning in different modes. Please check its specific status in each mode.

4.1.2 Control Word

The bits of the control word are defined as follows:

15	10	9	8	7	6	4	3	2	1	0
11										
ms	r	oms	h	fr	oms	eo	qs	ev	so	
MSB										LSB

LEGEND: ms = manufacturer-specific; r = reserved; oms = operation mode specific; h = halt; fr = fault reset; eo = enable operation; qs = quick stop; ev = enable voltage; so = switch on

Notes:

It is meaningless to assign each bit of the control word individually,It must be combined with other bits to form a control

instruction. Bit 0 ~bit 3 and bit 7 have the same meaning in each mode, Only by sending commands sequentially can the motor drive be guided into the predicted state according to the switching process of the CiA402 state machine, and each command corresponds to 1 definitive state. Bit4 ~ bit6 are related to each operation mode (please check the control instructions in different modes)

4.1.3 Status Word

The bits of the status word are defined as follows:

15	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
14														
ms	oms	ila	tr	rm	ms	w	sod	qs	ve	f	oe	so	rtso	
MSB														LSB

Table 4-4

Bit	Description
0	ready to switch on
1	switched on
2	operation enabled
3	fault
4	voltage enabled
5	quick stop
6	switch on disabled
7	warning
8	manufacturer specific
9	remote
10	target reached
11	internal limit active
12-13	operation mode specific
14-15	manufacturer specific

Notes:

It is meaningless to assign each bit of the status word individually, It must be combined with other control bits to form the current state feedback of the motor. In each stepping mode, bit 0-bit9 has the same meaning, by which the motor feeds back a certain status after sending commands by the control word 6040_h sequentially. Besides, bit10, bit11 and bit15 have the same meaning in each mode, by which the motor feeds back its status after a certain operation mode is executed.

4.1.4 The Stop Mode

The stop mode is the action of the state machine which leaving the "Operation enabled" state, corresponding settings are as follows:

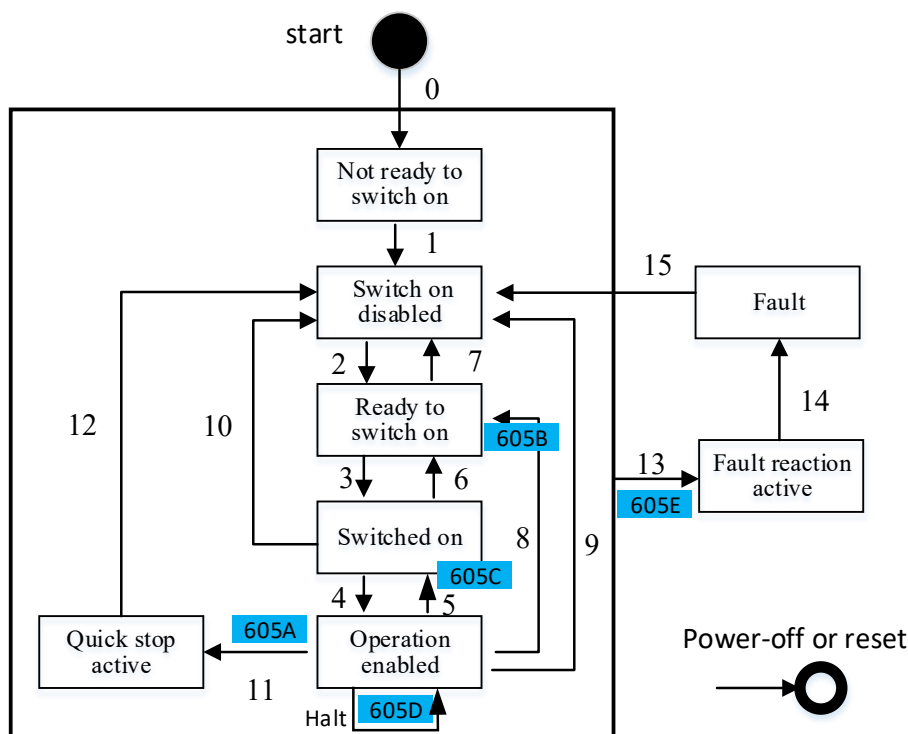


Figure 4-3

- Fault

When a error or a warning occurs, automatically the servo switches to the Fault state which is related to 605E_n(Fault response option code). When 605E_n= -1, the fault reaction is related to the reaction code in the fault code which is configurable. When 605E_n > 0, the fault reaction is selected by the object dictionary 605E_n. The relationship between the setting value in 605E_n and the fault reaction is as follows:

Table 4-5

Setting Value	Stop Mode
-1	The stop mode is related to fault reaction option code in alarm code. See "9.1 alarm code" for details
0x00	Slow down freely and keep operating freely.
0x01	Slow down on slow down ramp set in 6084 _h .
0x02	Slow down on quick slow down ramp set in 6085 _h .

- Quick Stop

In non-fault states, when the control word 6040_h = 0x02, Quick stop is executed. The Quick stop mode is selected by the object dictionary 605A_n. The meaning of the setting value in 605A_n is shown in the table below:

Table 4-6

Setting Value	Stop Mode
0x00	Slow down freely and keep operating freely.
0x01	Slow down on slow down ramp set in 6084 _h ,and keep operating freely.
0x02	Slow down on slow down ramp set in 6085 _h ,and keep operating freely.

- **Halt**

Bit8 of the control word 6040_h is the functional bit of Halt. When the bit8 changes from 0 to 1, Halt stop is executed. The Halt stop mode is chose by the object dictionary 605D_h.The meaning of the setting value of 605D_h is shown in the table below:

Table 4-7

Setting Value	Stop Mode
0x00	Reserved
0x01	Slow down on slow down ramp set in 6084 _h ,and stay in Clamped state.
0x02	Slow down on slow down ramp set in 6085 _h ,and stay in Clamped state.

- **Disable Operation**

The Unpower mode is chose by object dictionary 605C_h.The meaning of the setting value of 605C_h is shown in the table below:

Table 4-8

Setting Value	Slow Down Mode
0x00	Slow down freely and keep operating freely..
0x01	Slow down on slow down ramp set in 6084 _h ,and keep operating freely.

- **Shutdown**

The Power off mode is chose by object dictionary 605B_h.The meaning of the setting value of 605B_h is shown in the table below:

Table 4-9

Setting Value	Slow Down Mode
0x00	Slow down freely and keep operating freely.
0x01	Slow down on slow down ramp set in 6084 _h ,and keep operating freely.

5 Unit conversion

In order to meet application requirements of all industries, facilitate users to define their own instruction units, the units-conversion module in the device can convert any User Unit (UU) into internal unit(Encoder Increment:shorter form is Inc).

5.1 608F_h:Encoder resolution

This object shall indicate increment and rotation number of the encoder installed. The formulas to calculate the encoder resolution are as follows:

$$\text{Encoder resolution} = \frac{\text{increment of encoder}(608F_h:01_h)}{\text{motor turns}(608F_h:02_h)}$$

The object description is specified in the table below:

Table 5-1

Attribution	Description
Index	608F _h
Name	Encoder resolution
Data structure	Array
Data type	Unsigned32

The sub-indexes description is specified in the table below:

Table 5-2

Attribution	Description	
Sub-index	01 _h	02 _h
Description	Increment of encoder	Motor turns
Accessibility	rw	rw
Mappability	No	No
Data type	Unsigned32	Unsigned32
Default value	131072	1

5.2 6091_h:Transmission Ratio

This object shall indicate the numbers of motor revolutions and drive-shaft revolutions. The formula to calculate Gear ratio is as follows:

$$\text{Gear ratio} = \frac{\text{Motor shaft revolutions}(6091_h : 01_h)}{\text{Drive shaft revolutions}(6091_h : 02_h)}$$

The object description is specified in the table below:

Table 5-3

Attribution	Description
Index	6091 _h
Name	Gear ratio
Data structure	Array
Data type	Unsigned32

The sub-indexes description is specified in the table below:

Table 5-4

Attribution	Description	
Sub-index	01 _h	02 _h
Description	Motor shaft revolutions	Drive shaft revolutions
Accessibility	rw	rw
Mappability	No	No
Data type	Unsigned32	Unsigned32
Default value	1	1

Gear ratio is used to specify the proportional relationship between the motor shaft displacement and the drive shaft displacement.

- Relationship between shaft position feedback (encoder unit) and drive shaft position feedback (instruction unit):

$$\text{shaft position feedback} = \text{drive shaft position feedback} \times \text{Gear ratio}$$

- Relationship between motor shaft speed (rpm) and drive shaft speed (unit /s):

$$\text{motor shaft speed(rpm)} = \frac{\text{drive shaft speed} \times \text{gear ratio}(6091_h)}{\text{encoder resolutions}} \times 60$$

- Relationship between motor acceleration (rpm/s) and drive shaft acceleration (unit /s²):

$$\text{motor shaft acceleration} = \frac{\text{drive shaft acceleration} \times \text{gear ratio}(6091_h)}{\text{encoder resolutions}} \times 60$$

5.3 607E_h: Polarity

This object dictionary is configured to determine whether the position command and velocity command are multiplied by 1 or -1. Position polarity is only used in Profile position mode and Cyclic sync position mode, and has no effect in Homing mode. Velocity polarity is only used in Profile velocity mode and Cyclic sync velocity mode. The specific definitions are as follows:

Table 5-5

bit		
7	6	5~0
Position polarity	Velocity polarity	reserved (0)

The bits in the table above: 0 is multiplied by 1, 1 is multiplied by -1. For example, if Position polarity = 0, position demand value will be multiplied by 1. The object description is specified in the table below:

Table 5-6

Attribution	Description
Index	607E _h
Name	Polarity
Data structure	Variable
Accessibility	rw
Data type	Unsigned8
Default value	0

5.4 2002_h:03_h Rotation Direction Selection

This object dictionary is used to set the default rotation direction of the motor.

Table 5-7

Attribution	Description
Index	2002 _h :03 _h
Name	Rotation Direction
Data structure	Variable
Accessibility	rw
Data type	Uint16
Default value	0

0:With the CW direction as the positive rotation direction, when viewed from the motor shaft side, the motor rotates clockwise.

1:With the CCW direction as the forward direction, when viewed from the side of the motor shaft, the motor rotates counterclockwise.

5.5 Example

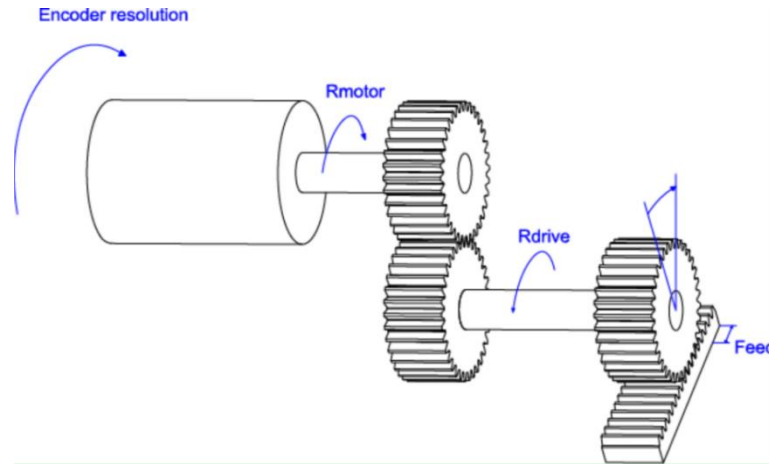


Figure 5-1

As shown in the figure above, Rmotor is the motor shaft and Rdrive is the drive shaft.

Suppose: the Encoder resolution = 131072 as the motor shaft rotates 1 revolution; Rmotor rotates 3 revolutions when the Rdrive rotates 1 revolution; from the conditions above, it can be seen that as the drive shaft rotates 1 revolution, the motor needs to operate 3 * 131072 encoder codes, which means that the motor rotates 3 revolutions. Parameters can be calculated according to the following formulas:

position encoder resolution 608F_h:

$$\text{Encoder resolution} = \frac{\text{increment of encoder}(608F_h:01_h)}{\text{motor turns } (608F_h:02_h)} = \frac{131072}{1} = 131072$$

gear ratio 6091_h:

$$\text{Gear ratio} = \frac{\text{Motor revolutions}(6091_h:01_h)}{\text{drive-shaft revolutions}(6091_h:02_h)} = \frac{3}{1} = 3$$

For example, under the above conditions, a target position of 131072 pulses (user units) is converted to internal encoder units: 131072 * 3 (transmission ratio) = 393216 pulses.

6 Operation Mode

6.1 Overview of Operation Mode

The control mode of integrated-servo is divided into CiA402 mode and NiMotion mode, 2002_h:01_h (control mode option) is used to determine whether the servo is in CiA402 mode or NiMotion mode. The object description is as follows:

Table 6-1

Attribution	Description
Index	2002 _h
Name	Basic control parameter
Data structure	Record
Data type	-

Sub index 01_h is to determine the mode:

Table 6-2

Sub-Index	01 _h
Description	Control mode option
Accessibility	rw
PDO mapping	No
Data type	Unsigned8
Default value	0
Meaning of Value	0x00: CiA402 mode 0x01: Manufacturer position mode 0x02: Manufacturer velocity mode 0x03: Manufacturer torque mode 0x04: Manufacturer open loop mode

After selecting CiA402 mode, 6060_h needs to be set to select specific motion mode (control mode selection, invalid operation state setting). The object description is as follows:

Table 6-3

Sub-Index	6060 _h
Description	Mode Option
Accessibility	rw
PDO mapping	No
Data type	Unsigned8
Default value	0x01
Sub-Index	-
Meaning of Value	0x00: Undefined 0x01: Profile position mode(PP) 0x02: Velocity mode (VM)

Meaning of Value	0x03: Profile velocity mode 0x04: Torque profile mode 0x05: Undefined 0x06: Homing mode (HM) 0x07: Interpolated position mode(IP) 0x08: Cyclic sync position mode(CSP) 0x09: Cyclic sync velocity mode (CSV) 0x0A: Cyclic sync Torque mode (CST)
------------------	---

When the servo is enabled and the motor shaft speed is 0, the working mode of the servo driver supports switching between PP and HM, as well as between CSP and HM.

6.2 Position Control Function

6.2.1 Structure Chart

Target Following Error

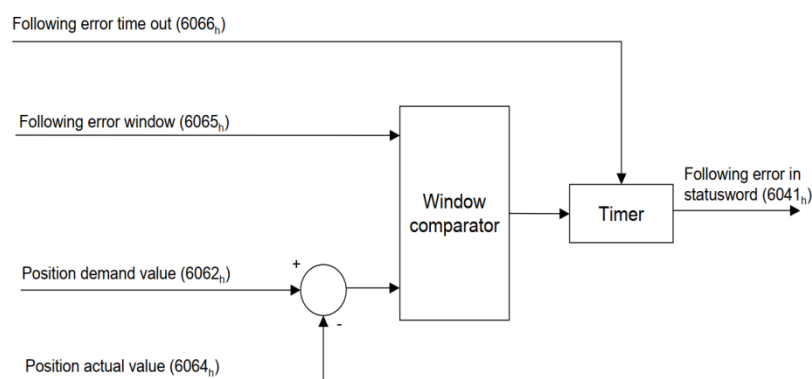


Figure 6-1

Target Reached

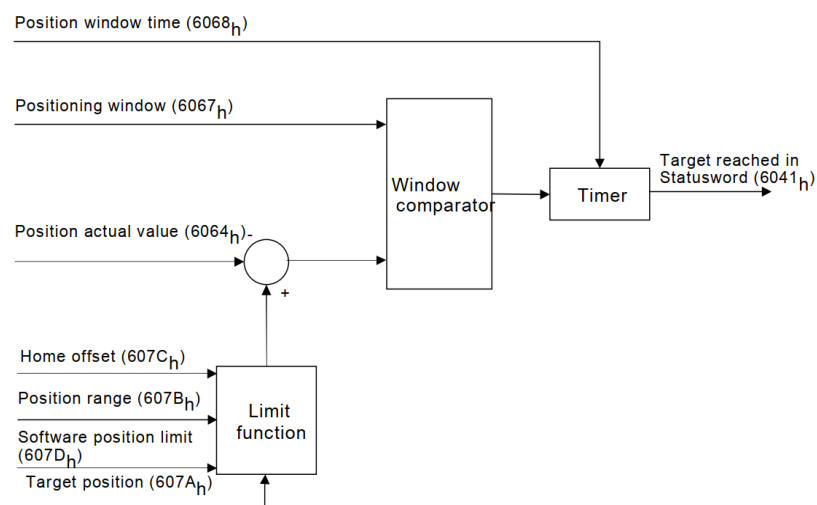


Figure 6-2

6.2.2 Objects related

Target following error

Table 6-4

Object Index	Description
6041 _h (Status word)	Status word
6062 _h (Position demand value)	Current position demand value inside the drive (user unit)
6064 _h (Position actual value)	Current position actual value feedback (user unit)
6065 _h (Following Error Window)	This object shall indicate the configured range of tolerated position values symmetrically to the position demand value. If the position actual value is out of the following error window, a following error occurs. A following error may occur when a drive is blocked, unreachable profile velocity occurs, or at wrong closed-loop coefficients.
6066 _h (Following Error Time Out)	Following error time out (unit: ms)

Target Reached

Table 6-5

Object Index	Description
6041 _h (Status word)	Status word
6064 _h (Position actual value)	Current position value feedback (user unit)
6067 _h (Position window)	The configured symmetrical range of accepted positions relative to the target position. If the actual value of the position encoder is within the position window, this target position shall be regarded as having been reached.
6068 _h (Position window time)	Position window time(unit: ms)
607A _h (Target position)	Target position(user unit)
607B _h (Position range limit)	Position range limit(user unit)
607C _h (Home offset)	Difference between the 0-position in the application and the machine home position (user unit)
607D _h (Software position limit)	Target position limit (user unit)

6.2.3 Function Description

Target Following Error

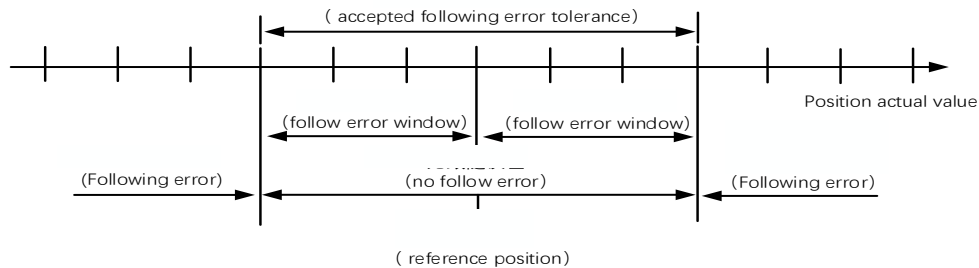


Figure 6-3

Following error refers to the deviation between Position demand value (6062_h) and Position actual value (6064_h). If following error is continually greater than value set in 6065_h (following error windows) within the time set in 6066_h (Following error timeout) (as shown in Figure 6-2, the following error exceeds acceptable range), Bit13 (following error) in 6041_h (status word) will be set to 1, the sequence diagram is shown below:

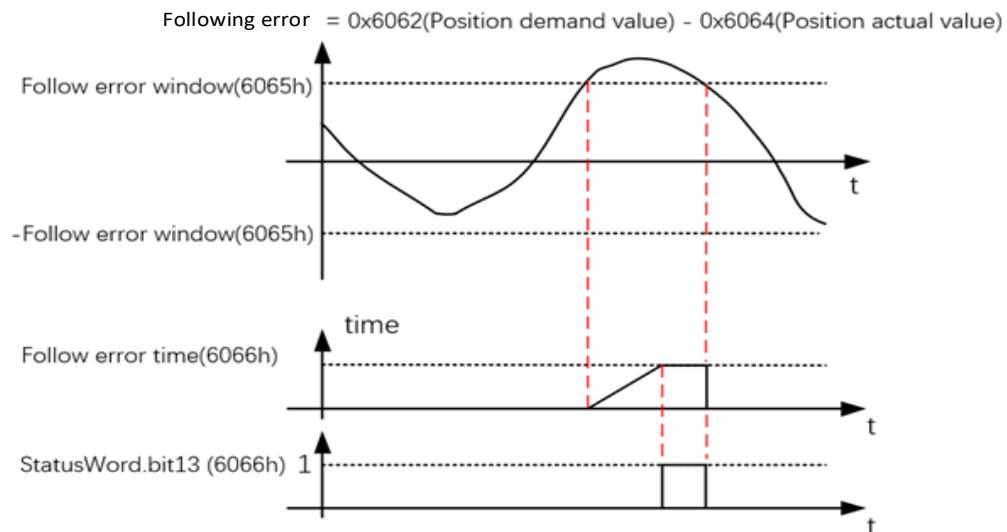


Figure 6-4

Target Reached

Figure of Error Acceptable:

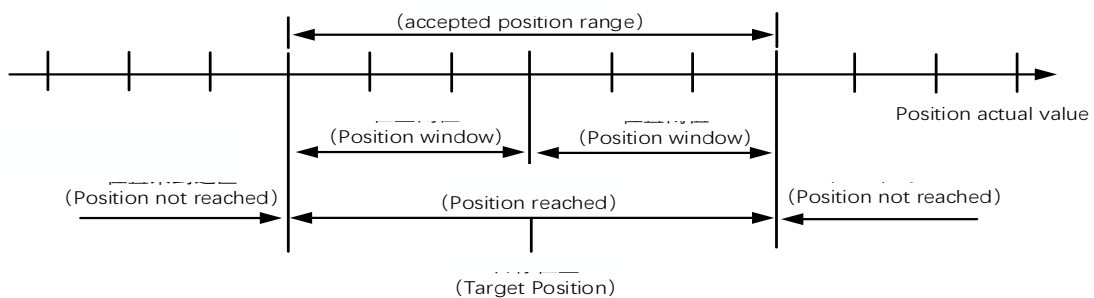


Figure 6-5

Position deviation is the difference between the Target position in 607A_h and the Position actual value in 6064_h. If

the deviation is in the acceptable range (as shown in the above figure) stably and span the time set in 6068_h (position windows time), Bit10 (target reached) of the status word will be set to 1, that is, the target position is reached. The sequence diagram is as follows:

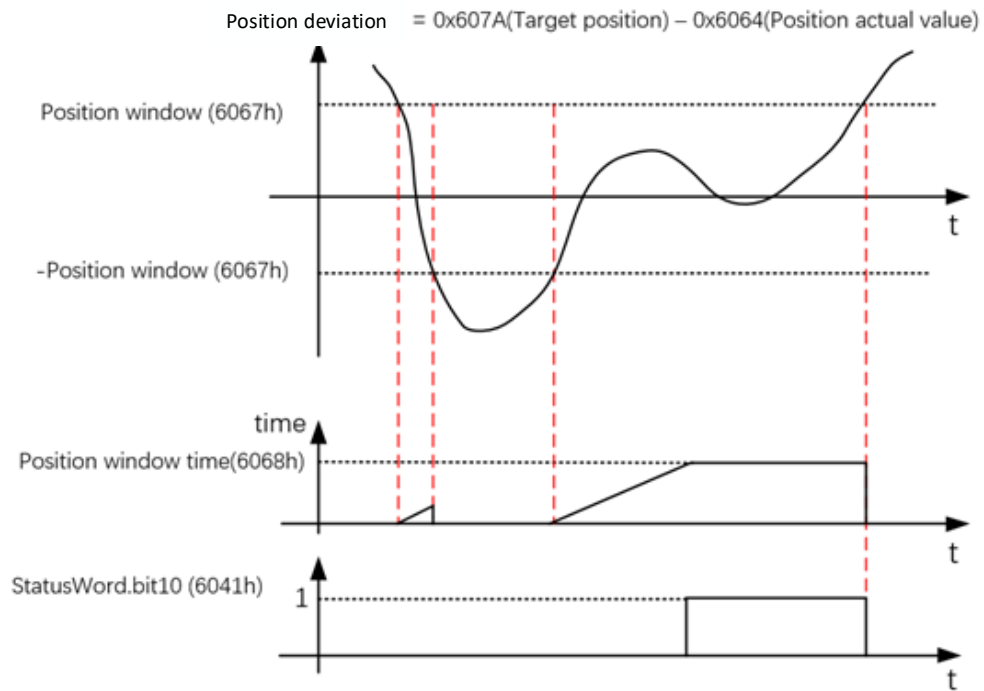


Figure 6-6

6.3 Profile Position Mode (PP)

This mode is mostly used in point-to-point positioning applications. In this mode, the master computer gives the target position (absolute or relative), speed, acceleration and deceleration of the position curve, the track generator in servo will generate target position curve command according to the settings, and the drive will complete the position, speed and torque control internally.

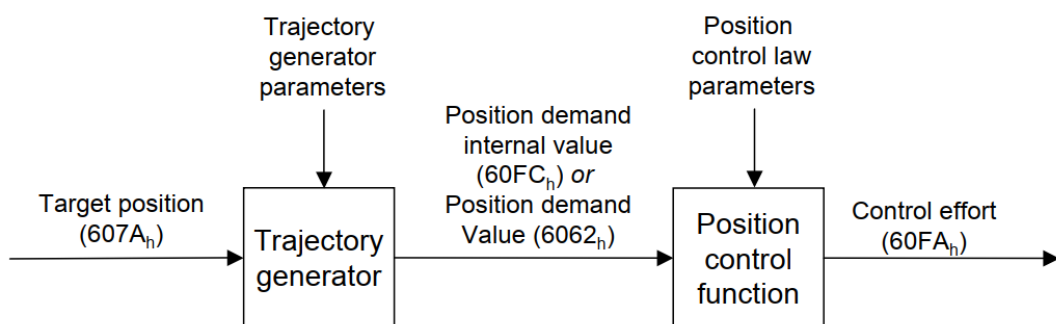


Figure 6-7

6.3.1 Structure Chart

The following figure introduces the detailed structure of the trace generator:

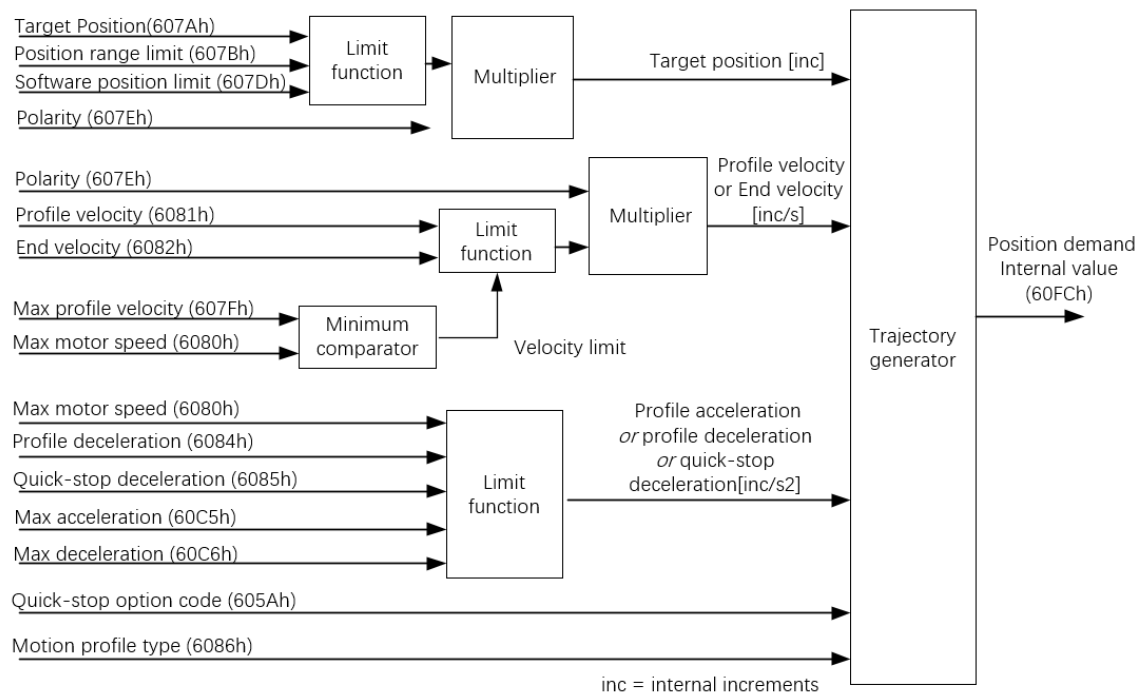


Figure 6-8

6.3.2 Object Related

Pay attention to the following objects in this mode :

Table 6-6

Object Index	Description
605D _h (Halt option code)	Halt option
605A _h (Quick stop option code)	Quick stop option
6062 _h (Position Demand Value)	Current position demand value inside the drive (user unit)
6063 _h (Position Actual Enc Value)	Current position actual value feedback (encoder unit)
6064 _h (Position Actual User Value)	Current actual position (user unit)
607A _h (Target Position)	Target position (user unit)
607B _h (Position Range Limit)	Position range limit (user unit)
607D _h (Software Position Limit)	Target position limit (user unit)
607E _h (Polarity)	Rotation direction(polarity),See "5.1.4 607E _h : Polarity" for details
607F _h (Max Profile Velocity)	Maximum velocity (user unit /s), to limit the velocity
6080 _h (Max motor speed)	Max motor speed(rpm)
6081 _h (Profile Velocity)	Maximum velocity during uniform motion in this profile operation, (user unit / s), I.e. the velocity at the end of the acceleration slope during the positioning.

Object Index	Description
6082 _h (End Velocity)	The velocity when reaching the target position(user unit/s), and the velocity at the end of the slope. Usually, this object is set to 0, so that the velocity when reaching the target position is just down to 0.
6083 _h (Profile Acceleration)	The acceleration during the profile operation(user unit / s ²), limited by 60C5 _h .
6084 _h (Profile Deceleration)	The deceleration during the profile operation operation, (user unit / s ²), limited by 60C6 _h .
6085 _h (Quick Stop Deceleration)	Deceleration during "quick stop" in cia402 state machine.
6086 _h (Motion Profile Type)	Choose the type of velocity curve. If the value is "0", the impact (jerk) will be not limited; If the value is "3", the impact (jerk) will be limited only by the value in 60a4 _h : 01 _h -02 _h in this equipment.
60C5 _h (Max Acceleration)	Max acceleration(user unit / s ²)
60C6 _h (Max Deceleration)	Max deceleration(user unit / s ²)
60F2 _h (Positioning option code)	Positioning option code
60FC _h (Position Demand internal value)	Output of track generator, i.e.the real time position instruction which is internal planned(encoder unit)

The following figure shows the effect of the velocity, acceleration and impact parameters:

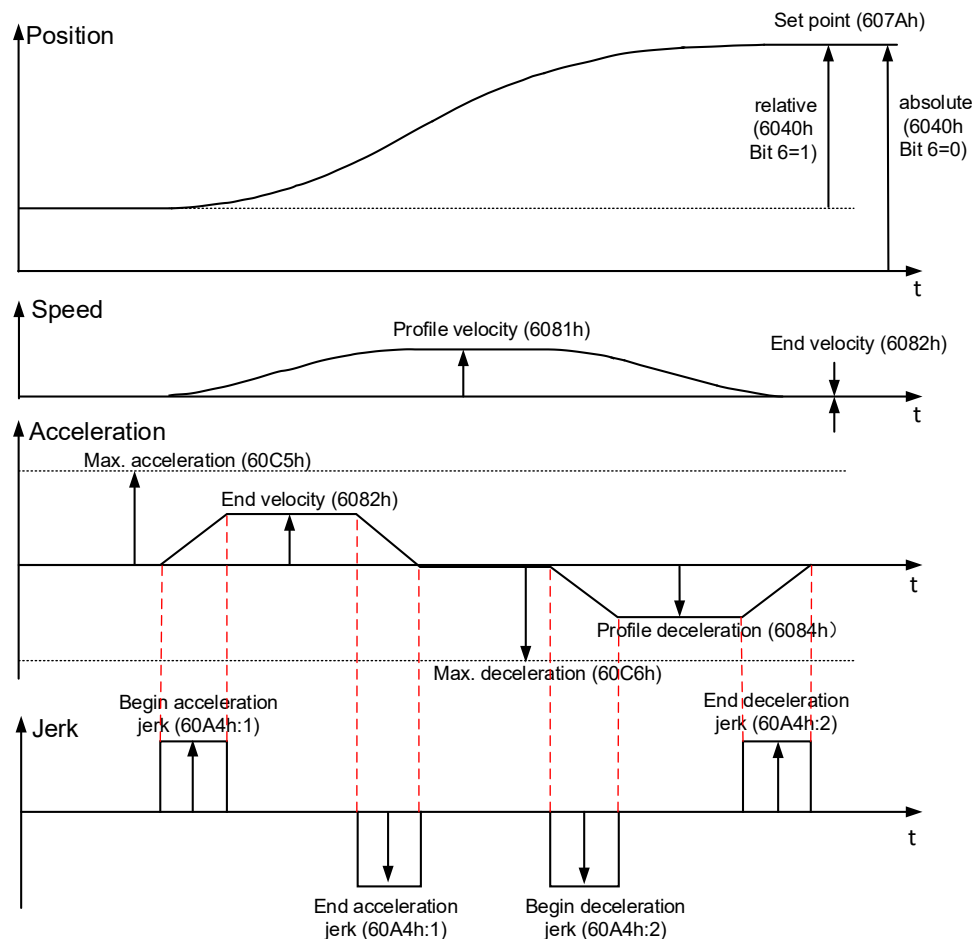


Figure 6-9

6.3.3 Control Instruction and Status Information

Enable

As this mode is enabled, the value in object 2002_h:01_h and object 6060_h (Modes of Operation) must be set to "0" and "1" respectively.

Control Word

15	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	0
(see 4.1.2)	Change on set-point	Halt	(see 4.1.2)	abs/rel	Change set immediately	New set-point	(see 4.1.2)		
MSB					LSB				

In the Profile position mode, the following bits in object 6040_h (control word) have special functions.

Table 6-7

Bit 5	Bit4	Description
0	0->1	Not Update-now, the next task is started after the running task be completed
1	0-> 1	Update-now, the task triggered by bit4 will be executed immediately.

Table 6-8

Bit	Value	Description
6	0	Target position is an absolute value
	1	Target position is a relative value (depending on object 60F2 _h)
8	0	Positioning is executed or continued
	1	Motor will be stopped accordingly to halt option code (605D _h)

Status Word

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	0
(see 4.1.3)	Following error	Set-point acknowledge	(see 4.1.3)	reached Target	(see 4.1.3)		
MSB					LSB		

In Profile position mode, the following bits in object 6041_h (status word) have special functions:

Table 6-9

Bit	Value	Description
10	0	Halt (Bit 8 in control word 6040 _h) = 0: Target position not reached Halt (Bit 8 in control word 6040 _h) = 1: Axis decelerates
	1	Halt (Bit 8 in control word 6040 _h) = 0: Target position reached Halt (Bit 8 in control word 6040 _h) = 1: Velocity of axis is 0
12	0	Previous set point already processed, waiting for new set point

13	1	Previous set point still in process, set point overwriting shall be accepted
	0	No following error
	1	Following error

6.3.4 Function Description

It is divided into immediate update and non immediate update to interpret the control instruction sequence:

1 Control Instruction Sequence- Immediate Update

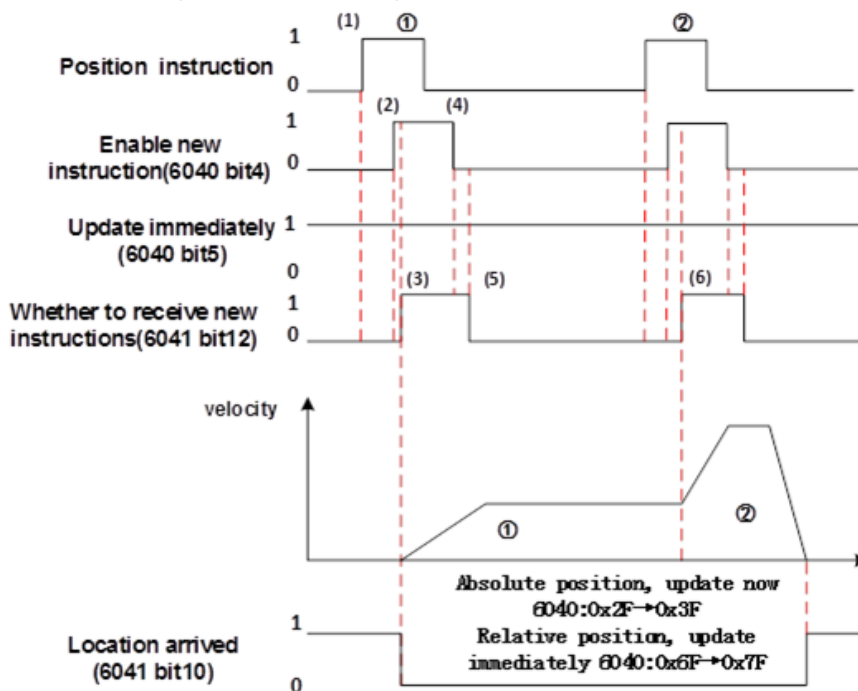


Figure 6-10

The following table provides some explanations marked in the process of the above figure:

Table 6-10

(1)	The master computer updates instruction (including Target position 607A _h , Acceleration time 6083 _h , Deceleration time 6084 _h , Profile velocity 6081 _h , etc.)
(2)	Change bit4 in 6040 _h from 0 to 1, indicating that the slave station has new position instruction (bit5 in 6040 _h is set to 1 in the immediate-updating case)
(3)	After receiving the rising edge of bit4 in 6040 _h , the slave station judges whether the new position instruction can be received or not: bit12 in 6041 _h being 0, indicates that the slave station can receive the new instruction ①; The slave station change bit12 in 6041 _h from 0 to 1 after receiving the new instruction, which indicates that the instruction ① has been received, and the slave station is unable to receive new instruction. In immediate update mode, the motor executes the position command immediately once the new position command is received (bit12 in 6041 _h changes from 0 to 1)
(4)	The master computer shall release position instruction only when receiving the bit12 in 6041 _h from the slave station being changed from 1 to 0. And, the master computer changes bit4 in control word 6040 _h from 1 to 0, indicating that there is no new position instruction at present.

- (5) The slave station changes bit12 in status word 6041_h from 1 to 0 when it detects that bit4 in control word 6040_h been changed from 1 to 0, indicating that the slave station is ready to receive new position instruction.

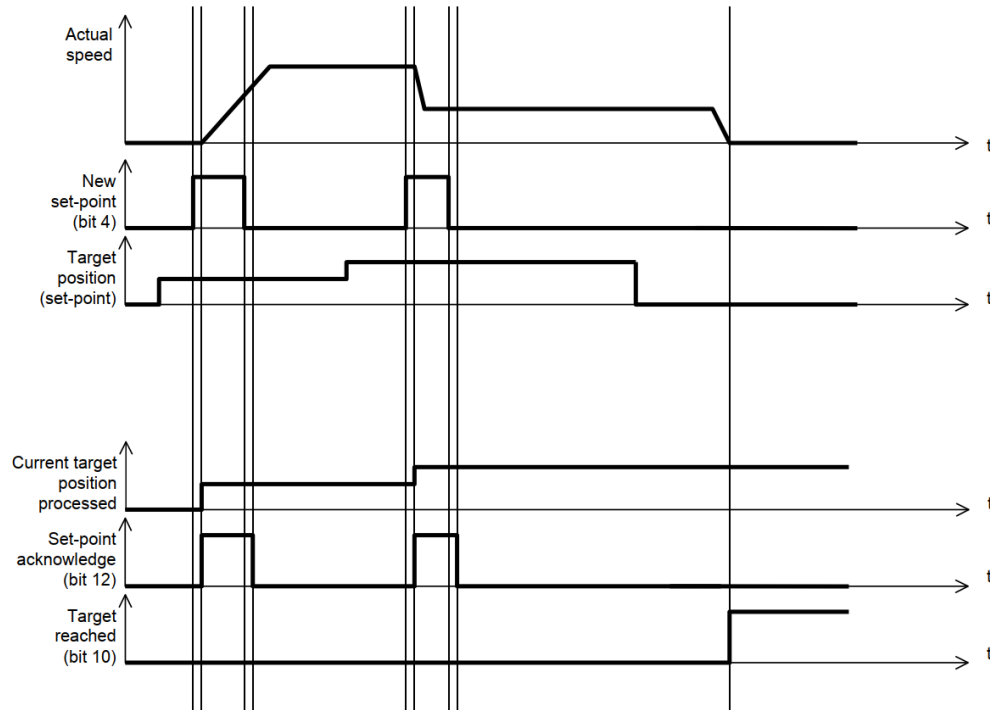


Figure 6-11

2 Control Instruction Sequence Non Immediate Update

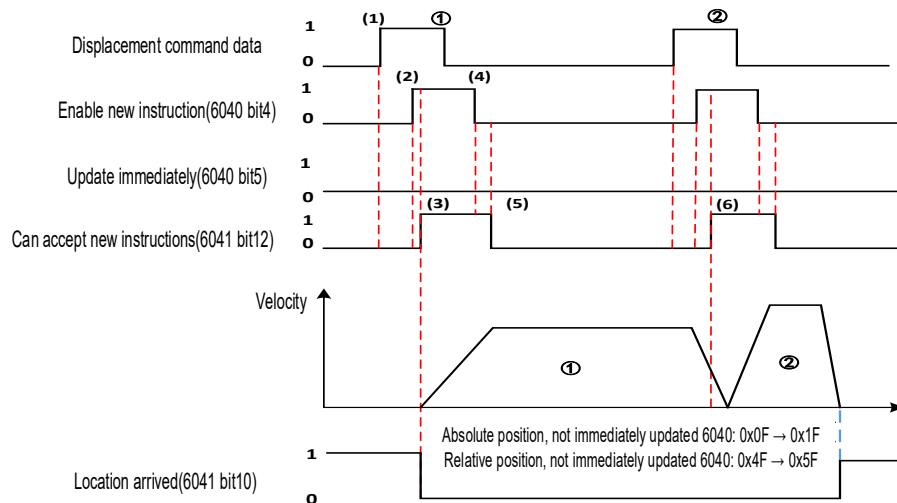


Figure 6-12

The notes (1) - (5) in the figure below are similar to the immediate-update mode. It can be seen from the comparison of position (6) in the figure, the difference is that in non immediate update mode, although the new target position (2) has been accepted, it needs to reach position (1) first, slow down and stop, and then move to new position (2).

In non immediate-update mode, the motor has 5 buffers, i.e. it can have 5 target positions in the sequence

at the same time and the motor will operate to these positions in turn. If the buffers is full, new position can't be accepted until the buffers is empty. These buffers are cleared when the motor is stopped.

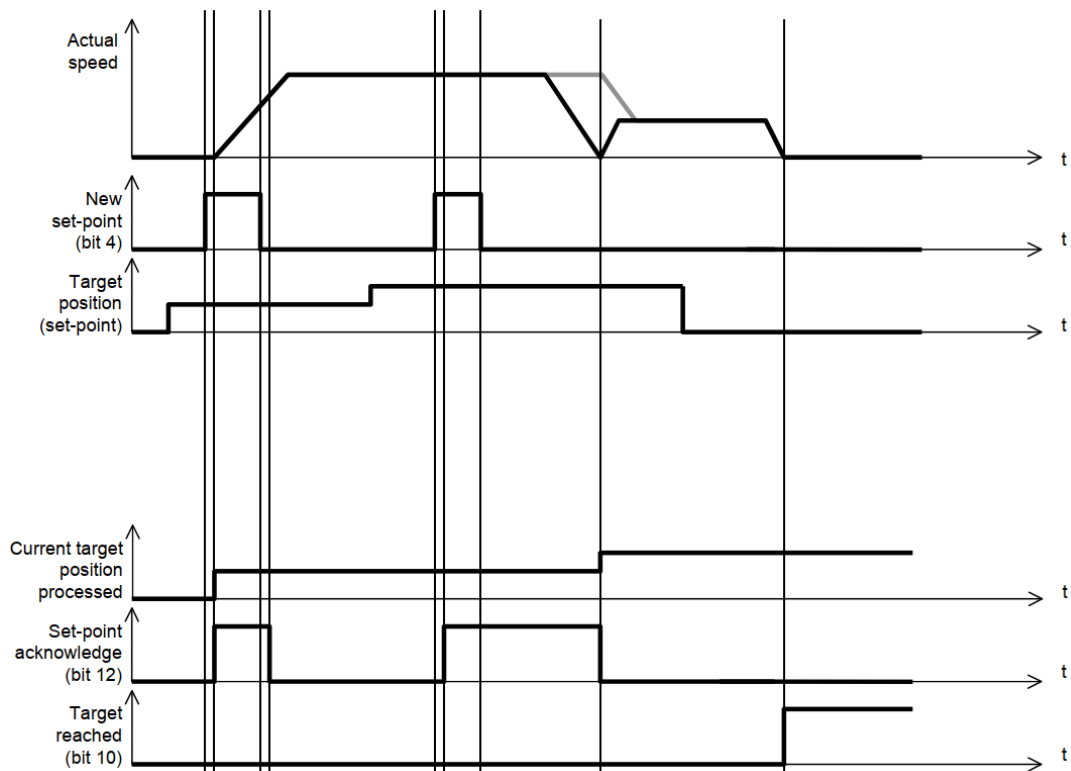


Figure 6-13

6.3.5 Impact Limited and Impact Unlimited Mode

In principle, the mode can be divided into "impact Limited" and "impact unlimited" according to impact type.

- Impact Limited

The impact-limited positioning is performed if the object 6086_h is set to "3". The items in object 60a4_h: 1_h-4_h related take effect concurrently.

- Impact Unlimited Mode

In this mode, there is no impact limit at each position of the characteristic curve. Step to run the "impact unlimited" ramp: set the items in object 6086_h to "0".

6.3.6 Configuration Examples

- Configuration mode

2002_h:01_h=0, operating mode 6060_h=0x01, to make the device work in contour position mode.

Send: 601 2B 02 20 01 00 00 00 00 (set to CiA402 mode)

Send: 601 2F 60 60 00 01 00 00 00 (set to profile position mode)

Note: When switching modes, the motor should be in a deactivated state

- Parameter configuration

Write the target position 607A_h (user units).

Write the current segment displacement command uniform running speed 6081_h (user unit/s).

Setting the acceleration 6083_h (user units/s²) and deceleration 6084_h (user units/s²) of the displacement.

Send: 601 23 7A 60 00 10 27 00 00 (set the target position 607A_h to 10000)

Send: 601 23 81 60 00 10 27 00 00 (set target speed 6081_h to 10000)

Send: 601 23 83 60 00 40 9C 00 00 (Set acceleration 6083_h to 40,000)

Send: 601 23 84 60 00 40 9C 00 00 (Set deceleration 6084_h to 40,000)

- Set the control word to enable the motor

To enable the motor for the first time, you must first write 0x6, 0x7 and 0xF to control word 6040_h in sequence; to enable it afterwards, write 0x7; to enable it, write 0xF.

Send: 601 2B 40 60 00 06 00 00 00 (set 6040_h to 0x6 to make the motor ready)

Send: 601 2B 40 60 00 07 00 00 00 (set 6040_h to 0x7 to disable motor)

Send: 601 2B 40 60 00 0F 00 00 00 (set 6040_h to 0xF to enable motor)

- Trigger generator operation (after motor enable)

6040_h = 0x(n)F → 0x(n+1)F, motor operation.

The different instruction types are shown in the following table.

Table 6-11

6040 _h -bit6	6040 _h -bit5	6040 _h Change	Description
0	0	0x0F → 0x1F	Absolute position, not immediate update
0	1	0x2F → 0x3F	Absolute position, updated immediately
1	0	0x4F → 0x5F	Relative position, not updated immediately
1	1	0x6F → 0x7F	Relative position, update now

Send: 601 2B 40 60 00 5F 00 00 00 (Set 6040_h to 0x5F, relative position movement, not immediate update)

Send: 601 2B 40 60 00 1F 00 00 00 (Set 6040_h to 0x1F, absolute position movement, not updated immediately)

Send: 601 2B 40 60 00 6F 00 00 00 (set 6040_h to 0x6F, relative position movement, immediate update)

Send: 601 2B 40 60 00 3F 00 00 00 (set 6040_h to 0x3F, absolute position movement, update immediately)

The motor receives new position commands on the rising edge of bit 4 of control word 6040_h, so this bit needs to be cleared after each execution of a run.

- Monitoring parameters

Actual position feedback: 6063_h (encoder unit), 6064_h (user unit).

6.4 Velocity Mode(VM)

6.4.1 Structural Chart

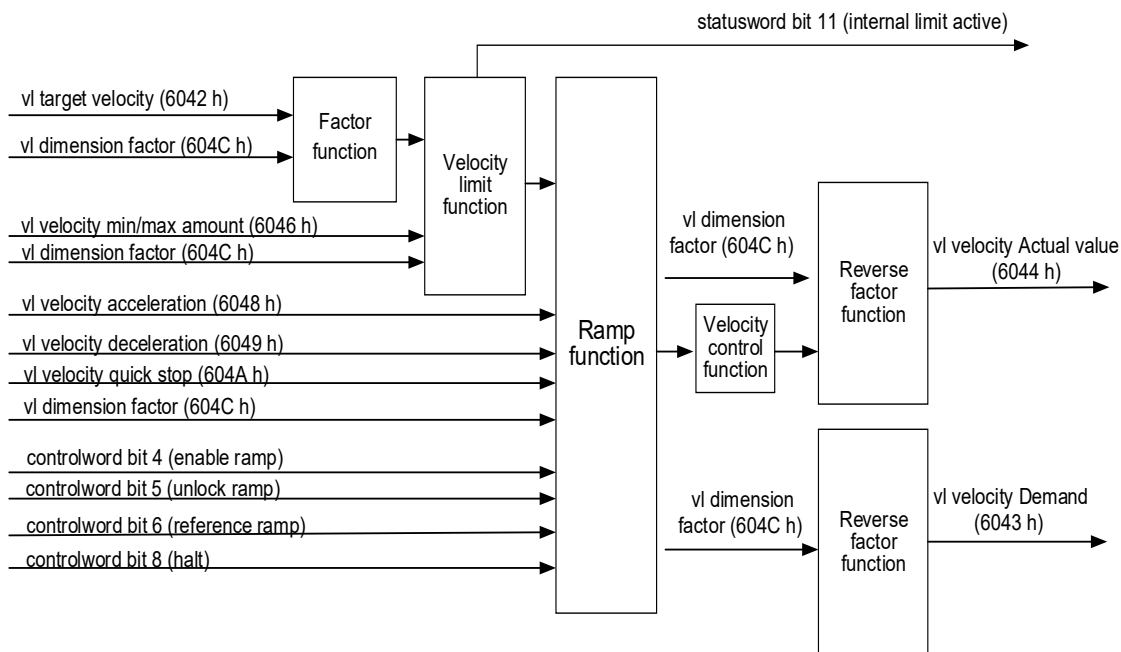


Figure 6-14

6.4.2 Objects Related

In this mode,the following objects need to be pay attention to:

Table 6-12

Object Index	Description
6042 _h (VI target velocity)	Target velocity in VM mode,(default unit rpm,related to 604C _h)
6043 _h (VI velocity demand)	Target velocity as the VM mode is activate,(default unit rpm,same as 6042 _h)
6044 _h (VI velocity actual value)	Current feedback velocity actual value (rpm)
604C _h (VL dimension factor)	Scaling factor for speed units in VM mode(default unit: rpm) Sub-index 1 contains the numerator (multiplier) used to calculate speed, and sub index 2 contains the denominator (divisor). Velocity unit: $\text{rpm} \times \frac{\text{Sub-index 1}}{\text{Sub-index 2}}$ If any of the sub indexes 1 and 2 is 0, the speed unit is rpm.
6048 _h (Velocity acceleration)	VI velocity acceleration =Delta speed (6048 _h :01 _h) / Delta time (6048 _h :02 _h)

Object Index	Description
	Acceleration in VM mode. Sub-index 1 contains the speed change (unit:rpm) and sub-index 2 the corresponding time(unit: second). The acceleration is calculated as follows: VI velocity acceleration =Delta speed (6048 _h :01 _h) / Delta time (6048 _h :02 _h)
6049 _h (Velocity deceleration)	Deceleration in VM mode. Sub-index 1 contains the speed change (unit:rpm) and sub-index 2 the corresponding time(unit: second). The acceleration is calculated as follows: VI velocity deceleration = Delta speed (6049 _h :01 _h) / Delta time (6049 _h :02 _h)
604A _h (Quick stop deceleration)	Deceleration during Quick stop in VM mode.Sub-index 1 contains the speed change (unit:rpm) and sub-index 2 the corresponding time(unit: second). The acceleration is calculated as follows: VI Quick stop deceleration = Delta speed (604A _h :01 _h) / Delta time (604A _h :02 _h)
6046 _h (Velocity min max amount)	Speed limit in VM mode (default unit: rpm, related to 604C _h). The details are as follows: 6046 _h : 01 _h set the minimum speed. If the target speed (6042 _h) is lower than the minimum speed, its value will be set to the minimum speed of 6046 _h : 01 _h . 6046 _h : 02 _h sets the maximum speed. If the target speed (6042 _h) is higher than the maximum speed, its value will be set to the maximum speed of 6046 _h : 02 _h .

The following figure shows the effect of acceleration and deceleration on the operation process:

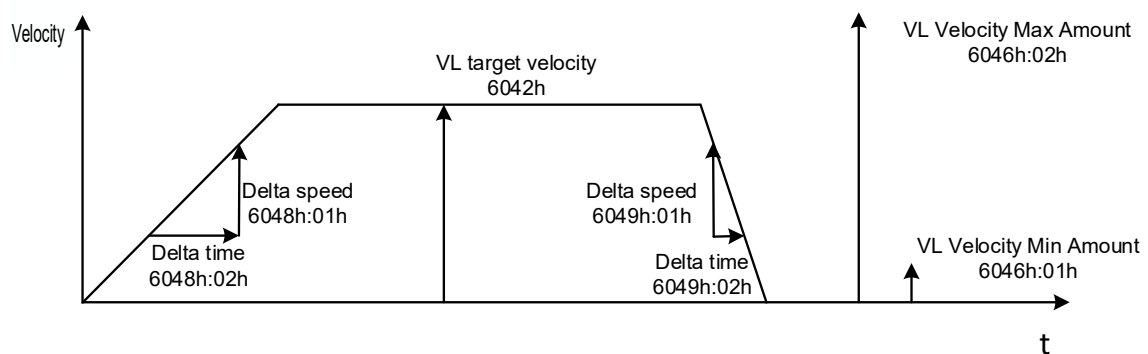


Figure 6-15

6.4.3 Control Instruction and Status Information

Enable

To enable this mode,the value must be set to "0" in object 2002_h:01_h and "2" in object 6060_h (Modes of Operation).

Control Word

15	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	0
(see 4.1.2)	Halt	(see 4.1.2)	Reference ramp	Unlock ramp	Enable ramp	(see 4.1.2)		
MSB								LSB

In Velocity mode, the following bits in the object 6040_h (control word) have special functions:

Table 6-13

Bit	Value	Description
2	0	When Quick stop is triggered, the motor will perform quick braking according to the Quick stop deceleration set in the object 604A _h . The controller then switches to the "Switch on disabled" state
	1	No Operation
4	0	The output changes to the given immediately without acceleration and deceleration
	1	Adjust the velocity according to the acceleration and deceleration setting
5	0	No longer adjust velocity from the planner output, the velocity output shall be locked to the current value
	1	Adjust the speed according to the speed output of the planner
6	0	velocity curve planner input is 0
	1	velocity curve planner input is the given target velocity
8	0	No Operation
	1	Motor suspension

Status Word

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	0
(see 4.1.3)	reserved	(see 4.1.3)	reserved	(see 4.1.3)	reserved	(see 4.1.3)	
MSB							LSB

In Velocity mode, the bit in the object 6041_h (control word) has no special function. For the definition of the general bit, see 4.1.3 status sub-word.

6.4.4 Function Description

In this mode, the motor operates according to the preset target velocity, similar to the converter.

6.4.5 Configuration Examples

- Configuration mode

Write 2002_h:01_h=0, 6060_h=0x02, configured for velocity mode (VM).

Send: 601 2B 02 20 01 00 00 00 00 (set to CiA402 mode)

Send: 601 2F 60 60 00 02 00 00 00 (set to velocity mode)

Note: When switching modes, the motor should be in a deactivated state

- Parameter configuration

Write acceleration: 6048h:01h= 500 (unit rpm), 6048h:02h= 1 (unit 1s).

Write acceleration: 6049h:01h= 500 (in rpm), 6049h:02h= 1 (unit 1s).

Send: 601 23 48 60 01 F4 01 00 00 (set 6048h:01h to 500)

Send: 601 2B 48 60 02 01 00 00 00 (set 6048h:02h to 1)

Send: 601 23 49 60 01 F4 01 00 00 (Set 6049h:01h to 500)

Send: 601 2B 49 60 02 01 00 00 00 (Set 6049h:02h to 1)

- Write control word

To enable the motor for the first time, you must first write 0x6, 0x7 and 0x7F to control word 6040h in sequence; to write 0x7 for subsequent interruptions; and to write 0x7F for enabling.

Send: 601 2B 40 60 00 06 00 00 00 (set 6040h to 0x6 to make the motor ready)

Send: 601 2B 40 60 00 07 00 00 00 (set 6040h to 0x7 to disable motor)

Send: 601 2B 40 60 00 7F 00 00 00 (Set 6040h to 0x7F to enable motor)

- Set the target speed and run the motor.

When the motor is enabled, it will run at the speed of 6042h.

Send: 601 2B 42 60 00 2C 01 00 00 (Set target speed 6042h to 300rpm, motor will run at 300rpm)

- Parameter monitoring

Current actual speed 606Ch (unit rpm).

6.5 Profile Velocity Mode (PV)

In this mode, the upper controller sends the target velocity, acceleration and deceleration to the servo drive, and the servo adjusts velocity and torque internally.

6.5.1 Structure Chart

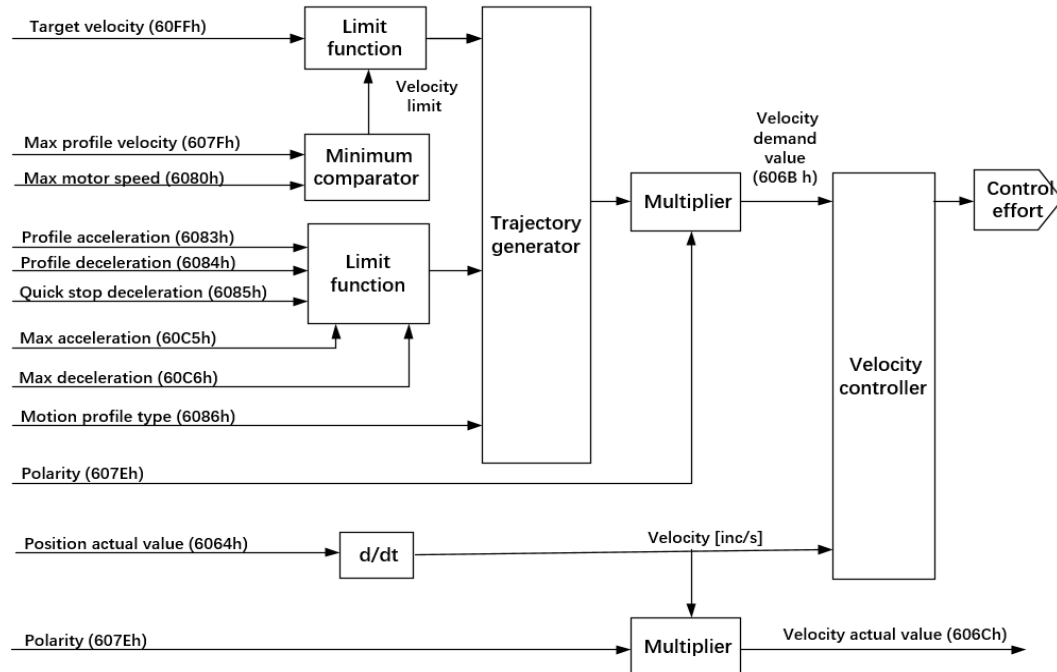


Figure 6-16

6.5.2 Objects Related

In this mode, the following objects need to be pay attention to:

Table 6-14

Object index	Description
6063 _h (Position Actual Enc Value)	Position Actual Enc Value(encoder unit)
6064 _h (Position actual user value)	Position actual user value(user unit)
606B _h (Velocity demand value)	Velocity demand value
606C _h (Velocity actual value)	Current velocity actual value feedback(unit:rpm)
607E _h (Polarity)	Rotation direction(polarity),See "5.1.4 607E _h : Polarity" for details
607F _h (Max profile velocity)	Maximum profile velocity during operation (user unit / s), which is used to limit the velocity
6080 _h (Max motor speed)	Max motor speed(rpm)
6083 _h (Profile acceleration)	The profile acceleration (user unit /s ²) during operation, which is limited by 60C5 _h .
6084 _h (Profile deceleration)	The profile deceleration (user unit /s ²) during operation, which is limited by 60C6 _h .
6085 _h (Quick stop deceleration)	Deceleration during "Quick stop" (user unit/s ²)
6086 _h (Motion profile type)	Choose the type of curve, i.e. slope, If the value is "0", the impact (acceleration) will not be limited, i.e. ladder curve;

Object index	Description
	If the value is "3", the value in 60A4 _h : 01 _h -02 _h will be used to limit the impact (acceleration), i.e. S-curve. This equipment only uses 01 _h and 02 _h indexes.
60C5 _h (Max acceleration)	Max acceleration (user unit /s ²)
60C6 _h (Max deceleration)	Max deceleration (user unit /s ²)
60FF _h (Target velocity)	Target velocity(user unit /s)

6.5.3 Control Instruction and Status Information

Enable

When this mode is enabled, the value must be set to "0" in object 2002_h:01_h and "3" in object 6060_h (Modes of Operation).

Control Word

15	9	8	7	6	4	3	0
(see 4.1.2)		Halt	(see 4.1.2)	reserved		(see 4.1.2)	
MSB							LSB

In Profile velocity mode, the following bits in the object 6040_h (control word) have special functions

Table 6-15

Bit	Value	Meaning
8	0	Motor keep operating
	1	Suspend

Status Word

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	0
(see 4.1.3)	-	Speed	(see 4.1.3)	Target reached	(see 4.1.3)		
MSB							LSB

In Position velocity mode, the following bits in the object 6041_h (status word) have special function

Table 6-16

Bit	Value	Definition
10	0	Halt(Bit8 in control word 6040 _h)=0:Target position not reached Halt (Bit8 in control word 6040 _h) = 1: Axis decelerates
	1	Halt (Bit8 in control word 6040 _h) = 0: Target position reached Halt (Bit8 in control word 6040 _h) = 1: Velocity of axis is 0
12	0	Velocity of axis is not 0
	1	Velocity of axis is 0

6.5.4 Function Description

In this mode, the master controller sends target speed, acceleration and deceleration to the servo drive, and the servo adjust the speed and torque internally.

6.5.5 Configuration Examples

- Configuration mode

Write 2002_h:01_h=0, run mode 6060_h=0x03 to operate in profile velocity mode.

Send: 601 2B 02 20 01 00 00 00 00 (set to CiA402 mode)

Send: 601 2F 60 60 00 03 00 00 00 (set to profile velocity mode)

Note: When switching modes, the motor should be in a deactivated state

- Configuration parameters.

Write contour acceleration: 6083_h = 40000 (user units/s²).

Write contour deceleration: 6084_h = 40000 (user units/s²).

Send: 601 23 83 60 00 40 9C 00 00 (set acceleration 6083_h to 40,000)

Send: 601 23 84 60 00 40 9C 00 00 (set deceleration 6084_h to 40,000)

- Write control word.

To enable the motor for the first time, you must first write 0x6, 0x7 and 0xF to control word 6040_h in sequence; to write 0x7 for subsequent interruptions; to write 0xF for enabling.

Send: 601 2B 40 60 00 06 00 00 00 (set 6040_h to 0x6 to make the motor ready)

Send: 601 2B 40 60 00 07 00 00 00 (set 6040_h to 0x7 to disable motor)

Send: 601 2B 40 60 00 0F 00 00 00 (Set 6040_h to 0xF to enable motor)

- Set the target speed and run the motor.

When the motor is enabled, it will run at the speed of 60FF_h.

Send: 601 23 FF 60 00 00 00 0A 00 (Set target speed 60FF_h to 655360, motor will run at 300rpm)

Send: 601 23 FF 60 00 00 00 F6 FF (Set target speed 60FF_h to -655360, motor will run at -300rpm)

- Parameter monitoring:

Current actual speed 606C_h (unit rpm).

6.6 Profile Torque Mode(PT)

In this mode, the master controller sends the target torque 6071_h and the torque ramp constant 6087_h to the servo drive, then the servo regulates torque internally. When the velocity reaches the limit, it will switch to the velocity regulation stage.

6.6.1 Structural Chart

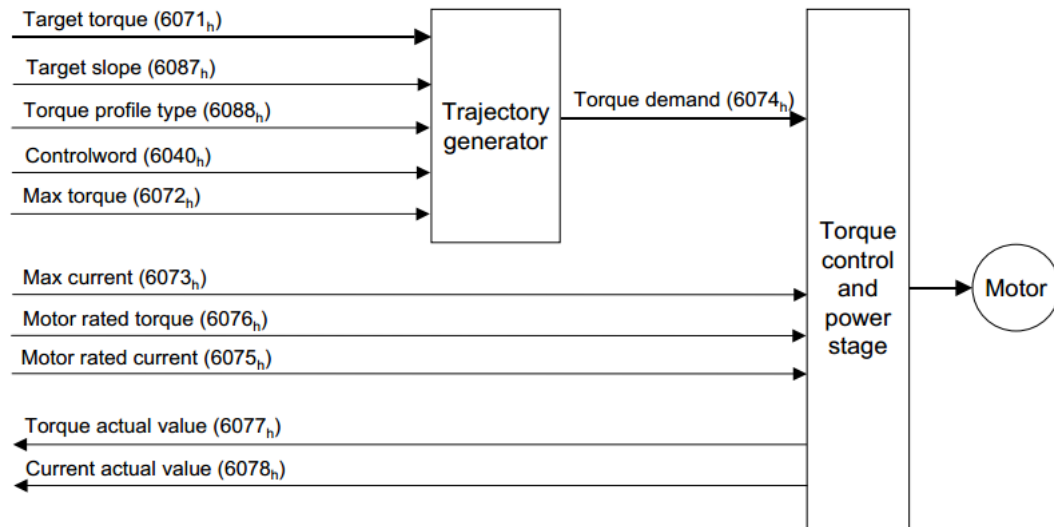


Figure 6-17

6.6.2 Objects Related

In this mode, the following objects need to be pay attention to:

Table 6-17

Object Index	Description
605D _h (Halt option code)	Halt option
605A _h (Quick stop option code)	Quick stop option
6071 _h (Target torque)	Target torque(unit: 0.1%)
6072 _h (Max torque)	Maximum torque on the entire slope (acceleration, holding torque, braking)(unit: 0.1%)
2007 _h :10 _h (TorqCtrlFwrSpeedLimit)	Forward velocity limit during torque control (rpm)
2007 _h :11 _h (TorqCtrlBwrSpeedLimit)	Backward velocity limit during torque control (rpm)
6087 _h (Torque slope)	Maximum torque change per second(unit: 0.1%)
6088 _h (Torque profile type)	Torque ramp type (0-ramp, 2-none)
6077 _h (Torque actual value)	Torque actual value(unit: 0.1%)

6.6.3 Control Instruction and Status Information

Enable

When this mode is enabled, the value in object 2002_h:01_h and object in 6060_h (Modes of Pperation) must be set to "0" and "4" respectively.

Control Word

15	9	8	7	6	4	3	0
(see 4.1.2)		Halt	(see 4.1.2)	reserved			(see 4.1.2)
MSB							LSB

In the Profile torque mode, the following bits in object 6040_h (control word) have special functions.

Table 6-18

Bit	Value	Description
8	0	Motor keep operating
	1	Suspend

Status Word

15	13	11	10	9
14	12			0
(see 4.1.3)	reserved	(see 4.1.3)	Target reached	(see 4.1.3)
MSB				LSB

In Position torque mode, the following bits in the object 6041_h (status word) have special function

Table 6-19

Bit	Value	Definition
10	0	Halt(Bit8 in control word 6040 _h)=0:Target position not reached Halt (Bit8 in control word 6040 _h) = 1: Axis decelerates
	1	Halt (Bit8 in control word 6040 _h) = 0: Target position reached Halt (Bit8 in control word 6040 _h) = 1: Velocity of axis is 0

6.6.4 Function Description

Velocity Limit Function

The Integrated low-voltage servo motor operating in Position torque mode, when the motor velocity exceeds the velocity limit (2007_h:10_h and 2007_h:11_h), it will automatically switch to the Velocity mode and the current velocity will be controlled within the velocity limit. When the servo detects that the torque command is less than the torque average at current velocity, the servo motor will exit Velocity mode and return to Position torque mode.

6.6.5 Configuration Examples

- Configuration mode

Write 2002_h:01_h=0, operating mode 6060_h=0x04 to operate in profile torque mode.

Send: 601 2B 02 20 01 00 00 00 00 (set to CiA402 mode)

Send: 601 2F 60 60 00 04 00 00 00 (set to profile torque mode)

Note: When switching modes, the motor should be in a deactivated state

- Configuration parameters

Write torque ramp type 6088_h = 0 (0 - ramp, 2 - no ramp).

Write torque ramp 6087_h = 10 (unit 0.1%).

Send: 601 2B 88 60 00 00 00 00 00 (set ramp type 6088_h to no ramp)

Send: 601 23 87 60 00 0A 00 00 00 (set torque ramp 6087_h to 10)

- Write control word

To enable the motor for the first time, you must first write 0x6, 0x7 and 0xF to the control word 6040_h in sequence; to write 0x7 for subsequent interruptions; and to write 0xF for enabling.

Send: 601 2B 40 60 00 06 00 00 00 (set 6040_h to 0x6 to make the motor ready)

Send: 601 2B 40 60 00 07 00 00 00 (set 6040_h to 0x7 to disable motor)

Send: 601 2B 40 60 00 0F 00 00 00 (Set 6040_h to 0xF to enable motor)

- Set the target speed and run the motor.

When the motor is enabled, it will run at the torque of 6071_h.

Send: 601 2B 71 60 00 F4 01 00 00 (Set target torque of 6071_h to 500, motor will run at 50% of rated torque)

- Parameter monitoring

Actual torque 6077_h (unit 0.1%).

6.7 Homing Mode(HM)

The Homing mode is used to operate from the current position to the home position of the device. In the operation ,the maximum acceleration, minimum deceleration, maximum velocity and minimum velocity are all taken into account.

6.7.1 Structure Chart

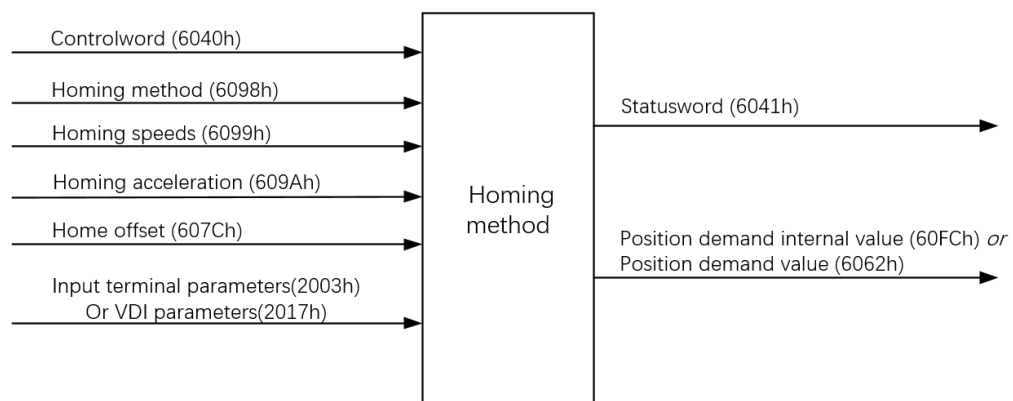


Figure 6-18

6.7.2 Objects Related

In this mode,the following objects need to be pay attention to:

Table 6-20

Object Index	Description
6062 _h (Position demand value)	Target position instruction value in effect currently(user unit)
607C _h (Home Offset)	Set the physical deviation between the motor origin and the machine reference point; When the Homing operation is completed, Bit15= 1 in the status word 6041 _h , it takes effect
6098 _h (Homing Method)	Homing Method(See"6.7.4 Function description")
6099 _h (Speed)	Velocity(user unit/s) Sub-index: 6099 _h :01 _h : the velocity to find the switch 6099 _h :02 _h : the velocity to find the origin
609A _h (Homing Acceleration)	Acceleration and deceleration in homing process(user unit/s ²)
60FC _h (Position demand internal value)	Output of track generator, i.e.real-time position instruction internal planned(encoder unit)
6063 _h (Position actual enc value)	Position actual enc value(encoder unit)
2003 _h (Input terminal parameters)	Function configuration of entity input terminals (see "7.1.1 Digital input") Note: multiple input terminals cannot be configured as the same switch at the same time, otherwise terminal setting failure will be reported
2017 _h (VDI/VDO parameters)	The parameters of virtual terminal input function and logic function

Example of Velocity Meaning

The following figure shows the velocity change during the homing method 18:

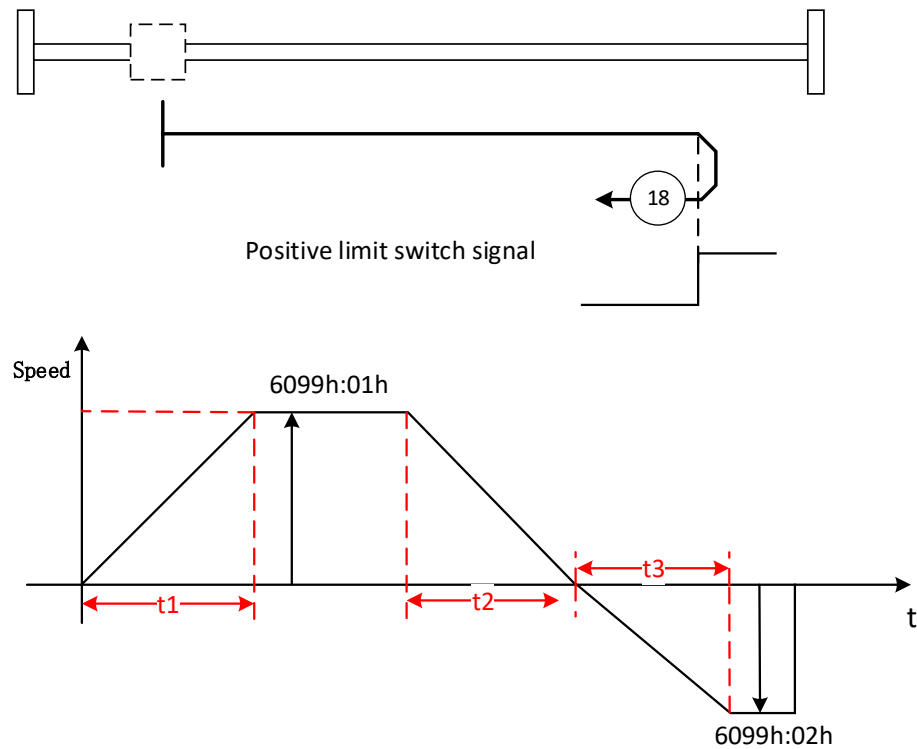


Figure 6-19

$$t1 = \frac{6099h:01h}{609Ah}; \quad t2 = \frac{6099h:01h}{609Ah}; \quad t3 = \frac{6099h:02h}{609Ah}$$

6.7.3 Control Instruction and Status Information

Enable

To enable this mode, the value in object 2002h:01h must be set to "0", the value in object 6060h (Modes of Operation) must be set to "6", and the multi-function terminals are configured to origin switch or limit switch function. See Section 7.1 for multi-function terminals configuration.

Control Word

15	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	0
(see 4.1.2)	Halt	(see 4.1.2)	reserved (0)	Homing operation start		(see 4.1.2)		
MSB				LSB				

In Homing mode, the following bits in the object 6040h (control word) have special functions

Table 6-21

Bit	Value	Definition
4	0	Homing mode is not enable
	1	Enable or continue Homing mode
8	0	Whether to enable the homing or not according to bit4
	1	Suspend according to the setting of 605D _h

Status Word

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	0
(see 4.1.3)	Homing error	Homing attained	(see 4.1.3)	Target reached	(see 4.1.3)		
MSB							LSB

In Homing mode, the following bits in the object 6041_h (Status-word) have special function:

Table 6-22

Bit	Value	Definition
10	0	Target position not reached
	1	Target position reached
12	0	Homing not completed
	1	Homing completed

6.7.4 Function Description

Finding the origin by blocking rotation

The return-to-origin method currently only supports the closed-loop control mode. The method of returning to the origin of locked rotor is similar to the method of using the switch to find the origin. The difference is that the torque detection value of the locked rotor replaces the limit switch.

The method and running direction of the origin return are shown in the following table:

Table 6-23

Origin return mode 6098 _h	Running direction
37	Press 6099 _h : 02 _h to run forward
38	Reverse running at 6099 _h : 02 _h speed

In addition, the method needs to set the following two parameters:

1. The detected torque when the locked rotor is looking for the origin (2007_h: 13_h)

The stall torque threshold should be greater than the actual running torque in the process of finding the origin, and should generally be less than the maximum torque to avoid triggering the stall protection.

2. Detection time when finding the origin by blocking rotation (2007_h: 15_h)

This time is the time during which the motor is locked to find the origin.

The specific schematic diagram of the process of the locked-rotation origin return method is as follows:

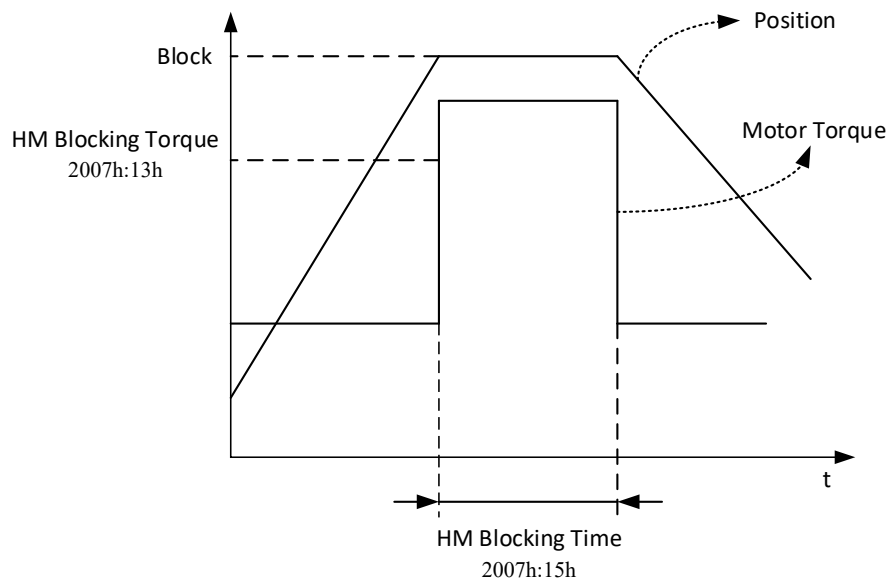


Figure 6-20

6.7.5 Configuration examples

- Write go home method

6098_h=37;

Send: 601 2F 98 60 00 25 00 00 00 (Set homing mode to 37)

- Setting the blocking detection torque and blocking detection time

2007h:13h= 300;

2007h:15h=50;

发送: 601 23 07 20 13 2C 01 00 00 (set blocking detection torque to 30%)

发送: 601 23 07 20 15 32 00 00 00 (set blocking detection time to 50ms)

- Setting mode

Write 2002_h:01_h=0, run mode 6060_h=0x06 to operate in homing mode.

Send: 601 2B 02 20 01 00 00 00 00 (set to CiA402 mode)

Send: 601 2F 60 60 00 06 00 00 00 (set to homing mode)

Note: When switching modes, the motor should be in the deactivated state

- Set find limit switch speed and find home signal speed

6099_h:02_h= 20000 (user units/s).

Send: 601 23 99 60 02 20 4E 00 00 (Set the speed of finding the home signal to 20000)

- Set go home acceleration

609A_h = 200000 (user units/s²).

Send: 601 23 9A 60 00 40 0D 03 00 (Set go home acceleration to 200000)

- Write control word

To enable the motor for the first time, you must first write 0x6, 0x7 and 0xF to the control word 6040_h in sequence; to write 0x7 for a subsequent break; to write 0xF for an enable.

Send: 601 2B 40 60 00 06 00 00 00 (set 6040_h to 0x6 to make the motor ready)

Send: 601 2B 40 60 00 07 00 00 00 (set 6040_h to 0x7 to disable motor)

Send: 601 2B 40 60 00 0F 00 00 00 (Set 6040_h to 0xF to enable motor)

- Trigger generator operation (after motor enable)

6040_h = 0x0F → 0x1F, motor operating

Send: 601 2B 40 60 00 1F 00 00 00 (Set 6040_h to 0x1F, motor operating)

6.8 Interpolated Position Mode(IP)

Interpolated position mode is used to synchronize multiple axes. To do this, the advanced controller calculates slope and path, transmits corresponding axis position demanded at a specific to the controller. The controller interpolates between these intermediate positions.

6.8.1 Structure Chart

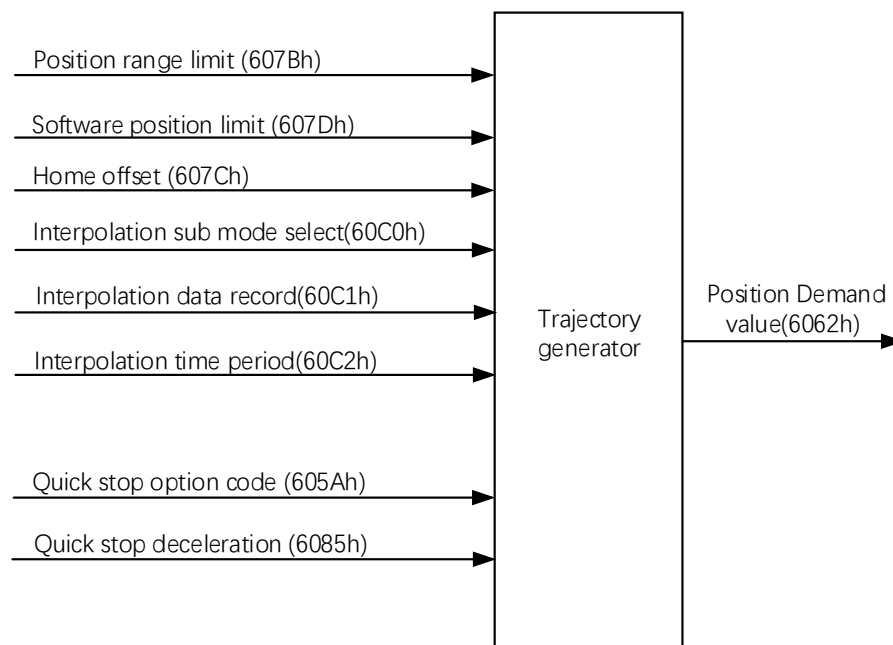


Figure 6-21

6.8.2 Objects Related

In this mode,the following objects need to be pay attention to:

Table 6-24

Object index	Description
607B _h (Position Range Limit)	Position range limit
607D _h (Software Position Limit)	Software position limit(user unit)
60C0 _h (Interpolation sub mode select)	0 Choose the interpolation type. This device only supports linear interpolation. The default value is 0
60C1 _h (Interpolation data record)	Set interpolation target location(user unit)
60C2 _h (Interpolation time period)	Interpolation period(recommended 1-20ms), defined by sub indexes 01 _h and 02 _h , interpolation period = $t * 10^n$ seconds sub indexes: 60C2 _h :01 _h (Interpolation time period value): Interpolation time constant t. 60C2 _h :02 _h (Interpolation time index): Interpolation time constant n
605A _h (Quick stop option code)	Quick stop option
605D _h (Halt option code)	Halt option
6085 _h (Quick stop deceleration)	Deceleration during "Quick stop" (user unit/s ²)
6062 _h (Position Demand Value)	Current position demand value inside the drive (user unit)
6063 _h (Position actual enc Value)	Current position actual value feedback (encoder unit)

6.8.3 Control Instruction and Status Information

Enable

As this mode is enabled, the value in object 2002_h:01_h and object 6060_h (Modes of Operation) must be set to "0" and "7" respectively.

Control Word

15	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	0
(see 4.1.2)	Halt	(see 4.1.2)	reserved	Enable interpolation	(see 4.1.2)			
MSB								LSB

In Interpolated position mode, the following bits in object 6040_h (control word) have special functions.

Table 6-25

Bit	Value	Definition
4	0	Disable interpolation
	1	Enable interpolation
8	0	Execute instruction of bit4
	1	Halt according to the configuration of 605D _h

Status Word

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	0
(see 4.1.3)	following error	ip mode active	(see 4.1.3)	Target reached	(see 4.1.3)		
MSB							LSB

In Interpolated mode, the following bits in the object 6041_h (status word) have special function

Table 6-26

Bit	Value	Definition
10	0	The target position not reached
	1	The target position not reached
12	0	Interpolation not enable
	1	Interpolation enable
13	0	No following error
	1	Following error

6.8.4 Function Description

Interpolation Diagram

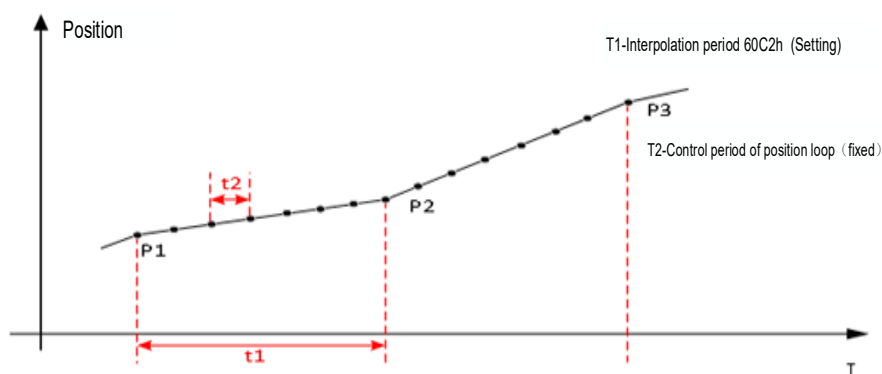


Figure 6-22

Notes:

t1: Interpolation period, which can be set in object dictionary 60C2_h.

t2: Control period of position loop, determined by the servo drive internally.

P1 / P2 / P3: Absolute position. The absolute position instructions is sent by the object dictionary 60C1_h:01_h. The interpolation mode only supports the absolute position instructions.

6.8.5 Configuration Examples

- Setting mode

Write 2002_h:01_h=0, run mode 6060_h=0x07 to make it work in interpolation mode.

Send: 601 2B 02 20 01 00 00 00 00 (set to CiA402 mode)

Send: 601 2F 60 60 00 07 00 00 00 (set to interpolation mode)

Note: When switching modes, the motor should be in the deactivated state

- Set interpolation time

Set the time constant 60C2_h: 01_h = 20 and the time index 60C2_h: 02_h = -3, the time is 20*10⁻³ (unit s);

Send: 601 2F C2 60 01 14 00 00 00 (Set the time constant 60C2_h:01_h to 20)

Send: 601 2F C2 60 02 FD 00 00 00 (Set the time index 60C2_h:02_h to -3)

- Write control word

To enable the motor for the first time, you must first write 0x6, 0x7 and 0x1F to the control word 6040_h in sequence; to write 0x7 for subsequent disconnection; to write 0x1F for enabling.

Send: 601 2B 40 60 00 06 00 00 00 (set 6040_h to 0x6 to make the motor ready)

Send: 601 2B 40 60 00 07 00 00 00 (set 6040_h to 0x7 to disable motor)

Send: 601 2B 40 60 00 1F 00 00 00 (Set 6040_h to 0x1F to enable motor)

- Trigger generator operation (after motor enable)

The host computer writes the interpolation position 60C1_h:01_h according to the interpolation cycle (only absolute position commands are supported, user units)

6.9 Cyclic Sync Position Mode (CSP)

In this mode, Preset absolute positions are sent to the controller through the field bus at fixed intervals (hereinafter call as "cycles"). In this mode, the controller no longer calculates the slope, only follows the preset value. The target position is transmitted by PDO, and the controller will react immediately. Bit4 in control word does not need to be set (different from Profile position mode). The preset target value is absolute and therefore independent to the transmitting times per cycle.

6.9.1 Structure Chart

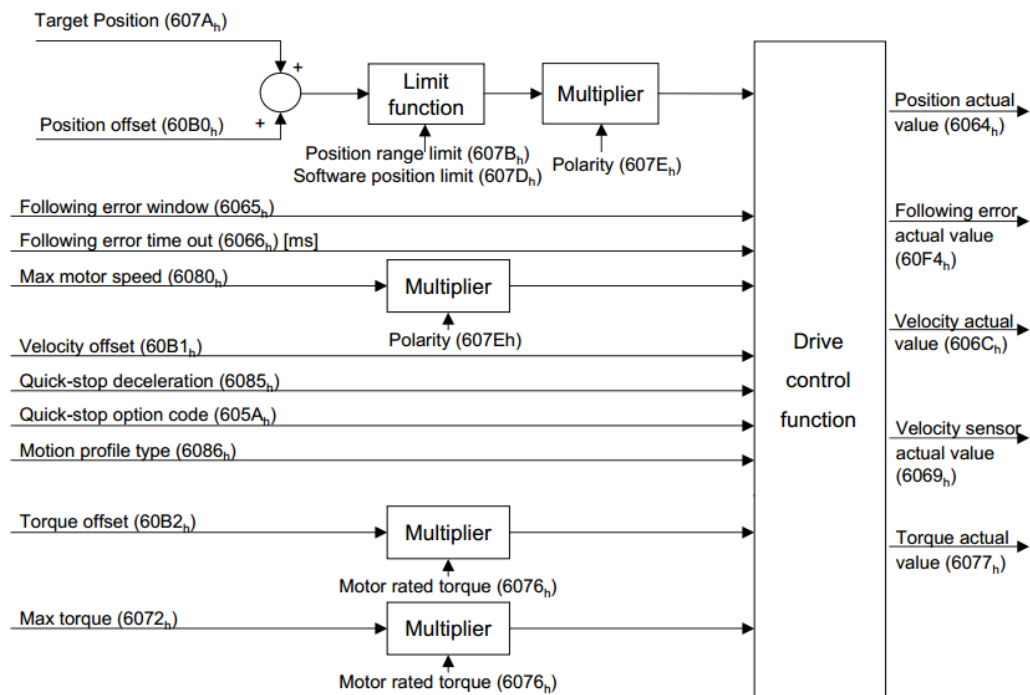


Figure 6-23

6.9.2 Objects Related

In this mode, the following objects need to be pay attention to:

Table 6-27

Object Index	Description
607A _h (Target position)	Target position(user unit)
607B _h (Position Range Limit)	Position Range Limit(user unit)
607D _h (Software Position Limit)	Target position limit (user unit)
607E _h (Polarity)	Rotation direction(polarity),See "5.1.4 607E _h : Polarity" for details
6065 _h (Following Error Window)	this object specifies the allowed tolerance from the rated position. If the actual position exceeds this tolerance for longer than the specified time (6066 _h), tracking error will be reported, (user unit)
6066 _h (Following Error Time Out):	Time range of following error , unit: millisecond. If the actual position exceeds the tolerance (6065 _h) for longer than this time range, tracking error will be reported, Bit13 of the control word will be set to 1.
6080 _h (Max motor speed)	Max motor speed(rpm)
6085 _h (Quick-Stop Deceleration)	Deceleration during "Quick stop" (user unit/s ²)
605A _h (Quick-Stop Option Code)	Quick-Stop Option
605D _h (Halt Option Code)	Halt Option
6086 _h (Motion Profile Type)	The slope type to be operated,if the value is "0", the impact will not be limited. If the value is "3", the impact will be limited with the value of 60a4 _h : 01 _h - 04 _h . Only 01 _h -02 _h is used by This equipment.
60B0 _h (Position offset)	Position offse(user unit)
60B1 _h (Velocity offset)	Velocity offset(user unit)

Object Index	Description
6064 _h (Position Actual Value)	Current absolute position feedback from motor(user unit)
606C _h (Velocity Actual Value)	Current velocity actual value feedback(unit:rpm)
60F4 _h (Following Error Actual Value)	Following Error Actual Value(user unit)

6.9.3 Control Instruction and Status Information

Enable

As this mode is enabled, the value in object 2002_h:01_h and object 6060_h (Modes of Pperation) must be set to "0" and "8" respectively.

Control Word

In the Cyclic sync position mode, the following bits in object 6040_h (control word) have special functions.

For the definition of the general bits, please refer to section 4.1.2 control words.

NoteThe CSP mode only supports the absolute position instructions.

Status Word

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	0
(see 4.1.2)	Following error	Target position ignored	(see 4.1.2)	reserved	(see 4.1.2)		
MSB							LSB

the Cyclic sync position mode, the following bits in object 6041_h (status word) have special functions:

Table 6-28

Bit	Value	Description
12	0	The controller doesn't follow the target preset value, 607A _h (Target position) will be ignored.
	1	The controller follows the preset target value, and the object 607A _h (target position) is used as the position control input.
13	0	No following error
	1	Following error

6.9.4 Function Description

In this mode, absolute preset position values will be sent to the controller by the field bus at fixed time intervals (hereinafter call as "cycles")

6.9.5 Configuration Example

- Configuration mode
- Write 2002_h:01_h=0, run mode 6060_h=0x08 to make it work in cyclic synchronous position mode.
- Set Control word

6040_h=0x06→0x07→0x0F,motor operates;

- the master controller sends the target position 607A_h periodically and synchronously (only absolute position command is supported).

6.10 Cyclic Sync Velocity Mode(CSV)

In the Cyclic sync velocity mode, the master controller sends the calculated target speed 60FF_h to the servo drive periodically and synchronously,the speed and torque regulation are performed by the servo internally.

6.10.1 Structural Chart

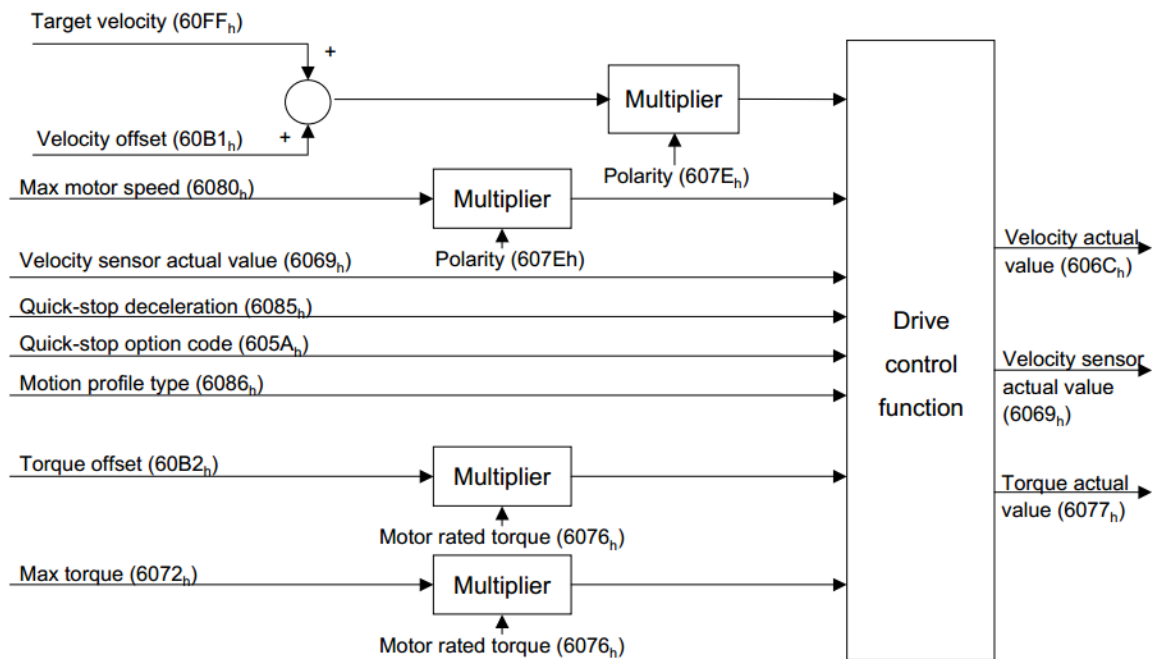


Figure 6-24

6.10.2 Objects Related

In this mode,the following objects need to be pay attention to:

Table 6-29

Object Index	Description
605A _h (Quick-Stop Option Code)	Quick stop option
605D _h (Halt Option Code)	Halt option
606C _h Velocity actual value	Current velocity actual value feedback (unit:rpm)
607E _h Polarity	Rotation direction(polarity),See "5.1.4 607E _h : Polarity" for details
60FF _h Target velocity	Target velocity (user unit:/s)
6080 _h Max motor speed	Max motor speed
6085 _h Quick-stop deceleration	Deceleration during "quick stop" (user unit/s ²)
6086 _h Motion profile type	Choose the type of curve, i.e. slope, If the value is "0", the impact (acceleration) will not be limited, i.e. ladder curve;

Object Index	Description
	If the value is "3", the value in 60A4 _h : 01 _h -02 _h will be used to limit the impact (acceleration), i.e. S-curve. This equipment only uses 01 _h and 02 _h indexes.
60B1 _h Velocity offset	Velocity offset (user unit)
60B2 _h Torque offset	Torque offset (0.1%)
6072 _h Max torque	Maximum torque on the entire slope (acceleration, holding torque, braking)(unit: 0.1%)

6.10.3 Control Instruction and Status Information

Enable

When this mode is enabled, the value must be set to "0" in object 2002_h:01_h and "8" in object 6060_h (Modes of Operation).

Control Word

In the Cyclic sync velocity mode, the bits in the object 6040_h (control word) have no special function. For the definition of the general bits, please refer to section 4.1.2 Control words.

Status Word

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	0
(see 4.1.3)	reserved	Target velocity ignored	(see 4.1.3)	reserved	(see 4.1.3)		
MSB							LSB

In Cyclic sync velocity mode, the following bits in the object 6041_h (status word) have special function

Table 6-30

Bit	Value	Definition
12	0	Target speed be discarded
	1	Target speed be planner input

6.10.4 Function Description

In Cyclic sync velocity mode, the master controller sends the calculated target speed 60FF_h to the motor drive periodically and synchronously, and the speed is adjusted by the motor internally.

6.10.5 Configuration Examples

- Setting mode

Write 2002_h:01_h=0, run mode 6060_h=0x09 to make it work in cyclic synchronous velocity mode.

Note: When switching mode, the motor should be in the deactivated state

- Write control word

6040_h=0x06→0x07→0x0F, the motor runs, the upper computer needs to write the speed object 60FF_h in accordance with the synchronous cycle.

- The host computer sends the target speed 60FF_h (user unit/s) in accordance with the synchronization cycle

6.11 Cyclic Sync Torque Mode (CST)

In this mode, the upper controller sends the calculated target torque 6071_h periodically and synchronously to the servo drive, and the torque is adjusted by the servo internally. When the velocity reaches its limit, the servo will switch the velocity regulation stage.

6.11.1 Structure chart

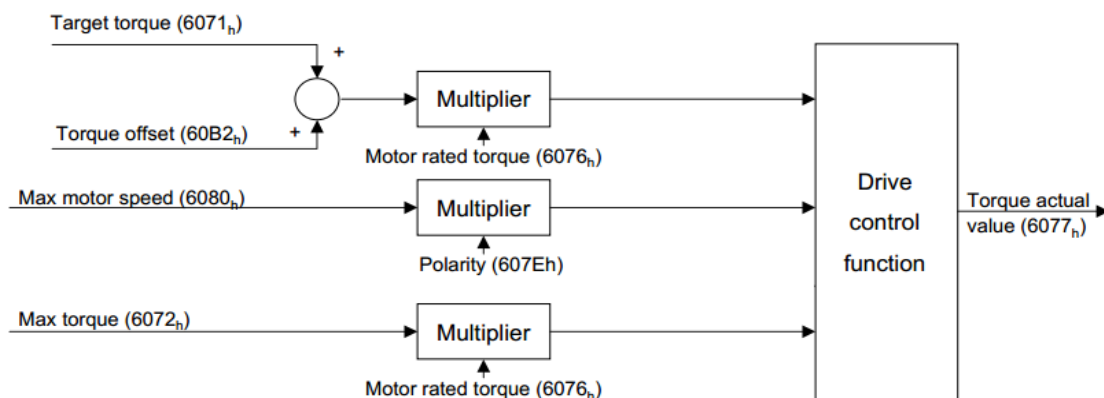


Figure 6-25

6.11.2 Objects Related

In this mode, the following objects need to be pay attention to:

Table 6-31

Object index	Description
605A _h (Quick stop option code)	Quick stop option
605D _h (Halt option code)	Halt option
6071 _h (Target torque)	Target torque(unit: 0.1%)
6072 _h (Max torque)	Maximum torque on the entire slope (acceleration, holding torque, braking)(unit: 0.1%)
6073 _h (Max current)	Max current allowable (0.01A)
6080 _h (Max motor speed)	Max motor speed (rpm)
60B2 _h (Torque offset)	Torque offset (0.1%)
6088 _h (Torque profile type)	Torque ramp type (0-ramp, 2-none)
6077 _h (Torque actual value)	Torque actual value(unit: 0.1%)

6.11.3 Control Instruction and Status Information

Enable

To enable this mode, the value of object 2002_h: 01_h and the value of object 6060_h (Modes of Operation) must be set to "0" and "8" respectively.

Control Word

In the Cyclic sync torque mode, the bits in the object 6040_h (control word) have no special function. For the definition of the general bits, please refer to section 4.1.2 Control words.

Status Word

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	0
(see 4.1.3)	reserved	Target torque ignored	(see 4.1.3)	reserved	(see 4.1.3)		
MSB				LSB			

In the Cyclic sync torque mode, the following bits in the object 6041_h (Status-word) have special function

Table 6-32

Bit	Value	Definition
12	0	Target torque be discarded
	1	Target torquespeed be planner input

6.11.4 Function Description

In this mode, the upper controller sends the calculated target torque 6071_h periodically and synchronously to the servo drive.

6.11.5 Configuration Examples

- Setting mode
Write 2002_h:01_h=0, run mode 6060_h=0x0A to make it work in cyclic synchronous torque mode.
Note: When switching the mode, the motor should be in deactivated state
- Write control word
Write control word 6040_h=0x06→0x07→0x0F, motor operation.
- The upper computer sends the target torque 6071_h according to the synchronous cycle (unit 0.1%)

6.12 NiMotion Mode

6.12.1 Summary

The NiMotion mode is different from CIA402 mode, without state machine management and controlled by multi-functional terminals. Manufacturer modes include Manufacturer position mode, Manufacturer velocity mode, Manufacturer torque mode. 2002_h:01_h (Control mode selection) is used to determine which mode the servo be in. See 6.1 Control mode overview for specific correspondence.

6.13 NiMotion Position Mode

6.13.1 Structural Chart

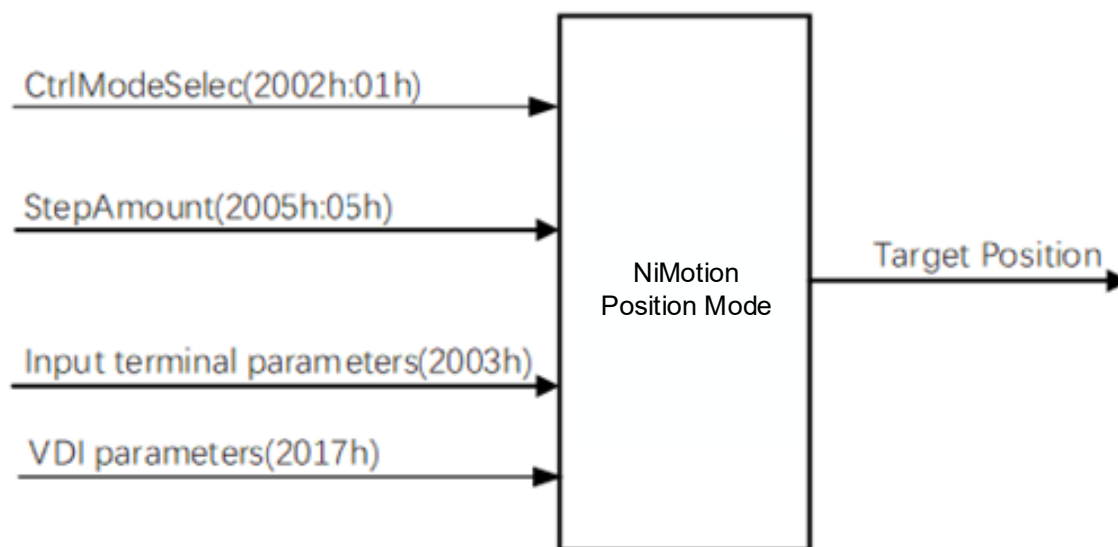


Figure 6-26

6.13.2 Objects Related

In this mode, the following objects need to be pay attention to:

Table 6-33

Object Index	Description
2002 _h :01 _h (CtrlModeSelec)	Operation mode selection
2005 _h :05 _h (StepAmount)	Step amounts setting (encoder unit)
2017 _h (VDI parameters)	7.1.1 Virtual terminal input function configuration (see "7.1.1 Digital input" for details)
2003 _h (Input terminal parameters)	7.1.1 Entity input terminal function configuration (see "7.1.1 Digital input" for details)

6.13.3 Control Instruction and Status Information

In this mode, there is no state machine, and the motor is enabled by the terminals.

Enable

The premise of this mode: the integrated low-voltage servo motor is switched to the Manufacturer position mode (2002_h: 01_h to 1).

1 Position source option:

Object (2005_h: 01_h) is the source of position instruction (2006_h: 01_h), meaning: 0-pulses, 1-step amounts;

- 2 set multi-function terminals (both physical terminals and virtual terminals are applicable. See 7.1 Digital input and output for specific configuration)

If position instructions is set to from 1, configure one input terminal as motor enable source, and set its valid logic level according to the actual situation(by default low-level-valid); and configure the other input terminal as step enabling source, set its valid logic level according to the actual situation, (by default low-level-valid);

If position instructions is set to from 0, (given by external pulses), it is necessary to configure the input terminals DI1 and DI2 as the corresponding pulse inputs ,and set the enable terminal of motor in addition.

Position configure

If position instructions is set to from 1 It is necessary to preset the step amounts and set it to the object 2005_h: 05_h;

If position instructions is set to from 0, It is necessary to input pulses signal from input terminals DI1 and DI2.

Operation

If position instructions is set to from 1, enable the motor by the terminal, and enable the stepp amounts through the terminal, then the motor will operates the distance (unit: Inc) preset in (2005_h: 05_h) for each stepping enabled;

If the position command is from 0, enable the motor by terminal, then the motor operates according to the pulses from the input terminal.

6.13.4 Function Description

In this mode, the motor operates a controllable distance according to the signal from the input terminals.

6.14 NiMotion Velocity Mode

6.14.1 Structure chart

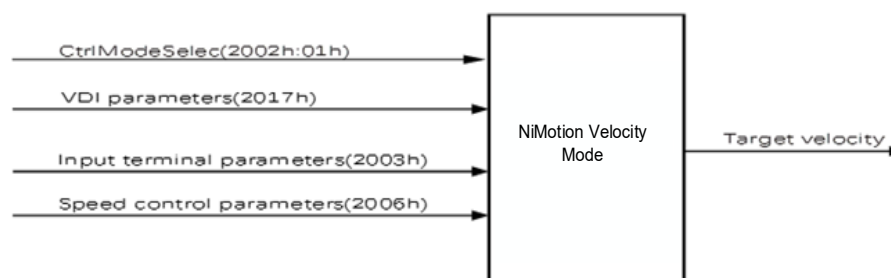


Figure 6-27

6.14.2 Objects Related

In this mode,the following objects need to be pay attention to:

Table 6-34

Object index	Description
2000 _h :0F _h	Max motor velocity (rpm)
2002 _h :01 _h (CtrlModeSelec)	Operation mode selection
2006 _h (Velocity control parameters)	2006_h:01_h: NiMotion velocity mode main velocity reference source, 0-digital reference, 3-duty cycle reference (20Hz-20kHz, 1kHz recommended), 4-50% duty cycle velocity regulation reference (20Hz-20kHz, 1kHz is recommended) 2006_h:02_h: NiMotion velocity mode auxiliary velocity reference source, 0-digital reference, 3-multi-velocity 2006_h:03_h: NiMotion velocity mode velocity command selection, 0-main velocity reference, 1- auxiliary velocity reference, 2-main velocity and auxiliary velocity reference (default 0-main velocity reference) 2006_h:04_h: velocity command digital given value, unit rpm 2006_h:07_h: Velocity command acceleration ramp time constant, unit ms, representing the time it takes to accelerate from 0rpm to 1000rpm. 2006_h:08_h: Velocity command deceleration ramp time constant, unit ms
2017 _h (VDI parameters)	Virtual terminal input function configuration (see "7.1.1 Digital input" for details)
2003 _h (Input terminal parameters)	Function configuration of entity input terminals (see "7.1.1 Digital input") Note: multiple input terminals cannot be configured as the same switch at the same time, otherwise terminal setting failure will be reported

6.14.3 Control Instruction and Status Information

In this mode, there is no state machine, and the motor is enabled by the terminals.

Enable

The prerequisite for the operation of this mode: the integrated low-voltage servo motor is switched to NiMotion velocity mode (2002_h:01_h is set to 2).

1 Selection of velocity source:

The object is the main velocity command source (2006_h:01_h), meaning: 0-digital reference, 3-duty cycle reference, 4-50% duty cycle velocity control reference;

The object is the source of auxiliary velocity command (2006_h:02_h), meaning: 0-digital reference, 3-multi-velocity;

Through the velocity command selection (2006_h:03_h), the actual effective velocity is the main velocity command (effective by default), the auxiliary velocity command or the main and auxiliary velocity command.

- 2 Set up multi-function terminals (both physical terminals and virtual terminals are applicable, please refer to "7.1 Digital Input and Output" for terminal settings):

Configure one input terminal as motor enable, and configure its valid logic level according to the actual situation, the default low level is valid.

If the main velocity command source set in the previous step is 3 (duty cycle given), and the velocity command selection (2006_h:03_h) is 0, you need to set the corresponding input terminals DI1 and DI2 as duty cycle input and duty cycle direction Function;

If the main velocity command source set in the previous step is 4 (50% duty cycle velocity control setting), and the velocity command selection (2006_h:03_h) is 0, you need to set the corresponding input terminal DI1 as the duty cycle input function;

- 3 Velocity, acceleration and maximum velocity setting

If the main velocity command source is selected as 0-digital reference, the velocity reference value needs to be set and written to the object 2006_h:04_h;

If the main velocity command source is selected as 3-duty ratio setting, input pulse signal from DI1 (duty ratio) and DI2 (direction) input direction signal, 100% duty ratio corresponds to the maximum velocity (2000_h:0F_h), 0% duty cycle corresponds to velocity 0;

If the main velocity command source is selected as 4-50% duty cycle velocity control setting, you need to input pulse signal from DI1 (duty cycle), 0~50% corresponds to-limited velocity (2006_h:0B_h)~0, 50% ~100% corresponds to 0~+limit velocity (2006_h:0A_h);

Configure acceleration and deceleration 2006_h:07_h and 2006_h:08_h

- 4 Run

According to the set motor enable terminal, enable the motor, and the motor will run at the set velocity.

6.14.4 Function Description

In this mode, the motor will run to the corresponding velocity according to the input of the terminal or the given digital quantity.

6.15 NiMotion Torque Mode

6.15.1 Structural Chart

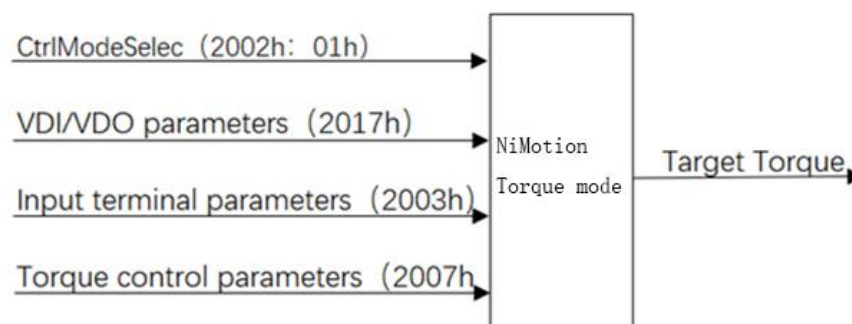


Figure 6-28

6.15.2 Objects Related

In this mode, the following objects need to be pay attention to:

Table 6-35

Object Index	Description
2002 _h :01 _h (CtrlModeSelec)	Operation mode selection
2007 _h (Torque control parameters)	Sub-index: 2007 _h :01 _h :Torque source in Manufacturer torque mode, 0-digital given 2007 _h :04 _h : Torque command digital given (0.1%) 2007 _h :0A _h : Positive limit of Internal torque (0.1%) 2007 _h :0B _h : Negative limit of Internal torque (0.1%) 2007 _h :10 _h : Positive velocity limit of torque controlrpm 2007 _h :11 _h : Negative velocity limit of torque controlrpm
2017 _h (VDI parameters)	Virtual terminal input function configuration (see "7.1.1 Digital input" for details)
2003 _h (Input terminal parameters)	Function configuration of entity input terminals (see "7.1.1 Digital input") Note: multiple input terminals cannot be configured as the same switch at the same time, otherwise terminal setting failure will be reported

6.15.3 Control Instruction and Status Information

In this mode, there is no state machine, and the motor is enabled by the terminals.

Enable

The prerequisite for the operation of this mode: the integrated low-voltage servo motor is switched to NiMotion torque mode (2002_h:01_h is set to 3).

1 Torque source selection: :

The object is the main torque reference source (2007_h:01_h), meaning: 0-digital reference;

The object is the source of auxiliary torque reference (2007_h:02_h), meaning: 0-digital reference;

Through the torque command selection (2007_h:03_h), the actual effective is the main torque command (effective by default), auxiliary torque command or main and auxiliary torque command.

2 Set up multi-function terminals (both physical terminals and virtual terminals are applicable, please refer to "7.1 Digital Input and Output" for terminal settings):

Configure one input terminal as motor enable, and configure its valid logic level according to the actual situation, the default low level is valid

3 Torque setting and torque and speed limit setting

If you select the speed command source as the digital reference, you need to set the torque reference

value and write it to the object 2007_h:04_h;

Configure positive and negative internal torque limit 2007_h:0A_h and 2007_h:0B_h

Configure forward and reverse speed limit values 2007_h: 10_h and 2007_h: 11_h

4 Run

According to the set motor enable terminal, enable the motor, and the motor will run according to the set torque.

6.15.4 Function Description

In this mode, the motor will run to the corresponding torque through the enable control of the physical or virtual terminal and the torque digital quantity setting. When the running velocity of the motor exceeds the velocity limit (forward velocity limit value 2007_h:10_h and reverse velocity limit value 2007_h:11_h), it will automatically switch to velocity mode control and control the current velocity within the velocity limit . When it is detected that the given target torque is less than the average torque of the current velocity, the servo motor exits velocity control and returns to torque mode control.

6.16 Multi-Segment Position Mode

6.16.1 Structure diagram

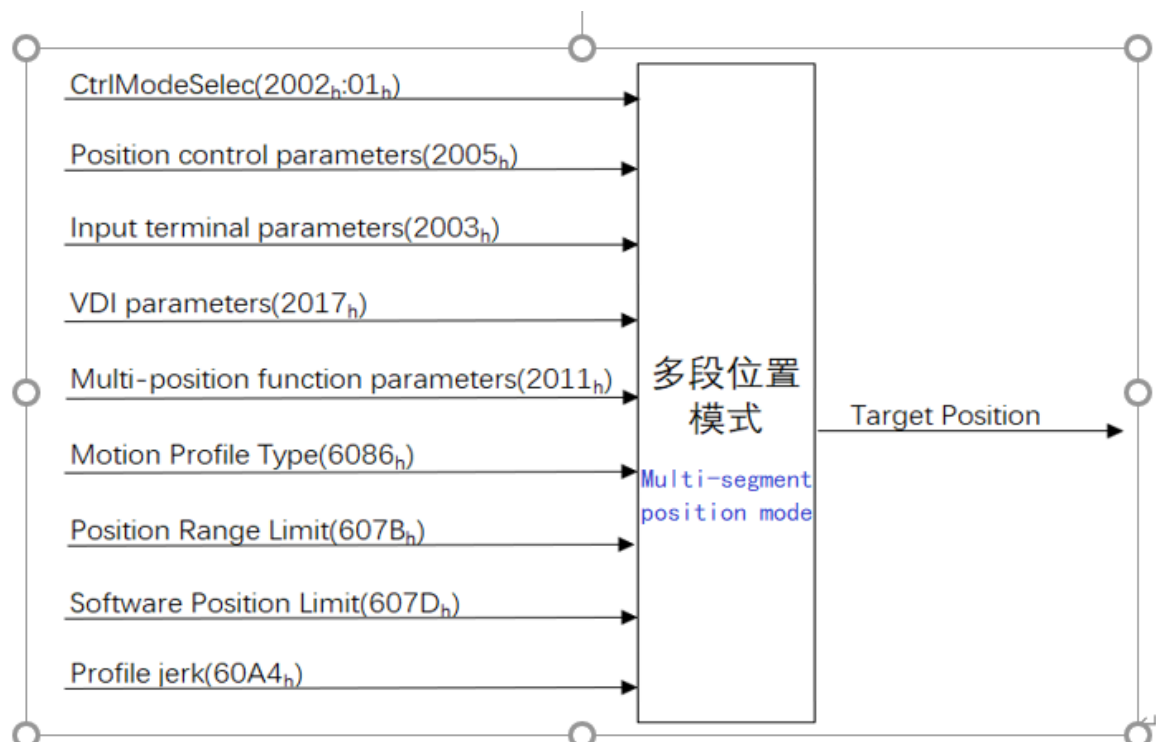


Figure 6-29

6.16.2 Related Objects

The following objects need to be noted in this mode:

Table 6-36

Object index	Description
2002 _h :01 _h (CtrlModeSelec)	Selection of operating mode
2005 _h (Position control parameters)	2005 _h : 01 _h : Source of position command, 0-pulse, 1-step amount, 2-multi-segment position 2005 _h : 05 _h : Step amount setting (encoder unit)
2017 _h (VDI parameters)	Virtual input terminal function configuration (see: "7.1.1 Digital input" for details)
2003 _h (Input terminal parameters)	Physical input terminal function configuration (see: "7.1.1 Digital input" for details) It should be noted that multiple input terminals cannot be configured as the same switch at the same time, otherwise the terminal setting failure will be reported.
2011 _h (Multi-position function parameters)	Multi-segment position function parameter group
607B _h (Position Range Limit)	Location range limitation (user unit)
607D _h (Software Position Limit)	Limitation of target location (user unit)
6086 _h (Motion Profile Type)	Select the type of planner curve that is the slope, If the value is "0", the impact (acceleration) will not be limited, that is, the trapezoid curve; If the value is "3", the value in 60A4 _h : 01 _h -02 _h will be used to limit the shock (acceleration), that is, S-shaped curve, this device only uses the 01 _h and 02 _h indexes.
60A4 _h (Profile jerk)	The profile is accelerated, see 6.3.2 for the specific implementation process

6.16.3 Control instructions and status information

There is no state machine management in this mode, the motor is enabled through the terminal.

Enable

The operating premise of this mode: the integrated low voltage servo motor is switched to the NiMotion position mode (2002_h: 01_h write 1).

- 1 Location source selection:

The object (2005_h: 01_h) is the source of the position command (2005_h: 01_h), meaning: 0-pulse, 1-step amount, 2-multi-segment position;

- 2 Set multi-function terminals (both physical terminals and virtual terminals are applicable, please refer to "7.1 Digital Input and Output" for terminal settings)

Set the position command source to 2, configure one input terminal to enable the motor, and configure

its effective logic level according to the actual situation, the default low level is effective; set the other input terminal to multi-stage enable (function number 28) Configure its effective logic level, the default low level is effective;

3 Position setting

Set the corresponding operating mode and operating parameters of each segment through the multi-segment position function parameter group (2011_h).

4 run

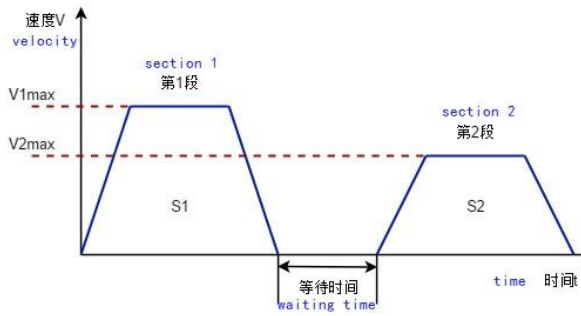
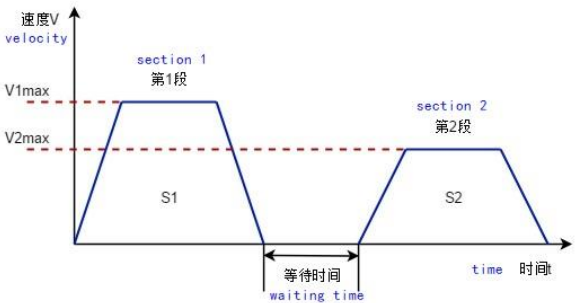
First enable the motor through one terminal, and then enable the multi-segment position command through the other terminal. The motor will run according to the operating mode set by the multi-segment position function parameter group (2011_h) and the operating parameters of each segment.

6.16.4 Function description

There are three operation modes for the multi-stage position mode, which are single operation, cyclic operation and DI switching operation. When using the multi-segment position function, the DI port must be set to servo enable (function number 1) and multi-segment enable (function number 28); during each segment operation, the servo enable must be valid; under non-DI switching operation mode, If the servo enable is valid, it must be ensured that the multi-segment enable is valid. If the multi-segment enable is turned off, the servo will give up the displacement command not sent by this segment and stop.

The detailed description of each operation mode is shown in the following table:

Table 6-37

Operation mode	Description	Running curve
Single operation	Paragraphs 1 to 16 run once; Automatic segment number switching Waiting time can be set between segments; Multi-segment position enable is active level.	
Cyclic operation	The number of times the 2011_h: 06_h set the starting segment to 2011_h: 02_h set the 2011_h: 04_h set to run; Automatic segment number switching Waiting time can be set between segments; Multi-level position enable is active level; Note: If the setting value of the end segment is smaller than the start segment, the first segment to the 16th segment will cycle once.	

Operation mode	Description	Running curve																									
DI switching operation Note: The physical terminal and the virtual terminal can be used in combination, and the combination must be 4 bits; Physical terminal selection DI1 = 6, DI2 = 7, Virtual terminal VI1 = 8, VI2 = 9	The position segment number switch is determined by the decimal 0 ~ 15 corresponding to the 4-digit binary number composed of multifunctional numbers 6, 7, 8, and 9;; The waiting time set between segments is invalid; Multi-segment position enable is effective along the change; The relationship between segment numbers and multifunction numbers is as follows: <table><tr><th>Fun9</th><th>Fun8</th><th>Fun7</th><th>Fun6</th><th>Section number</th></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>2</td></tr><tr><td colspan="5">.....</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>16</td></tr></table>	Fun9	Fun8	Fun7	Fun6	Section number	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2						1	1	1	1	16	
Fun9	Fun8	Fun7	Fun6	Section number																							
0	0	0	0	1																							
0	0	0	1	2																							
.....																											
1	1	1	1	16																							
Run sequentially	The number of times the 2011h: 06h set the starting segment to 2011h: 02h set the 2011h: 04h set to run; Automatic segment number switching The waiting time set between segments is invalid; Multi-level position enable is active level; Note: If the setting value of the end segment is smaller than the start segment, the first segment to the 16th segment will cycle once.																										

6.17 Multi-velocity mode

6.17.1 Structure

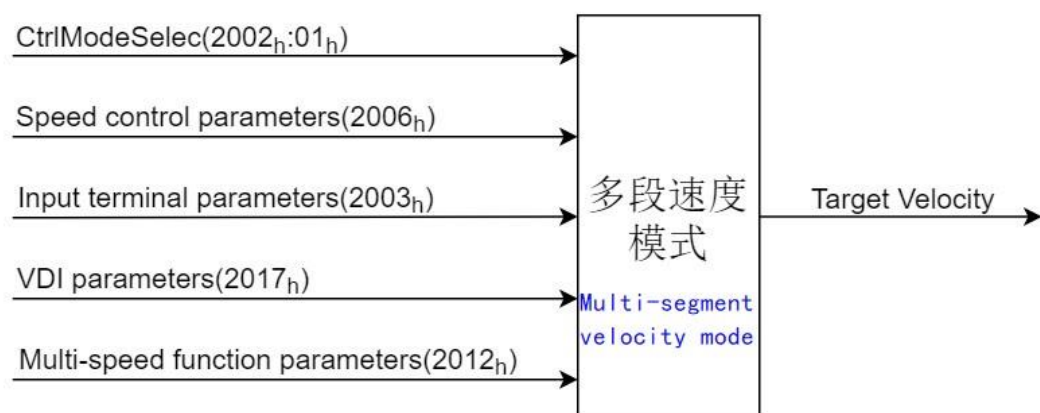


Figure 6-30

6.17.2 Related Objects

The following objects need to be noted in this mode:

Table 6-38

Object index	Description
2002 _h :01 _h (CtrlModeSelec)	Selection of operating mode
2006 _h (Speed control parameters)	2006_h: 01_h: NiMotion velocity mode main speed reference source, 0-digital reference, 3-duty cycle reference (20Hz-20kHz, 1kHz recommended) 2006_h: 02_h: NiMotion velocity mode auxiliary speed reference source, 0-digital reference, 3-multi-step speed 2006_h: 03_h: NiMotion velocity mode speed command selection, 0-main speed reference, 1-secondary speed reference, 2-main speed and auxiliary speed reference (default 0) 2006_h: 04_h: digital reference value of speed command, unit rpm 2006_h: 07_h: Speed command acceleration ramp time constant, the unit is ms, which means the time it takes to accelerate from 0rpm to 1000rpm. 2006_h: 08_h: Speed command deceleration ramp time constant, unit ms
2017 _h (VDI parameters)	Virtual input terminal function configuration (see: "7.1.1 Digital input" for details)
2003 _h (Input terminal parameters)	Physical input terminal function configuration (see: "7.1.1 Digital input" for details) It should be noted that multiple input terminals cannot be configured as the same switch at the same time, otherwise the terminal setting failure will be reported.
2012 _h (Multi-speed function parameters)	Multi-stage speed function parameter group

6.17.3 Control instructions and status information

There is no state machine management in this mode, the motor is enabled through the terminal.

Enable

The operating premise of this mode: the integrated low-voltage servo motor is switched to the NiMotion velocity mode (2002_h: 01_h is set to 2).

1 Speed source selection:

The object is the source of auxiliary speed command (2006_h: 02_h), meaning: 0-number given, 3-multi-speed,

The speed command selection (2006_h: 03_h) actually takes effect is the main speed command, auxiliary speed command, or main speed command.

2 Set up multi-function terminals (both physical and virtual terminals are applicable, see "7.1 Digital Input and Output" for terminal settings):

Configure one input terminal as motor enable, and configure its effective logic level according to the actual situation, the default low level is effective; configure another input terminal as multi-stage enable (function number 28), according to the actual configuration of its effective logic level , The default low level is effective.

3 Speed setting

Set multi-stage speed function parameter group (2012_h) to set the corresponding operating mode and operating parameters of each stage

4 Run

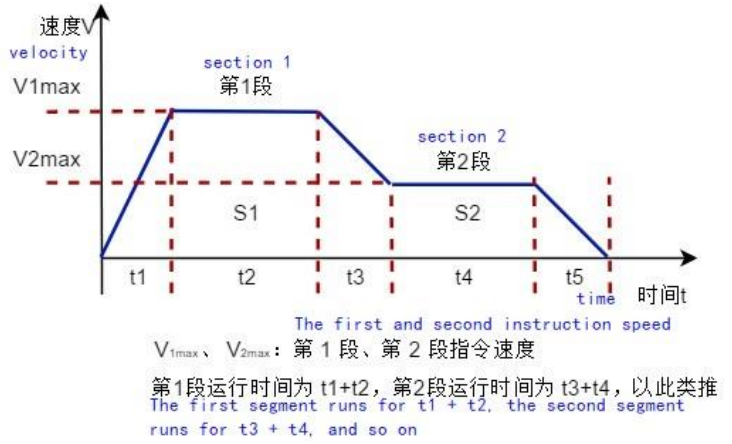
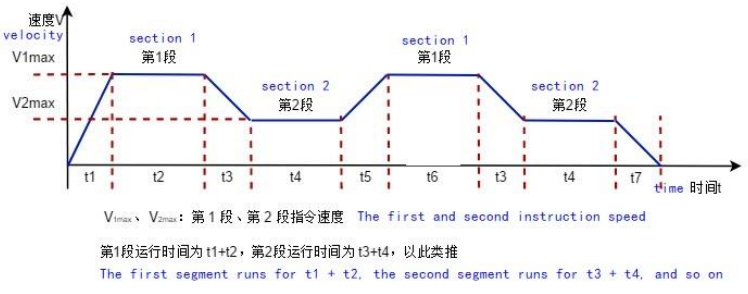
The motor is enabled through one terminal, and the motor runs according to the operating mode set by the multi-stage speed function parameter group (2012_h) and the operating parameters of each stage.

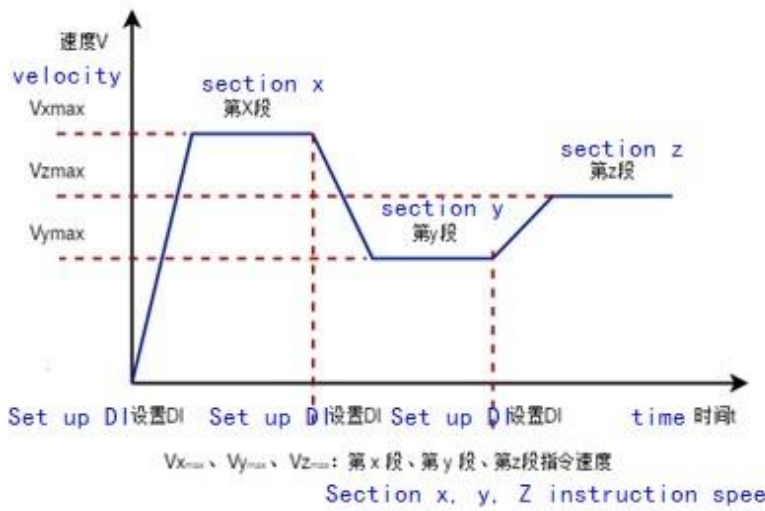
6.17.4 Function description

The multi-velocity mode has 4 operation modes, which are single operation, cycle operation and DI switching operation. When using the multi-stage speed function, a DI port must be set as the servo enable (function number 1). During each speed command operation, the servo enable must be effective. If the servo enable is turned off, the servo motor will stop according to the disable mode.

The detailed description of each operation mode is shown in the following table:

Table 6-39

Operation mode	Description	Running curve
Single operation 2012 _h :01 _h =0	Run once from paragraph 1 to paragraph 16; Segment number is automatically incremented and switched; Multi-segment enable is level effective.	 速度V velocity V1max V2max section 1 第1段 S1 section 2 第2段 S2 t1 t2 t3 t4 t5 time 时间t The first and second instruction speed V1max、V2max: 第1段、第2段指令速度 第1段运行时间为 t1+t2, 第2段运行时间为 t3+t4, 以此类推 The first segment runs for t1 + t2, the second segment runs for t3 + t4, and so on
Cyclic operation	The number of runs set in the first segment to 2012 _h : 02 _h and the end segment set in 2012 _h : 03 _h ; the segment number is automatically incremented and switched; Multi-segment enable is level effective.	 速度V velocity V1max V2max section 1 第1段 section 2 第2段 t1 t2 t3 t4 t5 t6 t7 time 时间t The first and second instruction speed V1max、V2max: 第1段、第2段指令速度 第1段运行时间为 t1+t2, 第2段运行时间为 t3+t4, 以此类推 The first segment runs for t1 + t2, the second segment runs for t3 + t4, and so on

Operation mode	Description	Running curve																									
DI switch operation 2012_h: 01_h = 2 Note: The physical terminal and the virtual terminal can be used in combination, and the combination must be 4 bits; Physical terminal selection DI1 = 6, DI2 = 7 Virtual terminal VI1 = 8, VI2 = 9	The speed segment number switch is determined by the decimal 0 ~ 15 corresponding to the 4-digit binary number composed of multifunctional numbers 6, 7, 8, and 9; Servo enable is effective, that is, continuous operation; The running time of each speed command is only determined by the speed interval switching interval.	 <table><tr><th>Fun9</th><th>Fun8</th><th>Fun7</th><th>Fun6</th><th>Section number</th></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>2</td></tr><tr><td colspan="4">.....</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>16</td></tr></table>	Fun9	Fun8	Fun7	Fun6	Section number	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2						1	1	1	1	16
Fun9	Fun8	Fun7	Fun6	Section number																							
0	0	0	0	1																							
0	0	0	1	2																							
.....																											
1	1	1	1	16																							

7 Special Functions

7.1 Digital Inputs

The position actuator has virtual input ports. Through the configuration of 2017h, multiple functions of the motor can be enabled. Through the configuration of 2031h:01h, the input of high and low levels of the position actuator can be achieved, driving the motor to operate. For specific configuration methods, please refer to 6. Operation Mode.

Table 7-1

Object Index	Description
2017 _h VDI parameters	Virtual terminal input function configuration
200C:07 _h (CommunicationVDI)	Virtual digital input enable, 0-disable1-enable
2031 _h :01h(VDI_VirtualLevelCommSet)	VDI virtual voltage level given by communication

Control instructions

The communication virtual input terminal is set in parameter group 2017_h.The corresponding level state of communication virtual terminal(bit0-VDI1~bit15-VDI16) is set in 2031_h: 01_h.

- **Virtual Terminal**

Virtual VDI terminal special function definition

The specific values are taken from the following table.

Table 7-2

Function Number	Function Definition
0	No definition
1	Servo Enable
2	Alarm reset
6	Multi-segment operation command switching 1
7	Multi-segment operation command switching 2
8	Multi-segment operation command switching 3
9	Multi-segment operation command switching 4
12	Pause
14	Forward overtravel switch
15	Reverse overtravel switch
20	Step amount enable
31	Home switch
33	Set zero point
36	Analog input position/speed/torque control direction
38	Clear fault history
39	Clear power-up time

Notes:

1、"1-Enable"、"12-Suspend "is only valid in NiMotion mode, which is equivalent to writing enable control word to 6040_h in 402 mode.

Logic selection of virtual VDI terminal

The logic selection of multi-functional terminals is by the parameter group 2017_h (virtual input terminal). The specific values are as follows:

Table 7-3

Preset Value	Logic Definition
0	High-level-valid
1	Rising-edge-valid

Enable

The virtual VDI terminal of the integrated position actuator is enabled when the index 200C_h: 07_h is 1, and the virtual DI terminal function is closed when the value of 200C_h: 07_h is 0, by terminal function number setting and logic selection in sub index 2017_h. When the logic selection is enabled, the function of corresponding function number is valid. The index 2031_h:01_h is the corresponding state of virtual input terminal (bit0-VDI1 ~ bit15-VDI16), which can only be given by communication. The specific definition is as follows:

Table 7-4 2031_h:01_h

Bit	15-7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Description	VDI16-VDI8	VDI7	VDI6	VDI5	VDI4	VDI3	VDI2	VDI1

Example

Configure VDI1 to set zero position is as follow

- Configure VDI1 to set zero position, 2017_h: 01_h = 33
- Logic selection is active high, 2017_h: 02_h = 0

7.2 I²t Overload Protection of Motor

After the integrated low-voltage servo motor is powered on, heat will be generated continuously due to the thermal effect of current, and be released to the surrounding environment at the same time. The temperature of the motor will rise when the heat generated exceeds the heat released, which will cause the motor to burn out. The purpose of I²t overload protection of motor is to ensure the motor operating normally under the temperature limit and to prevent the motor from damage.

Objects Related

Table 7-2

Object Index	Description
2000 _h :09 _h RatedCurrent	Rated Current (unit0.01A)
2000 _h :0A _h MaximumCurrent	MaximumCurrent (unit0.01A)
2000 _h :0B _h MaxCurrentDurTime	MaxCurrentDurTime (unitms)

Enable

To enable this protection, the three object items above must be described correctly. When the motor

operates above the rated current, the servo drive detects and calculates the time integral of I^2 . When the integral value is greater than the product of the set maximum current (2000_h: 0A_h) and the maximum current duration (2000_h: 0B_h), the motor will give an overload warning and limit the torque output to the rated value. If these conditions are not met, the i^2t function will be disabled.

7.3 Position recovery

The motor can return to its absolute position after losing power and then being powered on again.

When the position recovery mode (2005_h:18_h) value is 1, it is suitable for single-circle round-trip motion. When the motor is in the negative direction relative to the zero point, forward operation is required to return to the zero point. When the motor is in the positive direction relative to zero point, it needs to run in the negative direction to return to zero point.

For the position recovery of a single lap, the maximum forward rotation Angle (2005_h:1D_h) can be set to change the direction of returning to zero, as shown in the following figure:

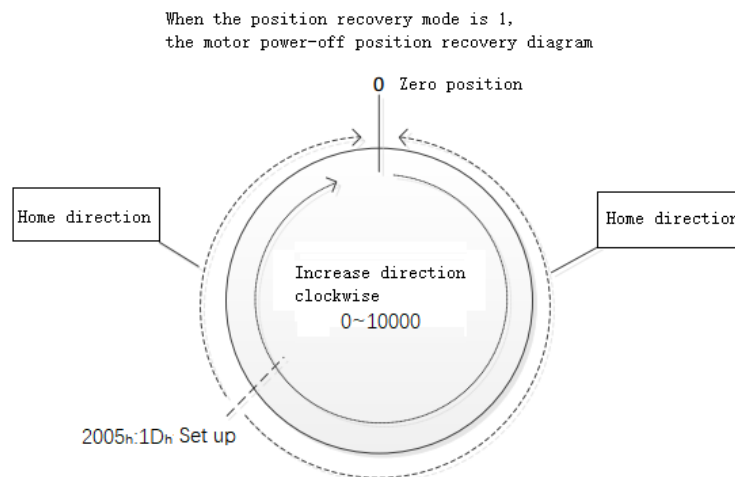


Figure 7-1

When the position recovery mode (2005_h:18_h) value is 0, it is suitable for multi-turn motion trajectory, and the motor can recover the current absolute position.

7.4 Parameter Saving and Restore

Parameter management is written according to the CiA301 standard, 1010_h is the function object for saving parameters, and 1011_h is the function object for reading parameters.

7.4.1 Parameter Saving

In the sub-index of 1010_h, a value of 1 indicates that the corresponding save operation is supported. 0x65766173 is the save parameter commands. Write the save parameter command word to the corresponding sub-index of 1010_h. Return 1 to save the parameters successfully, and return non-1 to unsuccessful.

For example: 1010_h:01_h write 0x65766173 to save the parameters to the user area.

7.4.2 Parameter Restore

In the sub-index of 1011_h, a value of 1 indicates that the corresponding recovery operation is supported. 0x64616F6C is the recovery parameter commands. Write the recovery parameter command word to the corresponding sub-index of 1011_h. Return 1 means the recovery parameter is successful, and return non-1 means unsuccessful.

For example: 1011_h:01_h write 0x64616F6C to restore the factory area parameters to the user area.

7.5 Absolute Value Encoder

The integrated motor detects the battery voltage once each time it is powered on and updates it to the parameter 200F_h:0B_h. When the battery voltage of the integrated motor drops below the specified value during operation, the integrated motor will issue a warning and fault information.

Table 7-6 Relevant Information

Battery Voltage	Alarm Information	Alarm Recovery	Battery Replacement Method
2.6V>DC>2.4V	0x7302	The counting of multi-turn encoders may have errors. Recommend replacing the battery.	1.The integrated motor is powered on and in a non-operating state; 2.Replace the battery; 3.The alarm is automatically lifted.
DC≤2.4V	0x7301	Please replace the battery immediately.	
DC≥2.6V	0x7309	Power off and restart	

8 Adjust

8.1 Summary

Servo gain must be adjusted reasonably according to the characteristics of the driving load, in order to maximize the performance of the integrated low-voltage servo motor and make the equipment respond quickly and accurately to the internal instructions or instructions from the master computer. Servo gain includes velocity loop gain, position loop gain, velocity loop integration time, filtering, etc, which is affected by each other. Therefore the balance between each other must be considered when adjusting servo gain parameters.

Note: before servo gain adjustment, inching test first is recommended to perform to confirm that the motor can operate normally; during the adjustment process, the vibration of the motor may be accompany, please pay full attention to safety.

8.2 Manual Gain Adjustment

8.2.1 Objects Related

Table 8-1

Object Index	Description
2008 _h :01 _h (SpeedLoopGain)	Velocity loop gain (unit: 0.1Hz), Increasing this parameter without causing noise or vibration can accelerate the positioning , with better velocity stability and following; when there is noise arising, reduce the parameter value.
2008 _h :02 _h (SpdLoopIntergrTime)	Velocity-loop integration time constant(unit:0.01ms), reducing this value can strengthen the integral effect and accelerate positioning. but if the value is set too small,mechanical vibration will be raised.
2008 _h :03 _h (PosLoopGain)	Gain of position-loop,increasing it can accelerate positioning and improve the anti-disturbance capacity during the motor operating stably.But setting too large can cause system instability and oscillation.
2008 _h :0F _h (SpdFdFwrFilterTime)	Speed feedforward filter time constant (unit:0.01ms)
2008 _h :10 _h (SpeedFdFwrGain)	Speed feedforward gain
2008 _h :11 _h (TorqFdFwrFilterTime)	Torque feedforward filter time constant (unit:0.01ms)
2008 _h :12 _h (TorqFdFwrGain)	Torque feedforward gain
2007 _h :06 _h (TorqRefFilterTime)	Torque command filter time constant,which can eliminate high frequency noise and mechanical resonance. The vibration raised by 2008 _h :01 _h can be restrained by adjusting 2007 _h : 06 _h . If the value is set too large, the response of the current-loop will be reduced.

8.2.2 Basic Gain Adjustment Instructions

The integrated low-voltage servo motor is composed of three control loops, which are current loop, speed loop and position loop. The current loop has the highest response frequency. The factory-default current loop gain of servo have ensured sufficient responsiveness, and generally do not need to be adjusted, so only the position loop gain, speed loop gain and speed loop integration time constant need to be adjusted. In order to ensure the system stability,the

position loop gain and the speed loop gain should be increased simultaneously.
The basic gain adjustment is as follows:

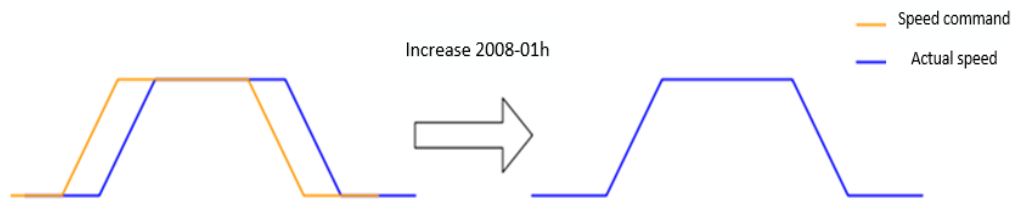


Figure 8-1 Speed loop gain

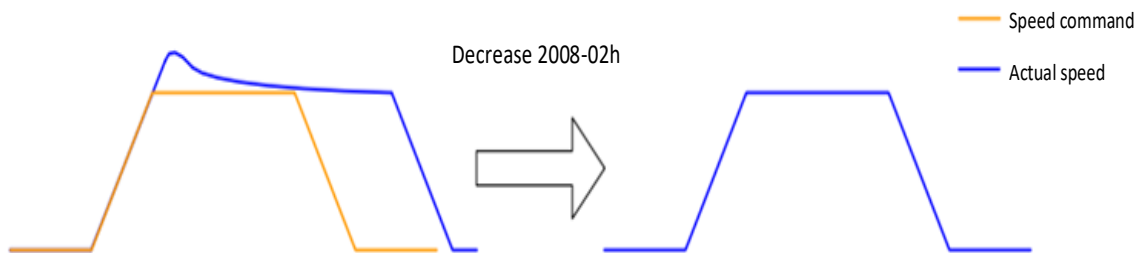


Figure 8-2 Integration time constant of speed loop

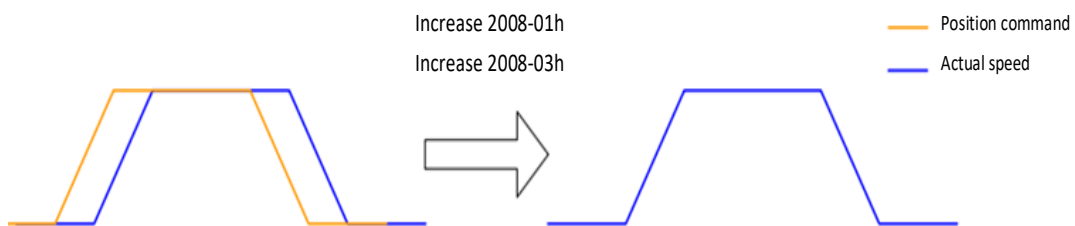


Figure 8-3 Position loop gain

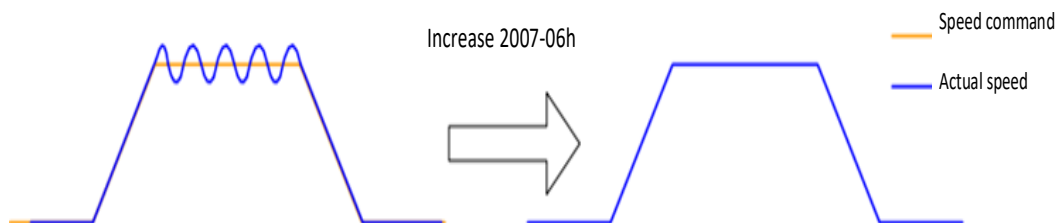


Figure 8-4 Torque instruction filter time constant

8.2.3 Parameter Adjustment Based on Rigid Table

The parameter adjustment based on the rigidity table refers to setting the PID parameters corresponding to different rigidity grades through the rigidity table provided by the manufacturer (as shown in the table below), in order to achieve the purpose of quickly adjusting the stability of the integrated motor.

Table 8-2 The parameters updated in the rigid table parameter adjustment mode

Rigidity	2008-03 _h Position gain(Hz)	2008-01 _h SpeedLoop Gain(0.1Hz)	2008-02 _h Velocity Integral Time Constant(0.01ms)
1	2	15	37000
2	3	20	28000
3	3	25	22000
4	4	30	19000
5	5	35	16000
6	6	45	12000
7	8	60	9000
8	10	75	7000
9	12	90	6000
10	14	110	5000
11	18	140	4000
12	32	180	3100
13	39	220	2500
14	48	270	2100
15	63	350	1600
16	72	400	1400
17	90	500	1200
18	108	600	1100
19	135	750	900
20	162	900	800
21	206	1150	700
22	251	1400	600
23	305	1700	500
24	377	2100	400
25	449	2500	400
26	500	2800	350
27	560	3100	300
28	610	3400	300
29	660	3700	250
30	720	4000	250
31	810	4500	200
32	900	5000	200

Under no-load conditions, it is recommended that the PID parameters be set to the parameters corresponding to rigidity level 12 or 13.

When parameter adjustment is required, it is recommended to prioritize PID parameters with a low rigidity grade and then gradually increase the rigidity grade until the usage requirements are met.

When the expected effect is not achieved by setting the parameters in the rigid table, the PID parameters can be fine-tuned. Optimize the effect through more meticulous adjustments.

Note: Before applying the rigid table for parameter adjustment, please confirm with the technical support personnel whether the purchased integrated motor supports this function.

8.2.4 Feedforward Gain Adjustment Instructions

Speed Feedforward

Velocity feedforward can improve the responsiveness of velocity command and reduce the position deviation when the velocity is fixed. It is mainly used in the full-closed-loop position control mode. The basic adjustment method is as follows:

Set 2008_h:13_h to a fixed value; then, adjust the value in 2008_h:14_h to increase gradually from 0, until a certain value, speed feedforward effects. During the adjustment, adjust 2008_h:13_h and 2008_h:14_h repeatedly to get good balance.

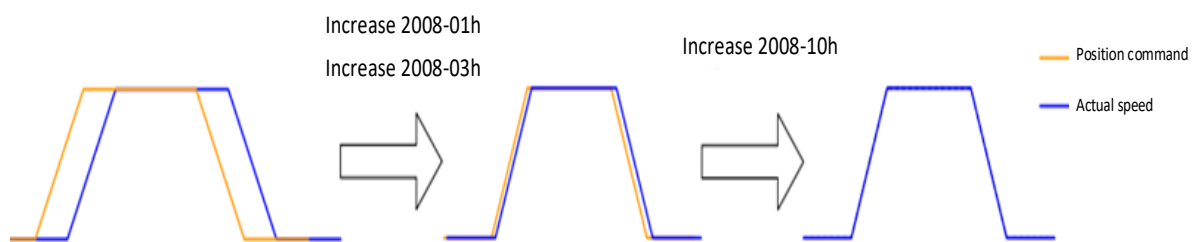


Figure 8-5 Speed feed-forward

Torque Feedforward

Position control mode, using torque feedforward, can improve the responsiveness of torque command and reduce the position deviation when fixed acceleration and deceleration; speed control mode, using torque feedforward, can improve the responsiveness of torque command and reduce the speed deviation at fixed speed. The basic adjustment method is as follows:

Set 2008_h:15_h as a fixed value; then set the value of 2008_h:16_h to increase gradually from 0, until a certain value, speed feedforward effect. During the adjustment, adjust 2008_h:15_h and 2008_h:16_h repeatedly to find the setting with good balance.

8.2.5 Description of Gain Switching Adjustment

The gain switching function of the servo motor is triggered by the external DI or internal state. When the switching conditions are met, the servo motor switches to the first group or the second group of gains according to the effectiveness of the relevant parameter settings, to meet the actual use requirements. The specific functions are as follows:

- The state of motor switches from the running state to a higher gain to obtain better command tracking performance;
- The state of motor switches from the static state to a higher gain to shorten the positioning time;
- The state of motor switches from the static state (servo is enabled) to a lower gain to suppress vibration;
- The state of motor switches to different gain settings through external signals according to load conditions, etc;

Flow Chart of Gain Switching

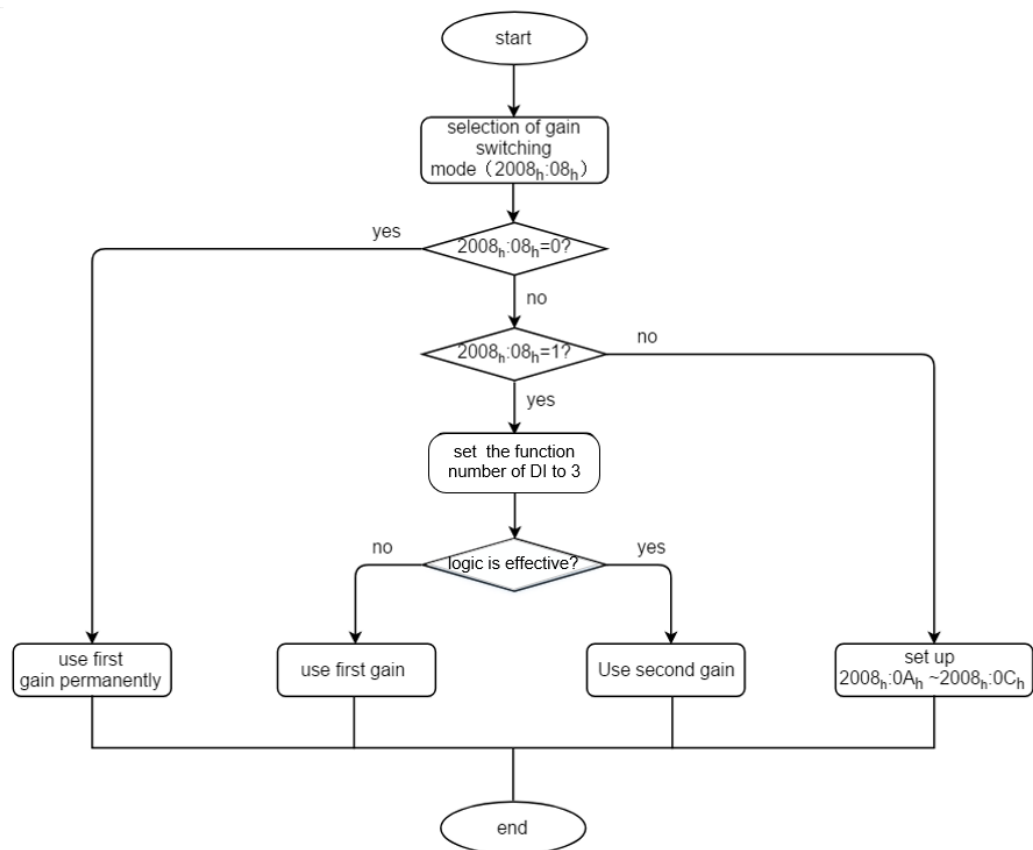
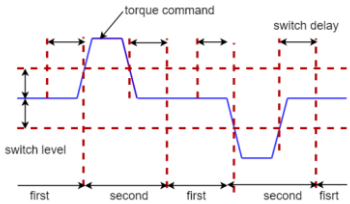


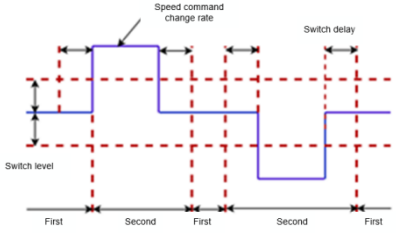
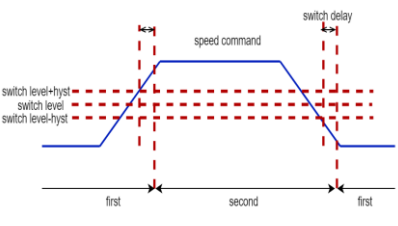
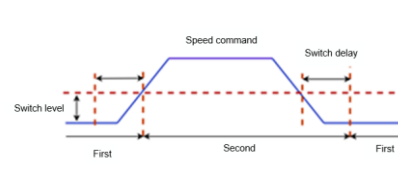
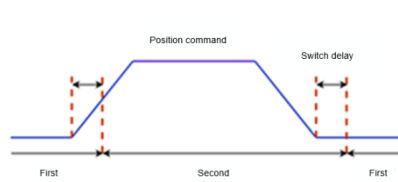
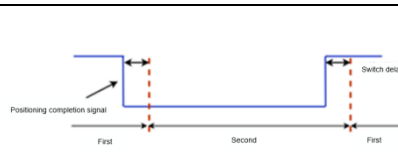
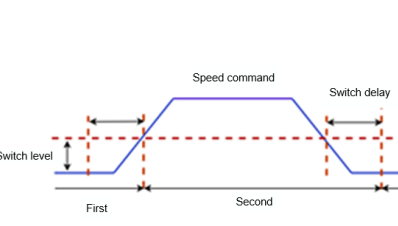
Figure 8-6

Conditions of Gain Switching

There are 10 modes for switching the first gain (2008h: 01h ~ 2008h: 03h) and the second gain (2008h: 04h ~ 2008h: 06h). The schematic diagram and associated parameters of different modes are shown in the table below:

Table 8-2

Gain Switching Mode			Correlation Parameters		
2008h:08h	Mode name	Sketch map	Delay time (2008h:0Ah)	Switching level (2008h:0Bh)	Switching delay (2008h:0Ch)
0	Fixed use of the first set of gains	-	Ineffective	Ineffective	Ineffective
1	Use external DI to switch	-	Ineffective	Ineffective	Ineffective
2	Torque instruction		Effective (ms)	Effective (%)	Effective (%)
3	Speed	The internal effective speed instruction value	Effective	Ineffective	Ineffective

Gain Switching Mode			Correlation Parameters		
	instruction	(606B _h) is maintained for 25ms, the first set of gains is used fixedly, and the second set of gains is used when it is changed;	(ms)		
4	The variation ratio of speed instruction		Effective (ms)	Effective (rpm/ms)	Effective (rpm/ms)
5	Speed instruction		Effective (ms)	Effective (rpm)	Effective (rpm)
6	Position deviation		Effective (ms)	Effective (encoder unit)	Effective (encoder unit)
7	Position instruction		Effective (ms)	Ineffective	Ineffective
8	Positioning is completed		Effective (ms)	Ineffective	Ineffective
9	Actual speed		Effective (ms)	Effective (rpm)	Effective (rpm)

Note: the delay time (2008_h: 0A_h) is effective when the first gain is switched to the second gain or the second gain is switched to the first gain.

8.3 Resonance Suppression

8.3.1 Mechanical resonance suppression

Due to the inherent resonance characteristics of the mechanical system, as the basic servo gain is increased, the servo motor may resonate at the mechanical resonance frequency, which may affect the servo performance. The notch filter can suppress resonance by reducing the gain at a specific frequency.

The integrated low-voltage servo motor has 4 groups of manual notch filters, each group of which has three parameters, namely, the frequency, band, width and depth.

Each parameter is set manually by the user, as shown in the table below:

Table 8-3

Name	Manual notch filters			
	1	2	3	4
Frequency(Hz)	2009 _h :0D _h	2009 _h :10 _h	2009 _h :13 _h	2009 _h :16 _h
Notch band(Hz)	2009 _h :0E _h	2009 _h :11 _h	2009 _h :14 _h	2009 _h :17 _h
Notch depth(%)	2009 _h :0F _h	2009 _h :12 _h	2009 _h :15 _h	2009 _h :18 _h

Note:The notch filter is invalid when the depth level is 0.

When using the manual notch filter, it is necessary to set the frequency of the notch filter to the actual central resonance frequency, and input the width level (central resonance frequency range) and depth level of the notch filter group. If the resonance is suppressed, the notch filter will effect.

Notch Depth

When the depth level of the notch is 100, the input is completely suppressed at the center frequency; when the depth level of the notch is 0, the notch is invalid. Therefore, the larger the depth level of the notch, the deeper the notch depth, the stronger the suppression of mechanical resonance, but it may cause system instability, so it should be pay attention to when adjustment.

The principle of notch filter suppression is shown in the figure below:

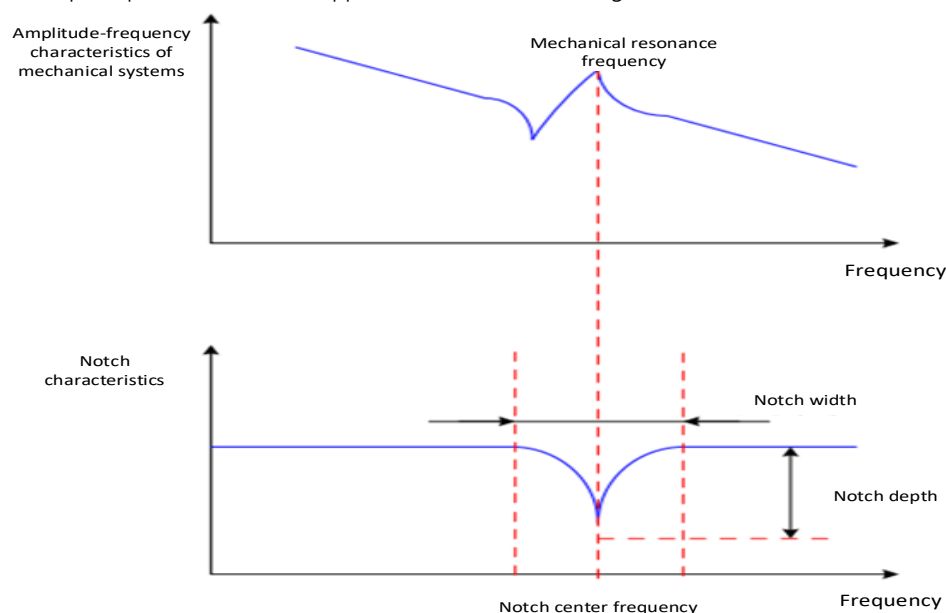


Figure 8-7

8.3.2 Frequency vibration suppression

Due to the inherent characteristics of the dual inertial system during position control, end vibrations are prone to occur during an emergency stop, which affects the positioning effect. The frequency of such vibrations is generally within 100 Hz. The low-frequency vibration suppression function can reduce the vibrations here.

Related objects

Table 8-4

Object index	Description
2009h:05 _h (LowFreqResonantDepressMode)	Low frequency resonance suppression mode selection, 0-off, 1-on
2009h:1D _h (LowFreqResonantFreq)	Low frequency vibration frequency (unit: 0.1Hz), set the low frequency vibration suppression center frequency, the limit range is 1 ~ 1000
2009h:1E _h (LowFreqResonantFreqFilterSet)	Vibration suppression width level (unit%), set the effective frequency range of vibration suppression, 0 means only suppress the vibration at the center frequency; increase the setting value, you can increase the frequency range of low frequency vibration suppression, but it will lead to longer positioning time ; If the setting value is too small, the vibration suppression (such as belt load) cannot be completed when the load vibration frequency will change, and the setting can be debugged according to the actual situation. Limit range 0 ~ 100
2009h:23 _h (Reserve0)	Damping ratio coefficient, set the system vibration damping ratio coefficient, this value defaults to 5, generally not modified, the limit range is 0 ~ 50

Set low frequency vibration suppression parameters

- Turn on the low-frequency vibration suppression mode, set 1 at 2009h: 05h;
- Use NiMStudio host computer software to collect the waveform of the motor in the position positioning state, and automatically calculate the frequency of low-frequency resonance after the movement stops;

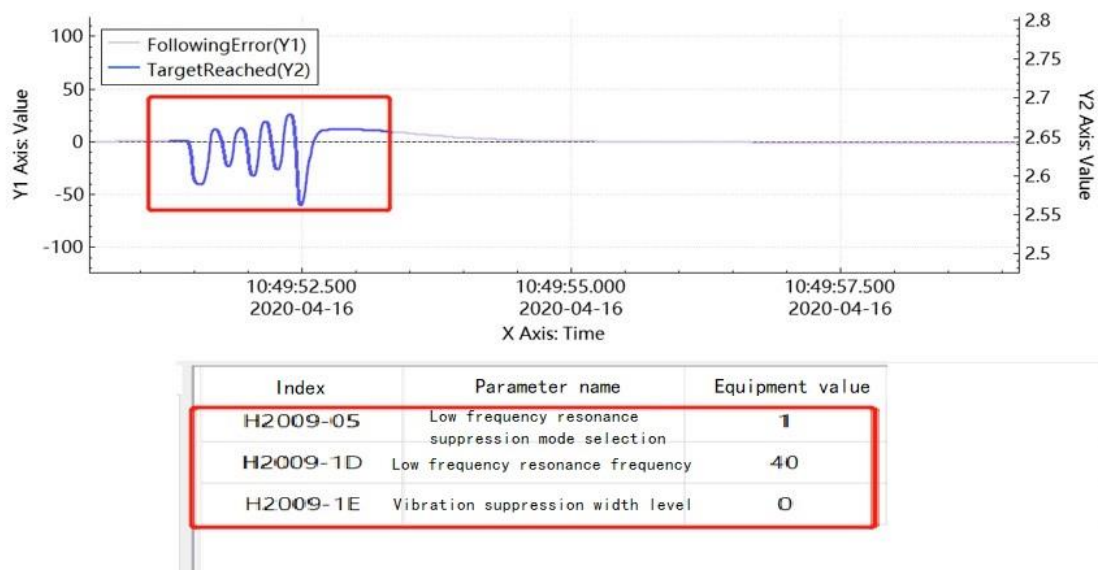


Figure 8-8

- Set the low-frequency vibration frequency and vibration suppression width level according to the low-frequency vibration frequency recognized by the NiMStudio host computer software;
- Observe the effect of motor positioning after using the low frequency vibration suppression function. If it is within the acceptable range, it means that the low frequency vibration suppression is effective; if it is not within the acceptable range, repeat the above two steps or manually set the low frequency vibration frequency and vibration suppression width grade.

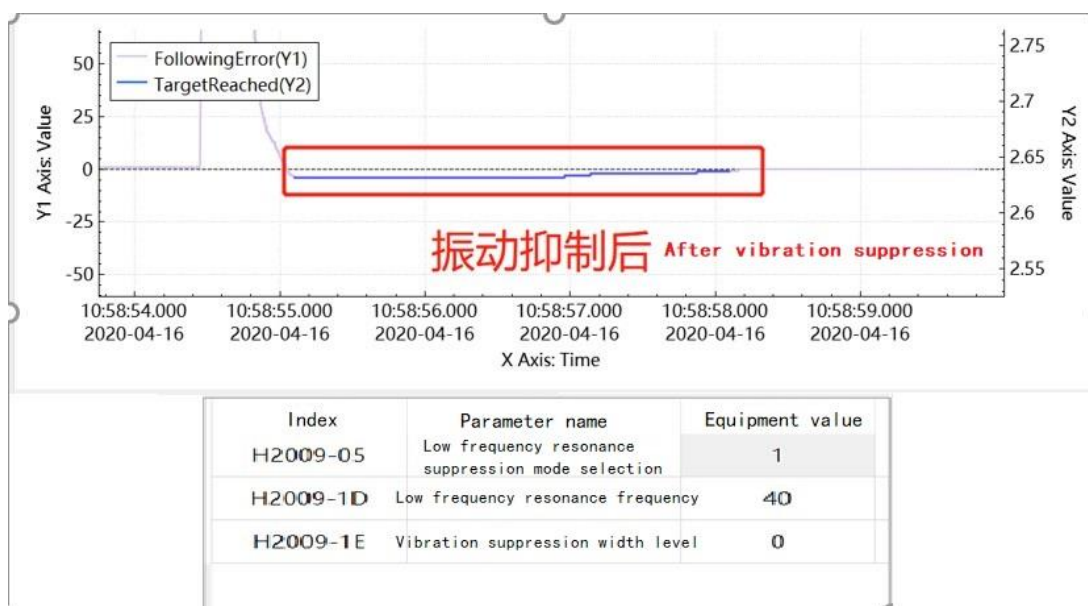


Figure 8-9

9 Error Management

9.1 Alarm Codes

When the integrated servo has a warning or fault, the servo will actively alarm (indicator light - yellow light flashes, flashing frequency being 2Hz indicates warning, 4Hz indicates fault), and execute corresponding actions. The corresponding alarm code will be stored in object 1003_h: 02_h ~ 1003_h: 10_h, and the current fault number be stored in object 1003_h: 00_h.

There are 16 alarm queues in object 1003_h, which are stored in stack mode and follow the first in, first out rule. If the historical alarm storage is occupied, a new alarm will be generated, and the earliest errors be deleted, the previous errors move downward in turn. The specific alarm codes are as follows:

Table 9-1

Alarm codes	Content of Alarms	Alarm Type	Response Code	Self Reset Allowed	(Error Code)
0x2300	Over current	Fault	0	No	0x2301
0x4012311	Over load	Warning	4	Yes	0x2311
0x3002312	Lock motor	Halt and Lock Motor	3	No	0x2312
0x13210	Power over-voltage	Fault	0	Yes	0x3210
0x1013220	Power under-voltage	Fault	1	Yes	0x3220
0x13211	Over pressure relief value fault *	Fault	1	Yes	0x3211
0x14210	Over temperature alarm	Fault	0	Yes	0x4210
0x14220	Under temperature alarm	Fault	0	Yes	0x4220
0x5080	Drive fault *	Fault	0	No	0x5080
0x5081	Phase-A upper-bridge Gate fault *	Fault	0	No	0x5081
0x5082	Phase-A lower-bridge Gate fault *	Fault	0	No	0x5082
0x5083	Phase-B upper-bridge Gate fault *	Fault	0	No	0x5083
0x5084	Phase-B lower-bridge Gate fault *	Fault	0	No	0x5084
0x5085	Phase-C upper-bridge Gate fault *	Fault	0	No	0x5085
0x5086	Phase-C lower-bridge Gate fault*	Fault	0	No	0x5086
0x5540	Flash fault*	Fault	0	No	0x5540
0x5541	Flash initialization failure *	Fault	0	No	0x5541
0x4005542	Flash validation error warning *	Warning	4	No	0x5542
0x5543	Flash user area without parameters *	Fault	0	No	0x5543
0x4005544	Power down position storage	Warning	4	No	0x5544

Alarm codes	Content of Alarms	Alarm Type	Response Code	Self Reset Allowed	(Error Code)
	abnormal				
0x4005545	Data saved after power failure is not stored	Warning	4	No	0x5545
0x6000	Hardware initialization fault *	Fault	0	No	0x6000
0x16320	Parameter setting fault	Fault	0	Yes	0x6320
0x6321	Registration failure*	Fault	0	No	0x6321
0x7301	Low-voltage fault of the encoder battery	Fault	0	No	0x7301
0x4017302	Low-voltage alarm of the encoder battery	Warning	4	Yes	0x7302
0x7303	Encoder communication fault	Fault	0	No	0x7303
0x1017304	Encoder multi-turn counting error	Fault	1	Yes	0x7304
0x7305	Z pulse failure *	Fault	0	No	0x7305
0x7306	Encoder failure *	Fault	0	No	0x7306
0x4017307	Encoder warning *	Warning	4	Yes	0x7307
0x1007309	Encoder battery failure fault	Fault	1	No	0x7309
0x17310	Over velocity	Fault	0	Yes	0x7310
0x17501	Communication fault	Fault	0	Yes	0x7501
0x4017502	CAN passive error	Warning	4	Yes	0x7502
0x4017503	CAN receiving overflow	Warning	4	Yes	0x7503
0x8610	Homing timeout	Fault	0	No	0x8610
0x8611	Tracking fault	Fault	0	No	0x8611
0x3018613	Software over limit fault	Halt and Lock Motor	3	No	0x8613
0x3018614	Overrun switch	Halt and Lock Motor	3	No	0x8614
0x8700	Tracking fault *	Fault	0	No	0x8700
0x3285	Phase failure	Fault	0	No	0x3285
0x4018615	Curve planning calculation fault	Warning	4	Yes	0x8615
0x18616	Target position overflow	Fault	0	No	0x8616
0x5018617	Curve planning parameter too small	Ignore	5	Yes	0x8617
0xFF01	Motor parameter identification failure *	Fault	0	No	0xFF01
0x401FF02	Unexecutable commands *	Warning	4	No	0xFF02
0xFF0C	Encoder calibration timeout	Fault	0	No	0xFF0C

Note:

- Alarm contents with * symbol cannot be configured by object fault code parameter group 200Eh. The integrated servo motor can only operate normally after the drive and hardware initialization failure requires restarting.
- 603F_h contains the last error of the integrated servo motor, corresponding to the fault code in the lower 16 digits of the alarm code.

9.2 Fault action settings

The alarm code is composed of a fault code (16 digits), a fault response code (8 digits), and a self-reset permission (8 digits). The fault code indicates the failure phenomenon of the servo motor under abnormal conditions. The current status of the servo motor is determined by the fault code, which generally corresponds to the object 603Fh (error code). 0 indicates that the servo motor is currently free of faults. The fault response code indicates that the servo motor is faulty. After the corresponding action mode and the treatment of status word fault bits, such as free stop-fault status, stop at a certain deceleration-fault status, suspended shaft lock-non-fault status, etc.; self-reset allows the servo motor's fault to be eliminated, Whether to allow the servo motor to automatically reset the fault bit of the current status word, 1-Allowed, 0-Disallowed. The order of the corresponding bits is as follows:

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Failure response code [8]								Self-reset allowed [8]							
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Fault code [16]															

Specific definition of fault response code

- 0- The state machine is switched to the fault state (refer to "4.1 CiA402 State Machine"). If 605E_h = 0, the fault shutdown mode selected by 605E is adopted; otherwise: the power tube is fully closed and the machine stops freely.
- 1- The state machine is switched to the fault state (refer to "4.1 CiA402 State Machine"). If 605E_h = 0, then the fault stop mode selected by 605E; otherwise: stop according to the slow curve to turn off the output.
- 2- The state machine is switched to the fault state (refer to "4.1 CiA402 State Machine"). If 605E_h = 0, then the fault stop mode selected by 605E; otherwise: stop and close the output according to the fast curve.
- 3- Press the quick curve to suspend the locked axis without switching to the fault state and not affected by the object 605E_h.
- 4- Warning and do not change the current operating state, do not switch to the fault state and are not affected by the object 605E_h.
- 5- Ignore and record in 1003h. Not switching to fault state is not affected by object 605E_h.
- 6- Ignored but not recorded in 1003h, does not switch to fault state and is not affected by object 605E_h.

Alarm code configuration

The fault code group 200E_h exemplifies the alarm codes that can be freely configured by the user, as follows:

Table 9-2

Fault code group 200E _h	Meaning	Default fault action
0x4012311	Motor overload	No
0x3002312	Motor stalled	No
0x13210	Power overvoltage	Yes
0x1013220	Power undervoltage	Yes
0x14210	High temperature alarm	Yes
0x14220	Low temperature alarm	Yes
0x16320	Parameter setting error	Yes
0x17310	Speeding	Yes

0x17501	Communication failure	Yes
0x8610	Origin return timeout	Yes
0x8611	Out of position	Yes
0x3018613	Software limit error	No
0x3018614	Limit switch error	No
0x3285	Output phase failure	Yes
0x4018615	Curve planning calculation error	No
0x18616	Target position overflow	Yes
0x5018617	Curve planning parameters are too small	No

Note: "Yes (No)" of the fault action in the above list indicates whether the motor enters the fault state after this fault occurs.

Example of alarm code configuration

Power undervoltage setting

200E_h: 04_h (power undervoltage) is set to 0x1003220. When the servo motor is running, the power supply voltage is lower than the detection threshold (default 24V), the servo motor stops according to the stop mode set by 605E (refer to the corresponding bit sequence, the fault response code Correspondence is 1); when the power supply voltage returns to normal, the motor can perform normal operation through manual reset operation (refer to the corresponding bit sequence, self-reset permission corresponds to 0).

9.3 Fault Reset

After the recovery of the integrated servo fault, the fault code that is not allowed by the self-reset needs to be manually reset operation, the motor can be operated normally. There are 3 ways of manual reset operation, as follows.:

- After the motor is dis-enable,clear the fault status by sending control 0x80 (control word bit7 rising edge is valid).
- Through the entity input terminal (2003_h) one of the functions configured as function code No. 2 (alarm reset), and set the corresponding logic selection, according to the logic selection of the set terminal to make it valid to reset.
- One of the functions of the virtual input terminal (2017_h) is configured as function code No. 2 (alarm reset), and the corresponding logic selection is set, and the logic selection of the terminal is set to make it valid to reset.

9.4 Fault detection instructions

- Drive fault detection

The fault is triggered by the interrupt response of the error signal from the drive chip, and the drive fault will be reported if it is triggered.

- I²t Overload and Locked rotor error detection

The time integration of I² will be calculated as the motor is operating above the rated current. When the integral value is greater than the product of the set maximum current (2000_h: 0A_h) and the maximum current duration (2000_h: 0B_h), it will trigger Overload or Locked rotor (the velocity is lower than 5

revolutions/min)error.If Locked rotor error occurs, the output of servo will be forbade; if Overload warning occurs, the torque output of servo will be limited to rated value, and the limit will be released after 30s.

- Over temperature and Under temperature fault detection

When the temperature of the servo drive is higher than 90 , Over temperature error will be triggered,which is removed when the temperature is lower than 70 ; when the temperature of the servo drive is lower than - 25 , Under temperature error will be triggered,which is removed when the temperature is higher than - 20 .

- Over voltage and Under voltage error detection

When the voltage of servo power-supply is higher than the set voltage (2001_h:11_h), Over voltage error is triggered; when the voltage of servo power-supply is lower than the set voltage(2001_h:10_h),Under voltage error is triggered.

- Parameter setting error detection

Parameter setting error is triggered when the multi-function terminal setting is wrong, including different terminals (physical terminal and virtual terminal) with the same function number or the 14th, 15th and 31th function numbers being not set in cia402 Homing mode.

- Over-velocity error detection

When the velocity of the servo motor is higher than the velocity set in(200A_h: 06_h) and maintaining for 10ms, the Over-velocity error will be triggered, and the error will be removed when the velocity is lower than the set speed.

- Communication error detection

This error is identified by the slave protocol-error flag-bit in EtherCAT communication.

- Hardware initialization error detection

When the servo is powered on, if the hardware (drive, encoder) is not initialized successfully, the hardware initialization error will be triggered.

- Flash error detection

When the flash of servo is operated, flash error will be triggered if the parameters storing is fail or the parameters reading is failed in power-on storage.

- Homing timeout error detection

When Homing mode in cia402 is enabled, if it fails to complete the Homing action within the limited time (2005_h:1C_h), it will trigger the Homing timeout error.

- Tracking error detection

When the position deviation of servo motor exceeds 6065_h and maintaining for 6066_h (ms), the Tracking error will be triggered in position mode.

- Software over limit error detection

In the position control mode, this error is judged according to the software limit value (user unit) set in 607B_h and 607D_h. If the actual position exceeds the set value, it will trigger the Software over limit error.

- Overrun switch error detection

According to the 14th and 15th function numbers set by the multi-function terminal, check whether the positive and negative limit switches are triggered, and the overrun switch error occurs when it is triggered.

- Phase failure error detection
When the integrated servo operates with one or more phase is lack, the phase failure error will be triggered.
- Target position overflow error detection
In the position control mode, if the product of the given position (607A_h) and the gear ratio (6091_h) exceeds the data range of int32 (- 2147483648 ~ + 2147483647) , the target position overflow error will be triggered.
- Curve planning parameter too small error detection
In the position control mode, if the S-shaped curve can't be operated in the given displacement range under the given shock or acceleration, the curve planning parameters too small error will be triggered.
- Unexecutable commands detection
When the servo motor operates the save word command in the enabled state (write 0x65766173 for 1010_h:01_h), operates the save word command when the current power supply voltage is lower than 80% of the rated voltage of the servo motor (2000_h:07_h), and operates the save word command after the power-off parameters are saved, the servo motor reports a fault of being unable to execute the command.
- Encoder low voltage fault detection
When the servo motor is powered on, the encoder battery voltage is detected to be $\leq 2.4V$, and a fault 0x1007301 is reported.
- Encoder low voltage alarm detection
When the servo motor is powered on, the encoder battery voltage is detected to be between 2.4V and 2.6V, and a alarm 0x4017302 is reported.
- Encoder communication fault detection
The servo motor fails to communicate with the encoder and reports a 0x7303 fault.
- Encoder multi-turn counting error detection
If the encoder is not calibrated or the calibration fails, a 0x7304 fault is reported.
- Encoder battery failure fault
 - ①During power off, if no battery is connected, it will report a 0x7309 fault.
 - ②The charged hot-swappable battery will report a 0x7309 fault.
 When this fault is reported, connect the battery, restart the power supply of the servo motor, and reset the position to zero.

10 Object Dictionary

Object dictionary is an important part of device specification. It is an ordered set of parameters and variables, including all parameters of device description and device network status. Each object includes index, sub-index, name, description, data type, data range, accessibility, mappability, factory-setting, unit and activate method.

Noun interpretation

Index: Specifies the position of the same type of object in the object dictionary, expressed in hexadecimal

Sub index: ,the offset of each object in this class , there are multiple objects under the same index

"Data type and range": refer to the following table for details please

Table 10-1

Data type	Data range	Data length
Int8	-128~127	1 bit
Int16	-32768~32767	2 bits
Int32	-2147483648~2147483647	4 bits
UInt8	0~255	1 bit
UInt16	0~65535	2 bits
UInt32	0~4294967295	4 bits
String	ASCII	~

"Accessibility": please refer to the following table for details

Table 10-2

Accessibility	Description
RW	Readable and writable
WO	just writable
RO	Just Readable

Mappability: please refer to the following table for details

Table 10-3

Mappability	Description
NO	Not mappable in PDO
RPDO	Can be used as RPDO
TPDO	Can be used as TPDO

"Activate method": please refer to the following table for details

Table 10-4

activate method	Description
Immediate activate	After parameter setting, the set value takes effect immediately
Stop activate	After the parameter setting, the set value takes effect until the drive is in stop state
Restart activate	After the parameter setting , the set value takes effect until the drive is restart

10.1 Communication Parameter Group 1000h Description

Table 10-5

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access-ability	Mapp-ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
1000 _h	00 _h	Device type	Device type	uint32	-	RO	NO	-	VAR	-
1001 _h	00 _h	Error Register	Error Register	Uint8	-	RO	NO	0	VAR	-
1003 _h	00 _h	Pre-defined error field	Number of alarms in the current device	uint8	-	RO	NO	-	VAR	-
	01 _h	s01_NumberErrors	Historical alarm cache	uint32	-	RO	NO	-	VAR	-
	02 _h	s02_ErrorField		uint32	-	RO	NO	-	VAR	-
	03 _h	s03_ErrorField		uint32	-	RO	NO	-	VAR	-
	04 _h	s04_ErrorField		uint32	-	RO	NO	-	VAR	-
	05 _h	s05_ErrorField		uint32	-	RO	NO	-	VAR	-
	06 _h	s06_ErrorField		uint32	-	RO	NO	-	VAR	-
	07 _h	s07_ErrorField		uint32	-	RO	NO	-	VAR	-
	08 _h	s08_ErrorField		uint32	-	RO	NO	-	VAR	-
	09 _h	s09_ErrorField		uint32	-	RO	NO	-	VAR	-
	0A _h	s10_ErrorField		uint32	-	RO	NO	-	VAR	-
	0B _h	s11_ErrorField		uint32	-	RO	NO	-	VAR	-
	0C _h	s12_ErrorField		uint32	-	RO	NO	-	VAR	-
	0D _h	s13_ErrorField		uint32	-	RO	NO	-	VAR	-
	0E _h	s14_ErrorField		uint32	-	RO	NO	-	VAR	-
	0F _h	s15_ErrorField		uint32	-	RO	NO	-	VAR	-
	10 _h	s16_ErrorField		uint32	-	RO	NO	-	VAR	-
1008 _h	00 _h	Device name	Device name	String	-	RO	NO	-	-	-
1009 _h	00 _h	Hardware verison	Hardware verison	String	-	RO	NO	-	-	-

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access- ibility	Mapp- ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
100A _h	00 _h	Software version		String	-	RO	NO	1.1	-	-
1010 _h	-	Store parameter	Save parameters	String	-	RO	NO	-	ARRAY	-
	0A _h	SaveNimFunParam	Save factory version information parameters	uint32	-	RW	NO	1	-	-
	0B _h	SaveNimOriParam	Save all factory parameters	uint32	-	RW	NO	1	-	-
1011 _h	-	Restore default parameter	Restore default parameters	String	-	RO	NO	-	ARRAY	-
	01 _h	RestAllParam	Read all parameters	uint32	-	RW	NO	1	VAR -	-
	02 _h	RestCommParam	Read 1000 user parameters	uint32	-	RW	NO	1	-	-
	03 _h	RestAppParam	Read 6000 user parameters	uint32	-	RW	NO	1	-	-
	0B _h	RestNimOriParam	Read factory parameters	uint32	-	RW	NO	1	-	-
1017 _h	-	Producer heartbeat time	Producer heartbeat time	Uint16	-	RW	NO	0	ms	-
1018 _h	-	Identity Object	Marking object	-	-	RO	NO	-	REC	-
	00 _h	Number of Entries	Number of entries	Uint8	-	RO	NO	-	VAR	-
	01 _h	Vendor-ID	Manufacturer ID number	uint32	-	RO	NO	0x2D	-	-
	02 _h	Product code	Product code	uint32	-	RO	NO	0x01	-	-
	03 _h	APP Version	Software version number	uint32	-	RO	NO	-	-	-
	04 _h	Serial number	Product serial number	uint32	-	RO	NO	-	-	-
1400 _h	-	Receive PDO 1 Communication Parameter	RPDO1 parameters	-	-	RO	NO	-	REC	-
	00 _h	Number of Entries	Number of entries	Uint8	-	RO	NO	-	VAR	-
	01 _h	COB-ID	COB-ID	uint32	-	RW	NO	0x200 +Node_ID	VAR	-
	02 _h	Transmission Type	Transmission type	uint32	-	RW	NO	0xFF	VAR	-
1401 _h	-	Receive PDO 1 Communication Parameter	RPDO2 parameters	-	-	RO	NO	-	REC	-
	00 _h	Number of Entries	Number of entries	Uint8	-	RO	NO	-	VAR	-

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access- ibility	Mapp- ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
	01 _h	COB-ID	COB-ID	uint32	-	RW	NO	0x300 +Node_ID	VAR	-
	02 _h	Transmission Type	Transmission type	uint32	-	RW	NO	0xFF	VAR	-
1402 _h	-	Receive PDO 1 Communication Parameter	RPDO3 parameters	-	-	RO	NO	-	REC	-
	00 _h	Number of Entries	Number of entries	UInt8	-	RO	NO	-	VAR	-
	01 _h	COB-ID	COB-ID Transmission type	uint32	-	RW	NO	0x400 +Node_ID	VAR	-
	02 _h	Transmission Type	RPDO4 parameters	uint32	-	RW	NO	0xFF	VAR	-
1403 _h	-	Receive PDO 1 Communication Parameter	Number of entries	-	-	RO	NO	-	REC	-
	00 _h	Number of Entries	COB-ID	UInt8	-	RO	NO	-	VAR	-
	01 _h	COB-ID	Transmission type RPDO3 parameters	uint32	-	RW	NO	0x500 +Node_ID	VAR	-
	02 _h	Transmission Type	Number of entries	uint32	-	RW	NO	0xFF	VAR	-
1600 _h	-	Drive Control	Drive Control	-	-	RO	NO	-	REC	-
	00 _h	Number of Entries	Number of Entries	UInt8	-	RW	NO	-	VAR	-
	01 _h	1st object to be mapped	1st object to be mapped	uint32	-	RW	NO	0x60400010	VAR	-
	02 _h	2st object to be mapped	2st object to be mapped	uint32	-	RW	NO	0x60600008	VAR	-
1601 _h	-	Positioning Control	Positioning Control	-	-	RO	NO	-	REC	-
	00 _h	Number of Entries	Number of Entries	UInt8	-	RW	NO	-	VAR	-
	01 _h	1st object to be mapped	1st object to be mapped	uint32	-	RW	NO	0x607A0020	VAR	-
	02 _h	2st object to be mapped	2st object to be mapped	uint32	-	RW	NO	0x60C10120	VAR	-

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access- ibility	Mapp- ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
1602 _h	-	Velocity Control	Velocity Control	-	-	RO	NO	-	REC	-
	00 _h	Number of Entries	Number of Entries	Uint8	-	RW	NO	-	VAR	-
	01 _h	1st object to be mapped	1st object to be mapped	uint32	-	RW	NO	0x60420010	VAR	-
	02 _h	2st object to be mapped	2st object to be mapped	uint32	-	RW	NO	0x60FF0020	VAR	-
1603 _h	-	Torque Control	Torque Control	-	-	RO	NO	-	REC	-
	00 _h	Number of Entries	Number of Entries	Uint8	-	RW	NO	-	VAR	-
	01 _h	1st object to be mapped	1st object to be mapped	uint32	-	RW	NO	0x60710010	VAR	-
1800 _h	-	Transmit PDO 1 Communication Parameter	TPDO1 parameters	-	-	RO	NO	-	REC	-
	00 _h	Number of Entries	Number of Entries	Uint8	-	RO	NO	-	VAR	-
	01 _h	COB-ID	COB-ID	uint32	-	RW	NO	0x180+Node_I D	VAR	-
	02 _h	Transmission Type	Transmission Type	Uint8	-	RW	NO	0xFF	VAR	-
	03 _h	Inhibit Time	Inhibit Time	Uint16	-	RW	NO	0x0	VAR	-
	04 _h	Compatibility Entry	Compatibility Entry	Uint8	-	RW	NO	-	VAR	-
	05 _h	Event Timer	Event Timer	Uint16	-	RW	NO	0x0	VAR	-
1801 _h	-	Transmit PDO 2 Communication Parameter	TPDO2 parameters	-	-	RO	NO	-	REC	-
	00 _h	Number of Entries	Number of Entries	Uint8	-	RO	NO	-	VAR	-
	01 _h	COB-ID	COB-ID	uint32	-	RW	NO	0x280+Node_I D	VAR	-
	02 _h	Transmission Type	Transmission Type	Uint8	-	RW	NO	0xFF	VAR	-

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access- ibility	Mapp- ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
	03 _h	Inhibit Time	Inhibit Time	Uint16	-	RW	NO	0x0	VAR	-
	04 _h	Compatibility Entry	Compatibility Entry	Uint8	-	RW	NO	-	VAR	-
	05 _h	Event Timer	Event Timer	Uint16	-	RW	NO	0x0	VAR	-
1802 _h	-	Transmit PDO 3 Communication Parameter	TPDO3 parameters	-	-	RO	NO	-	REC	-
	00 _h	Number of Entries	Number of Entries	Uint8	-	RO	NO	-	VAR	-
	01 _h	COB-ID	COB-ID	uint32	-	RW	NO	0x380+Node_I D	VAR	-
	02 _h	Transmission Type	Transmission Type	Uint8	-	RW	NO	0xFF	VAR	-
	03 _h	Inhibit Time	Inhibit Time	Uint16	-	RW	NO	0x0	VAR	-
	04 _h	Compatibility Entry	Compatibility Entry	Uint8	-	RW	NO	-	VAR	-
	05 _h	Event Timer	Event Timer	Uint16	-	RW	NO	0x0	VAR	-
1803 _h	-	Transmit PDO 4 Communication Parameter	TPDO4 parameters	-	-	RO	NO	-	REC	-
	00 _h	Number of Entries	Number of Entries	Uint8	-	RO	NO	-	VAR	-
	01 _h	COB-ID	COB-ID	uint32	-	RW	NO	0x480+Node_I D	VAR	-
	02 _h	Transmission Type	Transmission Type	Uint8	-	RW	NO	0xFF	VAR	-
	03 _h	Inhibit Time	Inhibit Time	Uint16	-	RW	NO	0x0	VAR	-
	04 _h	Compatibility Entry	Compatibility Entry	Uint8	-	RW	NO	-	VAR	-
	05 _h	Event Timer	Event Timer	Uint16	-	RW	NO	0x0	VAR	-
1A00 _h	-	Drive Status	Drive Status	Uint8	-	RO	NO	-	REC	-
	00 _h	Number of Entries	Number of Entries	Uint8	-	RW	NO	-	VAR	-
	01 _h	1st object to be mapped	1st object to be mapped	uint32	-	RW	NO	0x60410010	VAR	-

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access- ibility	Mapp- ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
	02 _h	2st object to be mapped	2st object to be mapped	uint32	-	RW	NO	0x60610008	VAR	-
1A01 _h	-	Positioning Status	Positioning Status	Uint8	-	RO	NO	-	REC	-
	00 _h	Number of Entries	Number of Entries	Uint8	-	RW	NO	-	VAR	-
	01 _h	1st object to be mapped	1st object to be mapped	uint32	-	RW	NO	0x60630020	VAR	-
	02 _h	2st object to be mapped	2st object to be mapped	uint32	-	RW	NO	0x60640020	VAR	-
1A02 _h	-	Velocity Status	Velocity Status	Uint8	-	RO	NO	-	REC	-
	00 _h	Number of Entries	Number of Entries	Uint8	-	RW	NO	-	VAR	-
	01 _h	1st object to be mapped	1st object to be mapped	uint32	-	RW	NO	0x606C0020	VAR	-
1A03 _h	-	Torque Status	Torque Status	Uint8	-	RO	NO	-	REC	-
	00 _h	Number of Entries	Number of Entries	Uint8	-	RW	NO	-	VAR	-
	01 _h	1st object to be mapped	1st object to be mapped	uint32	-	RW	NO	0x60770010	VAR	-

10.2 Manufacturer Defined Parameter Group 2000_h Description

Table 10-6

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access- ibility	Mapp- ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
2000 _h	06 _h	SerialEncoderType	Bus encoder type	uint16	0~1	RW	NO	1	-	Stop activate
	07 _h	RatedVoltage	Rated Voltage	uint16	24~48	RW	NO	48	1V	Stop activate
	08 _h	RatedPower	Power Rating	uint16	-	RW	NO	40	0.01KW	Stop activate
	09 _h	RatedCurrent	Rated Current	uint16	-	RW	NO	1250	0.01A	Stop activate
	0A _h	MaximumCurrent	Maximum current	uint16	-	RW	NO	2250	0.01A	Stop activate

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access- ibility	Mapp- ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
(Servo Motor Parameter)	0B _h	MaxCurrentDurTime	Maximum current duration	uint16	-	RW	NO	3000	0.1s	Stop activate
	0C _h	RatedTorque	Rated Torque	uint16	-	RW	NO	127	0.01Nm	Stop activate
	0D _h	MaxTorque	Maximum torque	uint16	-	RW	NO	2000	0.01Nm	Stop activate
	0E _h	RatedMotorSpeed	Rated speed	uint16	-	RW	NO	3000	1rpm	Stop activate
	0F _h	MaxMotorSpeed	Maximum speed	uint16	-	RW	NO	6000	1rpm	Stop activate
	10 _h	RotorInertiaJm	Rotational inertia Jm	uint16	-	RW	NO	30	0.01kgc m ²	Stop activate
	11 _h	PolePairsNum	Number of pole pairs of permanent magnet synchronous motor	uint16	-	RW	NO	4	1	Stop activate
	12 _h	StatorResistance	Stator resistance	uint16	-	RW	NO	115	0.001Ω	Stop activate
	13 _h	StatorInductanceLq	Stator inductance Lq	uint16	-	RW	NO	25	0.01mH	Stop activate
	14 _h	StatorInductanceLd	Stator inductance Ld	uint16	-	RW	NO	25	0.01mH	Stop activate
	16 _h	TorqueCoeffKt	Torque coefficient Kt	uint16	-	RW	NO	11	0.01Nm /Arms	Stop activate
	19 _h	EncoderBitPR	Number of absolute bits of encoder	uint32	-	RW	NO	14	1bit	Stop activate
	1A _h	EncoderPoleNum	Number of encoder poles	uint16	-	RW	NO	1	1	Stop activate
	1C _h	SensorSelect	Position sensor selection	uint16	-	RW	NO	2	-	Stop activate
	1D _h	SignalZ_ElecAngle	Z signal corresponds to electric angle	uint16	-	RW	NO	0	1/4096	Stop activate
2000 _h (Servo Motor Parameter)	1E _h	P _h U_UpEdgeElecAngle	U-phase rising edge corresponds to counter angle	uint16	-	RW	NO	0	1/4096	Stop activate
	04 _h	VoltageClass	Voltage Class	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access- ibility	Mapp- ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
2001 _h (Drive Parameters)		Specific description: When the setting value is less than 50, it corresponds to the voltage calculation coefficient of 200/400W servo motor; when the setting value is greater than 50, it corresponds to the voltage calculation coefficient of 750W servo motor								
	07 _h	RatedOutputCurrent	Rated output current	Uint16	0~65535	RO	NO	1200	0.01A	Stop activate
	08 _h	MaxOutputCurrent	Maximum Output Current	uint16	0~65535	RO	NO	1500	0.01A	Stop activate
	0D _h	DeadZoneTime	Switching dead time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	100	us	Stop activate
	0E _h	BusOverVoltVal	DC busbar overvoltage protection point	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	100	1V	Stop activate
	0F _h	BusDischargeVoltVal	DC bus voltage drain point	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	55	1V	Stop activate
	10 _h	BusLowVoltVal	DC bus voltage undervoltage point	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	24	1V	Stop activate
	11 _h	OverCurrentVal	Driver overcurrent protection point	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	10	1V	Stop activate
	18 _h	CurrentFilterCoeff	Current sampling filter parameters	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	100	0.01	Stop activate
	1C _h	CurLoopCutOffFrq	Current loop cut-off frequency	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	800	1Hz	Stop activate
	1D _h	OpenLoopCurrent	Open-loop operation current	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	625	0.01A	Stop activate
	01 _h	CtrlModeSelec	Control mode selection	uint16	0~4	RW	NO	4	-	Immediate activate
		Specific description: 0~CIA402 mode, 1~NiMotion position mode, 2~NiMotion velocity mode, 3~NiMotion torque mode, 4~NiMotion open-loop mode, 5~offline identification of motor parameters								
	03 _h	Rotation direction selection	Rotation direction selection	uint16	0~1	RW	NO	0	-	Suspension in effect
	04 _h	OutputPulsePhase	Duty cycle of output pulse	uint16	0~100	RW	NO	50	1%	Operation setting

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access- ibility	Mapp- ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
2002 _h (Basic Control Parameters)										Stop activate
	0A _h	BrkOffToStopMotorOffDelay	Hold brake output off to motor non-energy delay time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	1	1ms	Shutdown Settings Effective immediately
	13 _h	BreakResistorType	Internal and external inhibit resistor selection, see section 7.5 for details	uint16	0~2	RW	NO	0	1	Restart activate
	1D _h	MCUId0	MCU identification code 0	uint32	-	RO	NO	0	-	-
	1E _h	MCUId1	MCU identification code 1	uint32	-	RO	NO	0	-	-
	1F _h	MCUId2	MCU identification code 2	uint32	-	RO	NO	0	-	-
2003 _h (Entity Terminal Input Parameters)	03 _h	DI1FunSelec	DI1 terminal logic selection	uint16	0~45	RW	NO	1	1	Stop activate
		Description:See Section7.1 for details								
	04 _h	DI1LogicSelec	DI1 terminal logic selection	uint16	0~4	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
		Description:See Section7.1 for details								
	05 _h	DI2FunSelec	DI2 terminal function selection	uint16	0~45	RW	NO	2	1	Stop activate
	06 _h	DI2LogicSelec	DI2 terminal logic selection	uint16	0~4	RW	NO	2	1	Stop activate
	07 _h	DI3FunSelec	DI3 terminal function selection	uint16	0~45	RW	NO	12	1	Stop activate
	08 _h	DI3LogicSelec	DI3 terminal logic selection	uint16	0~4	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	09 _h	DI4FunSelec	DI4 terminal function selection	uint16	0~45	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	0A _h	DI4LogicSelec	DI4 terminal logic selection	uint16	0~4	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	0B _h	DI5FunSelec	DI5 terminal function selection	uint16	0~45	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access- ibility	Mapp- ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
2003 _h (Entity Terminal Input Parameters)	0C _h	DI5LogicSeleC	DI5 terminal logic selection	uint16	0~4	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	0D _h	DI6FunSeleC	DI6 terminal function selection	uint16	0~45	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	0E _h	DI6LogicSeleC	DI6 terminal logic selection	uint16	0~4	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	0F _h	DI7FunSeleC	DI7 terminal function selection	uint16	0~45	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	10 _h	DI7LogicSeleC	DI7 terminal logic selection	uint16	0~4	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	11 _h	DI8FunSeleC	DI8 terminal function selection	uint16	0~45	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	12 _h	DI8LogicSeleC	DI8 terminal logic selection	uint16	0~4	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	13 _h	DI9FunSeleC	DI9 terminal function selection	uint16	0~45	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	14 _h	DI9LogicSeleC	DI9 terminal logic selection	uint16	0~4	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	15 _h	DinFunAllocation3	Power-on effective function assignment	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
		Description: bit0-DI1, bit1-DI2, bit2-DI3;the corresponding bit is 1, indicating that the corresponding DI Port is high-level 3.0V								
	17 _h	AI1Offset	AI1 Offset	int16	-32768~32767	RW	NO	0	1mV	Stop activate
	18 _h	AI1FilterTimeConst	AI1 input filter time constant	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	-	Stop activate
	19 _h	AI1DeadZone	AI1 Deadband	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	1mV	Stop activate
	1A _h	AI1ZeroDrift	AI1 multiplier	int16	-32768~32767	RW	NO	0	0.001	Stop activate
	1F _h	SpeedValAt10V	Analog 10V corresponding to speed value	uint16	0~4000	RW	NO	0	rpm	Stop activate
	20 _h	TorqueValAt10V	Analog 10V corresponds to torque value	uint16	0~2000	RW	NO	0	0.1%	Stop activate

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access- ibility	Mapp- ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
2004 _h (Terminal Output Parameters)	01 _h	DO1FunSelec	DO1 Terminal Function Selection	uint16	0~30	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
		Description:See Section7.1 for details								
	02 _h	DO1LogicSelec	DO1 terminal logic selection	uint16	0~1	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
		Description:See Section7.1 for details								
	03 _h	DO2FunSelec	DO2 terminal function selection	uint16	0~30	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	04 _h	DO2LogicSelec	DO2 terminal logic selection	uint16	0~1	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	05 _h	DO3FunSelec	DO3 terminal function selection	uint16	0~30	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	06 _h	DO3LogicSelec	DO3 terminal logic selection	uint16	0~1	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	07 _h	DO4FunSelec	DO4 terminal function selection	uint16	0~30	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	08 _h	DO4LogicSelec	DO4 terminal logic selection	uint16	0~1	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	09 _h	DO5FunSelec	DO5 terminal function selection	uint16	0~30	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	0A _h	DO5LogicSelec	DO5 terminal logic selection	uint16	0~1	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
2005 _h (Position Control)	01 _h	PosRefSource	Position instruction source	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	1	1	Stop activate
		Description:0-pluse, 1-step amount								
	05 _h	StepAmount	Step Amount	int16	-32768~ 32767	RW	NO	100	inc	Stop activate
	18 _h	HomingMode	Homing Mode	uint16	0~1	RW	NO	0	-	Stop activate

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access- ibility	Mapp- ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
Parameters)		Specific description: 0~multi-turn position recovery, 1~single-turn position recovery								
	1C	HomingDurationLimit	Go home time limit	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	10000	ms	Stop activate
	1D _h	HomeMechOffset	Maximum forward rotation position	Int32	0~10000	RW	NO	0		Stop activate
	2A _h	PosingWindowTime	AI1 deadband judgment time window	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	1ms	Stop activate
	2C _h	EncoderFreqDivPulsOput	Analog 10V to position value	uint32	0~4294967295	RW	NO	0	inc	Stop activate
2006 _h (Velocity Control Parameters)	01 _h	MainSpeedRefSourceA	Primary speed command A source	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
		Description: 0 ~ digital setting (setting value in 2006 _h : 04 _h), 3 ~ duty ratio setting								
	02 _h	AuxSpeedRefSourceB	Auxiliary speed command B source	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
		Description: 0 ~ digital setting (setting value in 2006 _h : 04 _h)								
	03 _h	SpeedRefSourceSelec	Speed instruction selection	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
		Description: 0-A (only 2006 _h : 01 _h effective), 1-B (only 2006 _h : 02 _h effective), 2-A + B (both 2006 _h : 01 _h and 2006 _h : 02 _h effective)								
	04 _h	KeypadSpeedRef	Speed command keypad setpoint	int16	-32768~32767	RW	NO	10	1rpm	Immediate activate
	06 _h	ValidSpeedRef	Effective Speed Setpoint	int16	-32768~32767	RW	NO	0	1rpm	Immediate activate
	07 _h	SpeedRefAccelRampTime	Speed command acceleration ramp time constant	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	10	1ms	Immediate activate
	08 _h	SpeedRefDecelRampTime	Speed command deceleration ramp time constant	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	10	1ms	Immediate activate

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access-ability	Mapp-ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
	09 _h	MaxSpeedLimit	Maximum Speed Threshold	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	6000	1rpm	Immediate activate
	0A _h	FwrSpeedLimit	Forward speed threshold	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	4000	1rpm	Immediate activate
	0B _h	BwrSpeedLimit	Reverse speed threshold	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	4000	1rpm	Immediate activate
2007 _h (Torque Control Parameters)	01 _h	MainTorqRefSourceA	Source of main torque command A	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
		Description: 0 ~ digital setting (setting value in 2007 _h : 04 _h)								
	02 _h	AuxTorqRefSourceB	Source of auxiliary torque command B	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
		Description: 0 ~ digital setting (setting value in 2007 _h : 04 _h)								
	03 _h	TorqRefSource	Torque command selection	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
		Description: 0-A (only 2007 _h : 01 _h effective), 1-B (only 2007 _h : 02 _h effective), 2-A + B (both 2007 _h : 01 _h and 2007 _h : 02 _h effective)								
	04 _h	KeypadTorqRef	Torque command keyboard set value	int16	-32768~32767	RW	NO	10	0.1%	Stop activate
	05 _h	ValidTorqRef	Effective torque command set value	int16	-32768~32767	RW	NO	10	0.1%	Stop activate
	06 _h	TorqRefFilterTime	Torque command filter time constant	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	0.01ms	Immediate activate
		Description: low-pass filtering of torque command can make the torque command smoother and reduce vibration. If the setting value is too large, the responsiveness will be reduced.								
	0A _h	FwrTorqInterLimit	Positive internal torque limit	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	1000	0.1%	Immediate activate
	0B _h	BwrTorqInterLimit	Anti-internal torque limit	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	1000	0.1%	Immediate activate

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access-ability	Mapp-ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
	10 _h	TorqCtrlFwrSpeedLimit	Torque control forward speed limit value	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	3000	1rpm	Immediate activate
	11 _h	TorqCtrlBwrSpeedLimit	Torque control reverse speed limit value	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	3000	1rpm	Immediate activate
2008 _h (Gain Parameter)	01 _h	SpeedLoopGain	Velocity loop gain	uint16	1~20000	RW	NO	500	0.1Hz	Immediate activate
		Description: set the proportional gain of the speed loop. This parameter determines the response of the speed loop. The larger the setting value is, the faster the response is. However, setting it too large may cause vibration. In the position mode, if you want to increase the position loop gain, you need to increase the speed loop gain at the same time.								
	02 _h	SpdLoopIntegrTime	Integral time constant of velocity loop	uint16	0~51200	RW	NO	800	0.01ms	Immediate activate
		Description: set the integral time constant of the speed loop. The smaller the setting value is, the stronger the integration effect is, and the deviation is closer to 0 at the stopping time. If this parameter is set to 51200, there is no integration effect.								
	03 _h	PosLoopGain	Position loop gain	uint16	0~20000	RW	NO	1500	1	Immediate activate
		Description: set the proportional gain of the position loop. This parameter determines the response of the position loop. Setting a larger position loop gain can shorten the positioning time, but setting too large may cause vibration.								
	04 _h	SpeedLoop2ndGain	Second speed loop gain	uint16	1~20000	RW	NO	1	0.1Hz	Immediate activate
	05 _h	SpdLoop2ndIntegrTime	Integral time constant of the second velocity loop	uint16	0~51200	RW	NO	15	0.01ms	Immediate activate
	06 _h	PosLoop2ndGain	Second position loop gain	uint16	0~20000	RW	NO	0	1	Immediate activate
	08 _h	GainSwitchModeSet	Gain switching mode selection	uint16	0~1	RW	NO	0	1	Immediate activate

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access- ibility	Mapp- ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
2008 _h (Gain Parameter)		Description: description: 0 ~ fixed use of the first set of gains; 1 ~ use external DI to switch. If DI is ineffective, it is the first set of gains; if DI is effective, it is the second set of gains; 2 ~ torque instruction, when the absolute value of torque instruction exceeds (level + delay) [%] and lasts for a period of delay time, it switches to the second set of gains; when the absolute value of torque instruction is less than (level- delay) [%] and lasts for a period of delay time, it returns to the first set of gains; 3 ~ the internal effective speed instruction value (606B _h) is maintained for 25ms, the first set of gains is used fixedly, and the second set of gains is used when it is changed; 4 ~ the variation ratio of speed instruction. When the absolute value of the variation ratio of speed instruction exceeds (level + delay) [rpm / ms] and the state lasts during the delay time, it switches to the second set of gains; when the absolute value of the variation ratio of speed instruction is less than (level-delay)[rpm / ms] and the state lasts during the delay time, it returns to the first set of gains; 5 ~ speed instruction, when the absolute value of speed instruction exceeds (level + delay) [rpm] and lasts for a period of delay time, it switches to the second set of gains; when the absolute value of speed instruction is less than (level-delay) [rpm] and lasts for a period of delay time, it returns to the first set of gains; 6 ~ position deviation, when the absolute value of position deviation exceeds (level + delay) [encoder unit] and lasts during the delay time, it switches to the second set of gains; when the absolute value of position deviation is less than (level-delay) [encoder unit] and lasts during the delay time, it returns to the first set of gains; 7 ~ position instruction, when the state of position deviation instruction is not 0 and lasts in the delay time,it switches to the second set of gains;when the state of position instruction is 0 and lasts in the delay time, it returns to the first set of gains; 8 ~ after the positioning is completed, if the positioning is not completed and lasts in the delay time, it switches to the secondset of gains; if the positioning is completed and lasts in the delay time, it returns to the first set of gains; except for the position control mode, the rest are fixed as the second set of gains; 9 ~ actual speed. When the absolute value of the actual speed exceeds (level + delay) [rpm] and lasts during the delay time,it switches to the second set of gains; when the absolute value of the actual speed is less than (level-delay) [rpm] and lasts during the delay time, it returns to the first set of gains.								
	09 _h	GainSwitchCondition	Effective gain group number	uint16	0~10	RW	NO	0	1	Immediate activate
		Description: 0 ~ the first group of gains, 1 ~ the second switching conditions								
	0A _h	GainSwitc _h Delay	Gain switching delay time	uint16	0~10000	RW	NO	0	0.1ms	Immediate activate

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access-ability	Mapp-ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
2008 _h (Gain Parameter)	0B _h	GainSwitch _h Level	Gain switching level	uint16	0~20000	RW	NO	0	1	Immediate activate
		Description: The actual switching action is affected by the two conditions of level and time delay. See the description of 2008 _h : 08 _h for the specific influence mode. Depending on the gain switching mode, the unit of switching level will change accordingly.								
	0C _h	GainSwitch _h Hyst	Gain switching delay	uint16	0~20000	RW	NO	0	1	Immediate activate
		Description: The actual switching action is affected by the two conditions of level and time delay. See the description of 2008 _h : 08 _h for the specific influence mode. Depending on the gain switching mode, the unit of switching level will change accordingly.								
	0F _h	SpdFdFwrFilterTime	Speed feedforward filtering time constant	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	0.01ms	Immediate activate
	10 _h	SpeedFdFwrGain	Speed feedforward gain	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	0.1%	Immediate activate
		Description: in the position control mode, increasing this parameter can improve the position command response and reduce the position deviation at a fixed speed. During the adjustment, set 2008 _h :0F _h as a fixed value, and gradually increase the setting value in 2008 _h :10 _h from 0 to a certain value, until the speed feedforward effect is achieved. During the adjustment, adjust 2008 _h :0F _h and 2008 _h :10 _h repeatedly to get the value with good balance								
	11 _h	TorqFdFwrFilterTime	Torque feedforward filtering time constant	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	0.01ms	Immediate activate
	12 _h	TorqFdFwrGain	Torque feedforward gain	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	0.001	Immediate activate
		Description: in non torque mode, increasing this parameter can improve the responsiveness to the changing speed command, improve the position command response, and reduce the position deviation at fixed speed. During the adjustment, set 2008 _h :11 _h as a fixed value, and gradually increase the setting value in 2008 _h :12 _h to increase the torque feedforward effect; when speed overshoot occurs, keep 2008 _h : 12 _h unchanged, and increase 2008 _h : 11 _h . During the adjustment, adjust 2008 _h :11 _h and 2008 _h :12 _h repeatedly to get the value with good balance								

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access-ability	Mapp-ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
	14 _h	SpdFdBckFilterCutOffFreq	Cut-off frequency of velocity feedback filter	uint16	0~4000	RW	NO	900	1Hz	Immediate activate
		Description: the smaller the setting is, the smaller the speed feedback fluctuation is, but the greater the feedback delay is. Generally, the default parameters are maintained.								
	05 _h	LowFreqResonantDepress Mode	Low frequency vibration suppression mode selection	uint16	0~1	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	06 _h	OfflInertiaAutoTunMode	Parameter off-line identification status display	uint16	0~65535	RO	NO	0	1	-
		Specific description: see section 8.2.2 for details								
	0D _h	Notch1Freq		uint16	0~2000	RW	NO	0	1Hz	Immediate activate
		Description: set the center frequency of the notch filter, i.e. mechanical resonance frequency.								
	0E _h	Notch1Width 调整 Level		uint16	0~2000	RW	NO	0	1Hz	Immediate activate
		Description: set the frequency band width on both sides of the mechanical resonance center frequency								
	0F _h	Notch1DepthLevel		uint16	0~100	RW	NO	0	%	Immediate activate
		Description: 0 ~ no notch, 100 ~ maximum notch depth								
2009 _h (Gain Parameter)	10 _h	Notch2Freq	Notch 2 Frequency	uint16	0~2000	RW	NO	0	1Hz	Immediate activate
	11 _h	Notch2WidthLevel	Notch 2 Width Level	uint16	0~2000	RW	NO	0	1Hz	Immediate activate
	12 _h	Notch2DepthLevel	Notch2 Depth Level	uint16	0~100	RW	NO	0	1	Immediate activate
	13 _h	Notch3Freq	Notch 3 Frequency	uint16	0~2000	RW	NO	0	1Hz	Immediate activate

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access- ibility	Mapp- ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
2009 _h (Gain Parameter)	14 _h	Notch3WidthLevel	Notch 3 Width Level	uint16	0~2000	RW	NO	0	1Hz	Immediate activate
	15 _h	Notch3DepthLevel	Notch3 Depth Level	uint16	0~100	RW	NO	0	1	Immediate activate
	16 _h	Notch4Freq	Notch 4 Frequency	uint16	0~2000	RW	NO	0	1Hz	Immediate activate
	17 _h	Notch4WidthLevel	Notch 4 Width Level	uint16	0~2000	RW	NO	0	1Hz	Immediate activate
	18 _h	Notch4DepthLevel	Notch 4 Depth Level	uint16	0~100	RW	NO	0	1	Immediate activate
	1D _h	LowFreqResonantFreq	Low frequency resonance frequency	uint16	10~1000	RW	NO	10	0.1Hz	Stop activate
		Specific description: See section 8.4.2 for details								
	1E _h	LowFreqResonantFreqFilterSet	Vibration suppression width level	uint16	0~100	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
		Description: See section 8.4.2 for details								
	23 _h	Reserve0	Damping ratio coefficient	uint16	0~10	RW	NO	5	1	Stop activate
		Description: See section 8.4.2 for details								
200A _h (Fault and Protection Parameters)	06 _h	OverSpeedThrh	Overspeed fault threshold	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	1	Immediate activate
	1B _h	Encoder multi-turn overflow fault selection	Encoder multi-turn overflow fault selection	uint16	0~1	RW	NO	0	1	Immediate activate
	1F _h	BrakeDetectionEn	Lock detection enable	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	20 _h	BrakeLoadGravity	Brake load gravity	int16	0~2000	RW	NO	0	0.1%	Stop activate
200B _h	01 _h	DriveState	Internal state of servo motor driver	uint16	0~12	RO	NO	0	1	-

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access- ibility	Mapp- ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
(Monitoring Parameters)		Description: 0 ~ not ready, 1 ~ ready, 6 ~ position closed-loop, 8 ~ speed closed-loop, 9 ~ torque control, 10 ~ open-loop control, 12 ~ error								
	02 _h	ActualMotorSpeed	Actual motor speed	int16	-32768~32767	RO	NO	-	1rpm	-
	04 _h	InterTorqueRef	Internal torque command	int16	-32768~32767	RO	NO	0	0	-
	05 _h	MonitoredDiStates	Input signal (DI signal) monitoring	uint16	0~65535	RO	NO	0	1	-
	06 _h	MonitoredDoStates	Output signal (DO signal) monitoring	uint16	0~65535	RO	NO	0	1	-
	0A _h	PosRefToSpeed	Input PWM frequency	uint16	0~65535	RO	NO	0	1Hz	-
	0F _h	TotalPowerOnTime	Total power-up time	uint32	0~4294967295	RO	NO	0	0.1s	-
	12 _h	P _h CurrentEffectValA	RMS A-phase current	uint16	0~65535	RO	NO	0	0.01A	-
	13 _h	P _h CurrentEffectValB	RMS value of phase B current	uint16	0~65535	RO	NO	0	0.01A	-
	14 _h	P _h CurrentEffectValC	RMS value of phase C current	uint16	0~65535	RO	NO	0	0.01A	-
	15 _h	BusVoltage	Bus voltage value	uint16	0~65535	RO	NO	0	0.1V	-
	16 _h	ModuleTemperature	Module temperature value	int16	-32768~32767	RO	NO	0	1°C	-
	2D _h	ActualMotorSpeed01	Actual motor speed	uint16	0~65535	RO	NO	-	0.1rpm	-
200C _h (Communic ation parameters)	01 _h	CommunicationSelect	Communication mode selection	uint16	0~2	RW	NO	1	1	Restart activate
		Description: 0 ~ external pulse control (default CAN communication), 1~EtherCAT, 2~CAN								
	02 _h	ServoShaftAddress	Drive axis address	uint16	1~247	RW	NO	1	1	Restart activate
		Description: set the drive shaft address when using CANopen communication. 1 ~ 247: when multiple servo motors are networked, each servo motor can only have a unique address, otherwise, the communication will be abnormal or unable to communicate.								
	03 _h	SerialPortBaudRate	Serial ports baud-rate setting	uint16	0~8	RW	NO	8	1	Restart activate

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access- ibility	Mapp- ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
200C _h (Communi- cation parameters)		Description: set the communication rate between the servo motor and the master computer, as shown in the table below:								
							Setting value		Baud-rate setting	
							8		1MBit/sec	
							7		800kBit/sec	
							6		500kBit/sec	
							5		250kBit/sec	
							4		125kBit/sec	
							3		100kBit/sec	
							2		50kBit/sec	
							1		20kBit/sec	
							0		10kBit/sec	
The communication rate of the servo motor must be the same as that of the master computer, otherwise it cannot be communicated										
200D _h (auxiliary function parameter)	0A _h	Encoder reset enable	Encoder reset enable	uint16	0~2	RW	NO	-	1	Restart activate
	0B _h	BrakeLoadTun	Load identification of holding brake	uint16	0~1	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
200E _h (Error Code)	01 _h	MotorOverLoad	Motor overload	int32	- 2147483648~21474 83647	RW	NO	67183377	1	Immediate activate
	02 _h	MotorlockRotor	Motor blockage	int32	- 2147483648~21474 83647	RW	NO	8978	1	Immediate activate

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access- ibility	Mapp- ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
200Eh (Error Code)	03h	OverVoltage	Power supply over-voltage	int32	- 2147483648~21474 83647	RW	NO	78352	1	Immediate activate
	04h	UnderVoltage	Power supply undervoltage	int32	- 2147483648~21474 83647	RW	NO	16855584	1	Immediate activate
	05h	OverDriveTemp	Temperature too high	int32	- 2147483648~21474 83647	RW	NO	82448	1	Immediate activate
	06h	UnderDriveTemp	Temperature too low	int32	- 2147483648~21474 83647	RW	NO	82464	1	Immediate activate
	07h	ParameterError	Parameter setting error	int32	- 2147483648~21474 83647	RW	NO	90912	1	Immediate activate
	08h	OverSpeed	Motor over speed	int32	- 2147483648~21474 83647	RW	NO	94992	1	Immediate activate
	09h	CommError	Communication failure	int32	- 2147483648~21474 83647	RW	NO	95489	1	Immediate activate
	0Ah	HomingError	Home return timeout error	int32	- 2147483648~21474 83647	RW	NO	34320	1	Immediate activate

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access- ibility	Mapp- ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
200E_h (Error Code)	0B _h	FollowingError	Position overrun error	int32	- 2147483648~21474 83647	RW	NO	34321	1	Immediate activate
	0C _h	PosSwlimitError	Software overrun fault	int32	- 2147483648~21474 83647	RW	NO	50431507	1	Immediate activate
	0D _h	PosGaugeError	Over-limit switch fault	int32	- 2147483648~21474 83647	RW	NO	50431507	1	Immediate activate
	0E _h	PhaseOutputError	Output phase fault	int32	- 2147483648~21474 83647	RW	NO	12933	1	Immediate activate
	0F _h	ProfileCalcFault	Curve planning calculation error	int32	- 2147483648~21474 83647	RW	NO	67208725	1	Immediate activate
	10 _h	ProfilePosTargetOverflow	Target position overflow	int32	- 2147483648~21474 83647	RW	NO	99862	1	Immediate activate
	11 _h	ProfileParaTooSmall	Curve planning parameter too small	int32	- 2147483648~21474 83647	RW	NO	83985943	1	Immediate activate
200F_h (Encoder Parameter)	0A _h	Functional detection of multi-turn absolute value encoders	Functional detection of multi-turn absolute value encoders	int32	-2147483648~2147 483647	RO	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	0B _h	Battery voltage of multi- turn encoder	Battery voltage of multi-turn encoder	int32	-2147483648~2147 483647	RO	NO	0	mv	Stop activate

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access-ability	Mapp-ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
	0C _h	Calibration instructions for multi-turn encoders	Calibration instructions for multi-turn encoders	int32	-2147483648~2147483647	RW	NO	0	1	Immediate activate
	0D _h	The multi-turn encoder calibration has completed the detection command	The multi-turn encoder calibration has completed the detection command	int32	-2147483648~2147483647	RO	NO	0	1	Immediate activate
	0E _h	The absolute zero value A of the multi-turn absolute value encoder	The absolute zero value A of the multi-turn absolute value encoder	int32	-2147483648~2147483647	RW	NO	0	1	Immediate activate
	0F _h	The absolute zero value B of the multi-turn absolute value encoder	The absolute zero value B of the multi-turn absolute value encoder	int32	-2147483648~2147483647	RW	NO	0	1	Immediate activate
	01 _h	MultiPosRunMode	Multi-segment position operation	uint16	0~3	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
		Specific description: see chapter 6.16.4 for details								
	02 _h	PosRefProfileNum	Position command end segment number	uint16	1~16	RW	NO	1	1	Stop activate
		Detailed description: Set the total number of segments of the multi-segment position instruction								
	04 _h	MultiPosTimeUnit	Multi-segment position cycle times	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
		Detailed description: The number of cycles of multi-segment position operation mode 1 and 3								
	05 _h	DisplaceRefType	Position command type selection	uint16	0~1	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
		Detailed description: 0-relative displacement; 1-absolute displacement								
	06 _h	StartPosSequRunSelec	Multi-segment position cycle starting segment	uint16	0~16	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
		Detailed description: Multi-segment position starting mode is 1 and 3								

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access- ibility	Mapp- ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
2011 _h (multi segment position function parameter)	07 _h	Displace1	1st stage displacement	int32	-2147483648~2147 483647	RW	NO	-1073741824	User unit	Stop activate
	08 _h	Displace1MaxSpeed	1st stage displacement maximum running speed	uint16	0~3000	RW	NO	1	rpm	Stop activate
	09 _h	Displace1AccelDecelTime	1st stage displacement acceleration / deceleration time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
		Detailed description: Set the time for the first stage of the multi-stage position to change from 0rpm to 1000rpm.								
	0A _h	Displace1DoneWaitTime	Waiting time after completion of the first stage of displacement	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
		Detailed description: After the first stage of the multi-stage position								
	0B _h	Displace2	2nd stage displacement	int32	-2147483648~2147 483647	RW	NO	-1073741824	User unit	Stop activate
	0C _h	Displace2MaxSpeed	2nd stage displacement maximum running speed	uint16	0~3000	RW	NO	1	rpm	Stop activate
	0D _h	Displace2AccelDecelTime	2nd stage displacement acceleration / deceleration time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	0E _h	Displace2DoneWaitTime	Waiting time after completion of the second stage displacement	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
2011 _h (multi segment position)	0F _h	Displace3	3rd stage displacement	int32	-2147483648~2147 483647	RW	NO	-1073741824	User unit	Stop activate
	10 _h	Displace3MaxSpeed	3rd stage displacement maximum running speed	uint16	0~3000	RW	NO	1	rpm	Stop activate

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access- ibility	Mapp- ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
function parameter) 2011 _h (multi segment position function parameter)	11 _h	Displace3AccelDecelTime	Stage 3 displacement acceleration / deceleration time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	12 _h	Displace3DoneWaitTime	Waiting time after the third stage displacement is completed	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	13 _h	Displace4	4th stage displacement	int32	-2147483648~2147 483647	RW	NO	-1073741824	User unit	Stop activate
	14 _h	Displace4MaxSpeed	4th stage displacement maximum running speed	uint16	0~3000	RW	NO	1	rpm	Stop activate
	15 _h	Displace4AccelDecelTime	4th stage displacement acceleration / deceleration time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	16 _h	Displace4DoneWaitTime	Waiting time after completion of the fourth stage displacement Step 5 displacement	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	17 _h	Displace5	5th stage displacement maximum running speed	int32	-2147483648~2147 483647	RW	NO	-1073741824	User unit	Stop activate
	18 _h	Displace5MaxSpeed	Stage 5 displacement acceleration / deceleration time	uint16	0~3000	RW	NO	1	rpm	Stop activate
	19 _h	Displace5AccelDecelTime	Stage 5 displacement acceleration / deceleration time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access- ibility	Mapp- ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
2011h (multi segment position function parameter)	1A _h	Displace5DoneWaitTime	Waiting time after completion of the 5th stage displacement	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	1B _h	Displace6	Step 6 displacement	int32	-2147483648~2147483647	RW	NO	-1073741824	User unit	Stop activate
	1C _h	Displace6MaxSpeed	6th stage displacement maximum running speed	uint16	0~3000	RW	NO	1	rpm	Stop activate
	1D _h	Displace6AccelDecelTime	6th stage displacement maximum running speed	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	1E _h	Displace6DoneWaitTime	Waiting time after completion of the 6th stage displacement	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	1F _h	Displace7	Step 7 displacement	int32	-2147483648~2147483647	RW	NO	-1073741824	User unit	Stop activate
	20 _h	Displace7MaxSpeed	7th stage displacement maximum running speed	uint16	0~3000	RW	NO	1	rpm	Stop activate
	21 _h	Displace7AccelDecelTime	7th stage displacement acceleration / deceleration time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	22 _h	Displace7DoneWaitTime	Waiting time after completion of the 7th displacement	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	23 _h	Displace8	8th stage displacement	int32	-2147483648~2147483647	RW	NO	-1073741824	User unit	Stop activate
	24 _h	Displace8MaxSpeed	8th stage displacement maximum running speed	uint16	0~3000	RW	NO	1	rpm	Stop activate

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access- ibility	Mapp- ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
2011h (multi segment position function parameter)	25 _h	Displace8AccelDecelTime	8th stage displacement acceleration / deceleration time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	26 _h	Displace8DoneWaitTime	Waiting time after completion of the 8th stage displacement	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	27 _h	Displace9	Step 9 displacement	int32	-2147483648~2147 483647	RW	NO	-1073741824	User unit	Stop activate
	28 _h	Displace9MaxSpeed	9th stage displacement maximum running speed	uint16	0~3000	RW	NO	1	rpm	Stop activate
	29 _h	Displace9AccelDecelTime	9th stage displacement acceleration / deceleration time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	2A _h	Displace9DoneWaitTime	Waiting time after completion of the 9th displacement	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	2B _h	Displace10	Step 10 displacement	int32	-2147483648~2147 483647	RW	NO	-1073741824	User unit	Stop activate
	2C _h	Displace10MaxSpeed	10th stage displacement maximum running speed	uint16	0~3000	RW	NO	1	rpm	Stop activate
	2D _h	Displace10AccelDecelTime	10th stage displacement acceleration / deceleration time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	2E _h	Displace10DoneWaitTime	Waiting time after completion of the 10th shift	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access- ibility	Mapp- ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
2011h (multi segment position function parameter)	2F _h	Displace11	Step 11 Displacement	int32	-2147483648~2147 483647	RW	NO	-1073741824	User unit	Stop activate
	30 _h	Displace11MaxSpeed	Maximum operating speed of the 11th displacement	uint16	0~3000	RW	NO	1	rpm	Stop activate
	31 _h	Displace11AccelDecelTime	11th stage displacement acceleration / deceleration time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	32 _h	Displace11DoneWaitTime	Wait time after completion of the 11th shift	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	33 _h	Displace12	Step 12 displacement	int32	-2147483648~2147 483647	RW	NO	-1073741824	User unit	Stop activate
	34 _h	Displace12MaxSpeed	12th stage displacement maximum running speed	uint16	0~3000	RW	NO	1	rpm	Stop activate
	35 _h	Displace12AccelDecelTime	12th stage displacement acceleration / deceleration time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	36 _h	Displace12DoneWaitTime	Waiting time after the 12th displacement is completed	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	37 _h	Displace13	Step 13 displacement	int32	-2147483648~2147 483647	RW	NO	-1073741824	User unit	Stop activate
	38 _h	Displace13MaxSpeed	13th stage displacement maximum running speed	uint16	0~3000	RW	NO	1	rpm	Stop activate
	39 _h	Displace13AccelDecelTime	13th stage displacement acceleration / deceleration time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access-ability	Mapp-ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
2011h (multi segment position function parameter)	3Ah	Displace13DoneWaitTime	Waiting time after completion of the 13th displacement	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	3Bh	Displace14	14th stage displacement	int32	-2147483648~2147483647	RW	NO	-1073741824	User unit	Stop activate
	3Ch	Displace14MaxSpeed	14th stage displacement maximum running speed	uint16	0~3000	RW	NO	1	rpm	Stop activate
	3Dh	Displace14AccelDecelTime	14th stage displacement acceleration / deceleration time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	3Eh	Displace14DoneWaitTime	Waiting time after the 14th stage displacement is completed	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	3Fh	Displace15	Step 15 Displacement	int32	-2147483648~2147483647	RW	NO	-1073741824	User unit	Stop activate
	40h	Displace15MaxSpeed	15th stage displacement maximum running speed	uint16	0~3000	RW	NO	1	rpm	Stop activate
	41h	Displace15AccelDecelTime	15th stage displacement acceleration / deceleration time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	42h	Displace15DoneWaitTime	Waiting time after completion of the 15th displacement	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	43h	Displace16	16th stage displacement	int32	-2147483648~2147483647	RW	NO	-1073741824	User unit	Stop activate

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access-ability	Mapp-ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
2011h (multi segment position function parameter)	44 _h	Displace16MaxSpeed	16th stage displacement maximum running speed	uint16	0~3000	RW	NO	1	rpm	Stop activate
	45 _h	Displace16AccelDecelTime	16th stage displacement acceleration / deceleration time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	46 _h	Displace16DoneWaitTime	Waiting time after the 16th stage displacement is completed	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	01 _h	MultiSpeedRunMode	Multi-step speed instruction operation mode	uint16	0~2	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access- ibility	Mapp- ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
2012h (multi segment speed function parameter)		Specific description: see chapter 6.17.4 for details								
	02h	SpeedRefProfileNum	Speed command end segment selection	uint16	0~16	RW	NO	1	1	Stop activate
	03h	MultiSpeedTimeUnit	Multi-stage speed cycle times	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	0C _h	SpeedRef1	1st speed command	int16	0~3000	RW	NO	-6000	rpm	Stop activate
	0D _h	SpeedRef1RunTime	The first instruction run time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	0E _h	SpeedRef1AccelDecelTime	1st stage acceleration / deceleration time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	0F _h	SpeedRef2	2nd instruction	int16	0~3000	RW	NO	-6000	rpm	Stop activate
	10 _h	SpeedRef2RunTime	2nd instruction run time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	11 _h	SpeedRef2AccelDecelTime	2nd stage acceleration / deceleration time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	12 _h	SpeedRef3	Paragraph 3	int16	0~3000	RW	NO	-6000	rpm	Stop activate
	13 _h	SpeedRef3RunTime	3rd instruction run time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	14 _h	SpeedRef3AccelDecelTime	4th Stage acceleration / deceleration time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	15 _h	SpeedRef4	4th Instruction	int16	0~3000	RW	NO	-6000	rpm	Stop activate
	16 _h	SpeedRef4RunTime	4th Section Instruction Run Time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	17 _h	SpeedRef4AccelDecelTime	4th acceleration / deceleration time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	18 _h	SpeedRef5	5th Instruction	int16	0~3000	RW	NO	-6000	rpm	Stop activate
	19 _h	SpeedRef5RunTime	5th Instruction Run Time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	1A _h	SpeedRef5AccelDecelTime	5th Instruction acceleration and deceleration time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access-ability	Mapp-ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
2012h (multi segment speed function parameter)	1B _h	SpeedRef6	6th Instruction	int16	0~3000	RW	NO	-6000	rpm	Stop activate
	1C _h	SpeedRef6RunTime	6th Instruction Run Time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	1D _h	SpeedRef6AccelDecelTime	6th Instruction acceleration and deceleration time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	1E _h	SpeedRef7	7th Instruction	int16	0~3000	RW	NO	-6000	rpm	Stop activate
	1F _h	SpeedRef7RunTime	7th Instruction Run Time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	20 _h	SpeedRef7AccelDecelTime	7th Instruction acceleration and deceleration time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	21 _h	SpeedRef8	8th Instruction	int16	0~3000	RW	NO	-6000	rpm	Stop activate
	22 _h	SpeedRef8RunTime	8th Instruction Run Time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	23 _h	SpeedRef8AccelDecelTime	8th Instruction acceleration and deceleration time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	24 _h	SpeedRef9	9th Instruction	int16	0~3000	RW	NO	-6000	rpm	Stop activate
	25 _h	SpeedRef9RunTime	9th Instruction Run Time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	26 _h	SpeedRef9AccelDecelTime	9th Instruction acceleration and deceleration time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	27 _h	SpeedRef10	10th Instruction	int16	0~3000	RW	NO	-6000	rpm	Stop activate
	28 _h	SpeedRef10RunTime	10th Instruction Run Time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	29 _h	SpeedRef10AccelDecelTime	10th Instruction acceleration and deceleration time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	2A _h	SpeedRef11	11th Instruction	int16	0~3000	RW	NO	-6000	rpm	Stop activate
	2B _h	SpeedRef11RunTime	11th Instruction Run Time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	2C _h	SpeedRef11AccelDecelTime	11th Instruction acceleration and deceleration time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	2D _h	SpeedRef12	12th Instruction	int16	0~3000	RW	NO	-6000	rpm	Stop activate
	2E _h	SpeedRef12RunTime	12th Instruction Run Time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access-ability	Mapp-ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
2012h (multi segment speed function parameter)	2F _h	SpeedRef12AccelDecelTime	12th Instruction acceleration and deceleration time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	30 _h	SpeedRef13	13th Instruction	int16	0~3000	RW	NO	-6000	rpm	Stop activate
	31 _h	SpeedRef13RunTime	13th Instruction Run Time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	32 _h	SpeedRef13AccelDecelTime	13th Instruction acceleration and deceleration time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	33 _h	SpeedRef14	14th Instruction	int16	0~3000	RW	NO	-6000	rpm	Stop activate
	34 _h	SpeedRef14RunTime	14th Instruction Run Time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	35 _h	SpeedRef14AccelDecelTime	14th Instruction acceleration and deceleration time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	36 _h	SpeedRef15	15th Instruction	int16	0~3000	RW	NO	-6000	rpm	Stop activate
	37 _h	SpeedRef15RunTime	15th Instruction Run Time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	38 _h	SpeedRef15AccelDecelTime	15th Instruction acceleration and deceleration time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	39 _h	SpeedRef16	16th Instruction	int16	0~3000	RW	NO	-6000	rpm	Stop activate
	3A _h	SpeedRef16RunTime	16th Instruction Run Time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
	3B _h	SpeedRef16AccelDecelTime	16th Instruction acceleration and deceleration time	uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	ms	Stop activate
2012h (multi segment speed)										

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access- ibility	Mapp- ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
function parameter)										
2017 _h (Virtual Input Terminal parameters)	01 _h	VDI1FunSelec		uint16	0~45	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
		Description:See Section7.1 for details								
	02 _h	VDI1LogicSelec		uint16	0~1	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
		Description:See Section7.1 for details								
	03 _h	VDI2FunSelec		uint16	0~45	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	04 _h	VDI2LogicSelec		uint16	0~1	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	05 _h	VDI3FunSelec		uint16	0~45	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	06 _h	VDI3LogicSelec		uint16	0~1	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	07 _h	VDI4FunSelec		uint16	0~45	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	08 _h	VDI4LogicSelec		uint16	0~1	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	09 _h	VDI5FunSelec		uint16	0~45	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	0A _h	VDI5LogicSelec		uint16	0~1	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	0B _h	VDI6FunSelec		uint16	0~45	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	0C _h	VDI6LogicSelec		uint16	0~1	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	0D _h	VDI7FunSelec		uint16	0~45	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	0E _h	VDI7LogicSelec		uint16	0~1	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	0F _h	VDI8FunSelec		uint16	0~45	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	10 _h	VDI8LogicSelec		uint16	0~1	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	11 _h	VDI9FunSelec		uint16	0~45	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	12 _h	VDI9LogicSelec		uint16	0~1	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	13 _h	VDI10FunSelec		uint16	0~45	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	14 _h	VDI10LogicSelec		uint16	0~1	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	15 _h	VDI11FunSelec		uint16	0~45	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access-ability	Mapp-ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
	16 _h	VDI11LogicSelec		uint16	0~1	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	17 _h	VDI12FunSelec		uint16	0~45	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	18 _h	VDI12LogicSelec		uint16	0~1	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	19 _h	VDI13FunSelec		uint16	0~45	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	1A _h	VDI13LogicSelec		uint16	0~1	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	1B _h	VDI14FunSelec		uint16	0~45	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	1C _h	VDI14LogicSelec		uint16	0~1	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	1D _h	VDI15FunSelec		uint16	0~45	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	1E _h	VDI15LogicSelec		uint16	0~1	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	1F _h	VDI16FunSelec		uint16	0~45	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
	20 _h	VDI16LogicSelec		uint16	0~1	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
2031 _h (Communication Given Servo Related Variables)	01 _h	VDI_VirtualLevelCommSet		uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
		Description: bit (n) = 1 in 2031 _h :01 _h means VDI (n + 1) is high-level; bit (n) = 0 means VDI (n + 1) is low-level								
	02 _h	DoStateCommSet		uint16	0~65535	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
		description: when the logical selection in 2004 _h is positive, if 2031 _h : 02 _h = 1, Do output high-level, if 2031 _h : 02 _h = 0, Do output low-level; when the logic selection in 2004 _h is negative, if 2031 _h : 02 _h = 1, Do output low-level; if 2031 _h : 02 _h = 0, Do output high-level								

10.3 Sub-protocol Definition Parameter Group 6000_h Description

Table 10-7

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access- ibility	Mapp- ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
603F _h	00 _h	Error Code	See section 9.1 for details	uint16	0~65535	RO	TPDO	0	-	-
6040 _h	00 _h	Control word	Control word	uint16	0~65535	RW	RPDO	0	1	Stop activate
6041 _h	00 _h	Status word	Status word	uint16	0~65535	RO	TPDO	0	1	-
6042 _h	00 _h	VI target velocity	Target velocity in VM mode	int16	-3000~3000	RW	RPDO	0	1rpm	Stop activate
6043 _h	00 _h	VI velocity demand	Velocity demand in VM	int16	-3000~3000	RO	RPDO	0	1rpm	-
6044 _h	00 _h	vl velocity actual value	Actual speed in VM mode	int16	-32768~32767	RO	TPDO	0	1rpm	-
6046 _h	01 _h	VI velocity min amount	VM mode speed min.	uint32	0~3000	RW	RPDO	10	1rpm	Stop activate
	02 _h	VI velocity max amount	VM mode speed maximum	uint32	0~3000	RW	RPDO	3000	1rpm	Stop activate
6048 _h	01 _h	delta speed	Acceleration in VM=delta	uint32	0~4294967295	RW	RPDO	500	1rpm	Stop activate
	02 _h	delta time	speed/delta time	uint16	1~65535	RW	RPDO	1	1s	Stop activate
6049 _h	01 _h	delta speed	Deceleration in VM=delta	uint32	0~4294967295	RW	RPDO	500	1rpm	Stop activate
	02 _h	delta time	speed/delta time	uint16	1~65535	RW	RPDO	1	1s	Stop activate
604A _h	01 _h	delta speed	Braking acceleration in VM=delta	uint32	0~4294967295	RW	RPDO	800	1rpm	Stop activate
	02 _h	delta time	speed/delta time	uint16	1~65535	RW	RPDO	1	1s	Stop activate
604C _h	01 _h	vl dimension factor numerator	Scaling factor in VM	int32	- 2147483648~2147 483647	RW	RPDO	0	1	Stop activate
	02 _h	vl dimension factor denominator		int32	- 2147483648~2147 483647	RW	RPDO	0	1	Stop activate
Sub index 1 contains the numerator (multiplier) used to calculate speed, and sub index 2 contains the denominator (divisor). Speed unit: rpm * sub index 1 / sub index 2. For example, if sub index 1 is set to 2 and sub index 2 is set to 1, then speed unit: 2rpm. If any of the sub indexes 1 and 2 is 0, the speed unit is rpm.										

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access- ibility	Mapp- ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
605A _h	00 _h	Quick stop option code	See section 4.1.4 for details	int16	0~2	RW	NO	2	1	Stop activate
605D _h	00 _h	Halt option code	See section 4.1.4 for details	int16	1~2	RW	NO	1	1	Stop activate
605E _h	00 _h	Fault reaction option code	See section 4.1.4 for details	int16	0~2	RO	NO	0	1	Stop activate
6060 _h	00 _h	ModeOperation	See section 6.1 for details	int8	0~10	RW	RPDO	1	1	Stop activate
6061 _h	00 _h	Modes of operation display	See section 6.2 for details	int8	0~10	RO	TPDO	1	1	-
6062 _h	00 _h	Position demand value	Position instruction value in effect inside the controller	int32	- 2147483648~2147483647	RO	TPDO	0	User unit	-
6063 _h	00 _h	Position actual encoder value		int32	- 2147483648~2147483647	RO	TPDO	0	编码器 单位	-
6064 _h	00 _h	Position actual user value		int32	- 2147483648~2147483647	RO	TPDO	0	User unit	-
Description: position feedback 6064 _h × gear ratio (6091 _h) = position feedback 6063 _h										
6065 _h	00 _h	Following error Window		uint32	0~4294967295	RW	RPDO	50	User unit	Stop activate
Description: when the position deviation exceeds ± 6065 _h and the duration time reaches 6066 _h , Tracking error is triggered										
6066 _h	00 _h	Following error time out		uint16	0~65535	RW	RPDO	30000	1ms	Stop activate
Description: when the position deviation exceeds ± 6065 _h and the duration time reaches 6066 _h , Tracking error is triggered										
6067 _h	00 _h	Position Window		uint32	0~4294967295	RW	RPDO	10	User unit	Stop activate
Description: when the position deviation exceeds ± 6067 _h and the duration reaches 6068 _h , Target position is reached.Bit10 of status word 6041 _h =1 in position mode										
6068 _h	00 _h	Position Window time		uint16	0~65535	RW	RPDO	5	1ms	Stop activate
Description: when the position deviation exceeds ± 6067 _h and the duration reaches 6068 _h , Target position is reached.Bit10 of status word 6041 _h =1 in position mode										
6069 _h	00 _h	Velocity sensor actual value		int32	- 2147483648~2147483647	RO	TPDO	0	User unit/s	-

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access-ability	Mapp-ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
606B _h	00 _h	Velocity demand value	Velocity instruction value in effect inside the controller	int32	- 2147483648~2147483647	RO	TPDO	0	User unit/s	-
606C _h	00 _h	Velocity actual value	Current velocity actual value feedback	int32	- 2147483648~2147483647	RO	TPDO	0	rpm	-
606D _h	00 _h	Velocity Window		uint16	0~65535	RW	RPDO	500	rpm	Stop activate
		Description: when the difference between the target speed in 60FF _h (converted into motor speed rpm) and the actual speed of the motor is within ± 606D, and the duration time reaches 606E _h , means that the speed is reached, and the bit10 in status word 6041 _h = 1								
606E _h	00 _h	Velocity Window time		uint16	0~65535	RW	RPDO	5	ms	Stop activate
		Description: when the difference between the target speed in 60FF _h (converted into motor speed rpm) and the actual speed of the motor is within ± 606D, and the duration time reaches 606E _h , means that the speed is reached, and the bit10 in status word 6010 _h = 1								
606F _h	00 _h	Velocity t _h res _h old	Threshold of 0° arrival	uint16	0~65535	RW	RPDO	5	User unit/s	Stop activate
		Description: the current speed is under 6069 _h within ± 606F _h , and the duration time reaches 6070 _h , means that the speed is 0, and the bit12 in status word 6041 _h = 1								
6070 _h	00 _h	Velocity t _h res _h old time	Time window when 0° arrival	uint16	0~65535	RW	RPDO	5	ms	Stop activate
		Description: the current speed is under 6069 _h within ± 606F, and the duration time reaches 6070 _h , means that the speed is 0, and the bit12 in status word 6041 _h = 1								
6071 _h	00 _h	Target torque		int16	-1000~1000	RW	RPDO	0	0.10%	Stop activate
		Description: 100.0% corresponds to 1 times of motor rated torque								
6072 _h	00 _h	Max torque		uint16	0~2000	RW	RPDO	1000	0.10%	Stop activate
6073 _h	00 _h	Max current		uint16	0~2000	RW	NO	1500	0.10%	Stop activate
6074 _h	00 _h	Torque demand value	Torque instruction, reflecting the input torque command in the Enable state	int16	-32768~32767	RO	TPDO	0	0.10%	-
6075 _h	00 _h	Motor rated current		uint32	0~11700	RW	RPDO	11700	0.001A	Stop activate
6076 _h	00 _h	Motor rate torque		uint32	0~1270	RW	RPDO	1270	0.01N.m	Stop activate

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access- ibility	Mapp- ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
6077 _h	00 _h	Torque actual value		int16	-32768~32767	RO	TPDO	-	0.10%	-
6078 _h	00 _h	Current actual value		int16	-32768~32767	RO	TPDO	-	0.01A	-
607A _h	00 _h	Target position		int32	-2147483648~ 2147483647	RW	RPDO	0	User unit	Stop activate
607B _h	01 _h	MinPosRangLimt		int32	-2147483648~ 2147483647	RW	RPDO	-1048576	User unit	Stop activate
	02 _h	MaxPosRangLimt		int32	-2147483648~ 2147483647	RW	RPDO	1048576	User unit	Stop activate
607C _h	00 _h	Home offset		int32	-2147483648~ 2147483647	RW	RPDO	0	User unit	Stop activate
		Description: set the physical position where the mechanical home position deviates from the motor home position in the Homing mode; when the homing operation is completed, takes effect when bit15= 1 in status word 6041 _h								
607D _h	01 _h	MinPosLimt		int32	-2147483648~ 2147483647	RW	RPDO	-65535	User unit	Stop activate
	02 _h	MaxPosLimt		int32	-2147483648~ 2147483647	RW	RPDO	65535	User unit	Stop activate
607E _h	00 _h	Polarity	See section 4.1.4 for details	uint8	0~255	RW	NO	0	1	Stop activate
607F _h	00 _h	Max profile velocity		uint32	0~500000	RW	RPDO	500000	User unit/s	Stop activate
6080 _h	00 _h	Max motor speed		uint32	0~4000	RW	RPDO	4000	rpm	Stop activate
6081 _h	00 _h	Profile velocity		uint32	0~500000	RW	RPDO	500000	User unit/s	Stop activate
		Description: set the uniform speed in this position command section of the Profile position mode,								
6082 _h	00 _h	End velocity		uint32	0~500000	RW	RPDO	0	User unit/s	Stop activate

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access- ibility	Mapp- ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
6083 _h	00 _h	Profile acceleration		uint32	0~4294967295	RW	RPDO	409600	User unit/s ²	Stop activate
6084 _h	00 _h	Profile deceleration		uint32	0~4294967295	RW	RPDO	409600	User unit/s ²	Stop activate
6085 _h	00 _h	Quick Stop deceleration		uint32	0~4294967295	RW	RPDO	500000	User unit/s ²	Stop activate
6086 _h	00 _h	Motion profile type		int16	0~3	RW	RPDO	3	1	Stop activate
		Description: set the curve type of motor position command or speed command. 0 ~ linear, 3 ~ s curve								
6087 _h	00 _h	Torque slope		uint32	0~4294967295	RW	RPDO	10	0.10%	Stop activate
		Description: set the torque command acceleration under position torque mode, which means: torque command increments per second								
6088 _h	00 _h	Torque profile type		int16	0~2	RW	RPDO	0	1	Stop activate
		具体描述: 0-斜坡, 2-无斜坡								
608F _h	01 _h	Encoder increments		uint32	0~4294967295	RW	NO	10000	1	Stop activate
	02 _h	Motor revolutions		uint32	0~4294967295	RW	NO	1	1	Stop activate
	Description: used to set the turns of the motor corresponding to the encoder increment Resolution of position encoder= $\frac{\text{increment of encoder(608Fh: 01h)}}{\text{motor turns (608Fh: 02h)}}$									
6091 _h	01 _h	Motor revolutions	Transmission ratio	uint32	0~4294967295	RW	NO	1	1	Stop activate
	02 _h	Shaft revolutions		uint32	0~4294967295	RW	NO	1	1	Stop activate
	Description: it is used to establish the proportional relationship between the load axis displacement and the motor axis displacement specified by the user. See Section 5.2 for details									
6098 _h	00 _h	Homing method	See section 6.7.4 for details	int8	17~30	RW	RPDO	20	1	Stop activate
6099 _h	01 _h	Speed during search for switch	(high speed)	uint32	0~4294967295	RW	RPDO	10000	User unit/s	Stop activate
	02 _h	Speed during search for zero	(low speed)	int32	-2147483648~ 2147483647	RW	RPDO	2730	User unit/s	Stop activate

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access- ibility	Mapp- ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
609A _h	00 _h	Homing acceleration		uint32	0~4294967295	RW	RPDO	409600	User unit/s	Stop activate
60A3 _h	00 _h	Profile jerk use	Number of position jerk applications, This device only uses 60A4 _h :01 _h and 60A4 _h :02 _h	Usint8	2	RW	RPDO	2	1	Stop activate
60A4 _h	01 _h	Profile jerk 1		uint32	0~4294967295	RW	NO	50000	User unit/s ²	Stop activate
	02 _h	Profile jerk 2		uint32	0~4294967295	RW	NO	50000	User unit/s ²	Stop activate
60B0 _h	00 _h	Position offset		int32	-2147483648~ 2147483647	RW	RPDO	0	User unit	Stop activate
		Description: set the servo position command offset in the Cyclic sync position mode, after the offset: Servo target velocity = 607A _h +60B0 _h								
60B1 _h	00 _h	Velocity offset		int32	-2147483648~ 2147483647	RW	NO	0	User unit	Stop activate
		Description: set the servo velocity command offset in the Cyclic sync velocity mode, after the offset: Servo target velocity = 60FF _h +60B1 _h								
60B2 _h	00 _h	Torque offset		int32	-2147483648~ 2147483647	RW	RPDO	0	User unit	Stop activate
		Description: set the servo torque command offset in the Cyclic sync torque mode, after the offset: Servo target torque = 6071 _h + 60B2 _h								
60C1 _h	01 _h	Interpolation data record		int32	-2147483648~ 2147483647	RW	RPDO	0	User unit	Stop activate
60C2 _h	01 _h	Interpolation time period value		uint8	0~255	RW	RPDO	20	s	Stop activate
	02 _h	Interpolation time index		Int8	-128~127	RW	NO	-1	1	Stop activate
Description: interpolation period = t×10 ⁿ seconds										

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access- ibility	Mapp- ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
60C5 _h	00 _h	Max acceleration		uint32	0~4294967295	RW	RPDO	500000	User unit/s ²	Stop activate
60C6 _h	00 _h	Max deceleration		uint32	0~4294967295	RW	RPDO	500000	User unit/s ²	Stop activate
60F2 _h	00 _h	Positioning option code		uint16	0~2	RW	RPDO	0	1	Stop activate
		Description as follow:								
		Bit1	Bit0	Description:						
		0	0	Relative position shift, relative to the target position (607A _h)						
		0	1	Relative position shift, relative to the position command (60FC _h)						
		1	0	Relative position shift, relative to the position command (6064 _h)						
60F4 _h	00 _h	Following error actual value		int32	-2147483648~ 2147483647	RO	TPDO	0	User unit	-
60FA _h	00 _h	Control effort	Output from regulator	int32	-2147483648~ 2147483647	RO	TPDO	0	User unit	-
60FC _h	00 _h	Position demand internal value		int32	-2147483648~ 2147483647	RO	TPDO	0	User unit	-
		Description:Position command (60FC _h)= Position command(6062 _h × Electronic gear ratio(6091 _h))								
60FD _h	00 _h	Input signal (DI signal) monitoring	Input signal (DI signal) monitoring	uint32	0~4294967295	RO	TPDO	0	1	-
60FE _h	01 _h	Physical output	Physical output	uint32	0~4294967295	RO	TPDO	0	1	-
	02 _h	Physical output enable	Physical output enable	uint32	0~4294967295	RO	TPDO	0	1	-
60FF _h	00 _h	Target velocity		int32	-2147483648~ 2147483647	RW	RPDO	0	User unit/s	Stop activate
		Description: set the speed command in the the Profile velocity mode and Cyclic sync velocity mode								
6502 _h	00 _h	Supported drive modes	Supported drive modes	uint32	0~4294967295	RO	NO	1023	1	-

Index	Sub-index	Name	Description	Data type	Data range	Access- ibility	Mapp- ability	Factory setting	Unit	Activate method
		15109876543210 reserved CST CSV CSP IP HM r PT PV VM PP MSBLSB Description: CST, CSV, CSP, IP, HM, PT, PV, VM, and PP bits: 1 = supported; 0 = not supported								

11 Version Information

Manual version	Date	Revision History
A	2026/4/15	Establishing

- The whole or part contents of this manual is prohibited from being reprinted or copied without authorization.
- Performance, specifications and appearance of products may change without prior notice due to improvements, please understand.
- We strive to make the contents of the manual as correct as possible. if you find any problems、 errors or omissions, please contact Beijing NiMotion Control Technology Co., Ltd.

Beijing NiMotion Control Technology Co., Ltd.
Building 3, yard 12,Jinxing Road, Daxing District, Beijing
Zip code: 102628
Tel: (010)60213882 Fax: (010)60213882
E-mail: nimotion@nimotion.com
<http://www.nimotion.com>